# Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

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# **Document Information**

Title: Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

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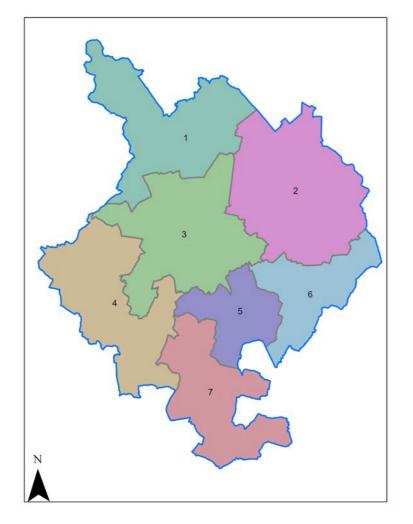
# **Document Information**

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# **1** Southern Huntingdonshire Area

- To assist in the navigation of site assessments, the district has been divided into several groups. 1.1 In total, there are seven groups, divided as follows and shown spatially in the below map.
  - Northern Huntingdonshire Stilton, Folksworth & Washingley; Yaxley wards 1.
  - North Eastern Huntingdonshire Ramsey; Somersham; Warboys wards 2.
  - Northern Central Huntingdonshire Alconbury; Sawtry; the Stukeleys wards 3.
  - Western Huntingdonshire Great Staughton; Kimbolton wards 4.
  - Central Huntingdonshire Brampton; Godmanchester & Hemingford Abbots; Huntingdon 5. wards
  - **Eastern Huntingdonshire** Fenstanton; Hemingford Grey & Houghton; 6. Holywell-cum-Needingworth; St Ives wards
  - 7. Southern Huntingdonshire Buckden; Great Paxton; St Neots wards

### Map 1.1 Huntingdonshire site assessment groupings



- This document sets out the site assessments for the sites located within 1.2 'Southern Huntingdonshire'. This grouping consists of Buckden; Great Paxton; and St Neots wards. The following bullet points list all the parishes that fall within this area and the number of sites assessed:
  - Abbotsley 6 sites •
  - Buckden 6 sites
  - Diddington 1 site
  - Great Gransden 4 sites
  - Great Paxton 4 sites
  - Little Paxton 2 sites •
  - Southoe and Midloe 2 sites
  - St Neots 8 sites
  - Toseland 0 sites
  - Waresley-cum-Tetworth 0 sites
  - Yelling 2 sites

# Southern Huntingdonshire Area 1

# 2 Important Notice on Site Status

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# **2 Important Notice on Site Status**

- 2.1 The National Planning Policy Framework requires local planning authorities to identify the future supply of land that is suitable, available and achievable for development. The purpose of this is to identify sites with potential for development, estimate the amount of development they could provide, assess whether the sites are suitable, available and achievable for particular uses and to identify timescales over which that development could be delivered.
- 2.2 The methodology for this Land Availability Assessment is strongly shaped by national guidance. The approach used for the assessments closely follows that set out in the National Planning Practice Guidance on Housing and Economic Land Availability Assessment. To ensure a fair process is used to assess sites, the policies from Huntingdonshire's Local Plan to 2036 are not taken into account. This is to allow for full exploration of future development strategy options. This approach affects the assessment of a site's suitability which focuses only on the constraints which directly affect it and their ability to be mitigated and does not take account of its location. The sustainability of each site's location will be considered in the Sustainability Appraisal. Outcomes of both the Land Availability Assessment and the Sustainability Appraisal will be used to inform development strategy options.
- 2.3 The Land Availability Assessment (LAA) is an evidence base document that informs preparation of the Local Plan Update. It does not allocate sites to be developed; this is the role of the Local Plan Update. Far more sites with potential for development are identified as appropriate to progress through to a more detailed sustainability appraisal than are expected to be needed for the Local Plan Update. This provides choices over the development strategy that may be followed in the Local Plan Update.
- 2.4 There will be multiple opportunities for people to provide comments on the sites included in this LAA. There will also be multiple opportunities for people to provide comments on the Sustainability Appraisal and any future development strategy and site allocations put forward through the Local Plan Update.

### Status of submitted sites

The inclusion of a site in this LAA does not in any way imply that planning permission would be granted for any form of development on it.

The assessment of suitability is a high level consideration of basic constraints affecting a site and the potential for mitigation to be put in place to overcome them. Suitability does not take into account any policies within Huntingdonshire's Local Plan to 2036 as national guidance does not support use of existing local policies in the assessment.

Sites are assessed using the boundaries submitted by the site promoter. Site boundaries may extend or reduce during consideration for allocation or within any future planning application. The Council's assessment of the capacity of a site to accommodate development is based on standard formulae set out within the Land Availability Assessment Methodology which reflect the nature of the proposed use and the appropriate density in the location. This is to allow for comparison of sites on a consistent basis and may differ from the site promoter's anticipated capacity.

The complexity of constraints affecting a site may vary over time, constraints may be resolved or additional constraints may arise. All of these may affect the potential suitability, achievability and capacity of a site.

### Relationship with the Sustainability Appraisal and other evidence

Site assessments in the LAA should be read in conjunction with their relevant Sustainability Appraisal to obtain a complete picture of the Council's initial consideration of the site.

Consideration of sites for proposed allocation for development will be supplemented by technical evidence including, but not limited to, that on flood risk, water supply, highway access and capacity, availability of public transport and active travel infrastructure, health, social and community infrastructure capacity and viability.

Outcomes of the Sustainability Appraisal and other relevant evidence will be taken into account alongside the outcomes of the Land Availability Assessment when considering sites for potential allocation.

# 3 How to read the site assessments

- This page provides a short guide to the format of the site assessments to help with understanding 3.1 their purpose. It breaks down each of the key elements of the assessments and explains key definitions and acronyms. The <u>full methodology</u> is available in a separate document.
- 3.2 Many of the terms used in the assessment are based on definitions and approaches set out in the National Planning Policy Framework. However, as the fist version of the Land Availability Assessment is being completed before any Viability Assessment of the sites has been done the definitions of deliverability and developability have been adapted to reflect this. The definition of suitability has also been adapted to only reflect direct constraints and their ability to be mitigated and does not take account of locational issues in terms of the appropriateness for further development of either the individual site or the settlement which it is in or near to.
- The document is split into chapters based on parish areas. Each parish (or chapter) contains the 3.3 assessments for all sites identified to the Council either through the call for sites consultation or through the desktop review of sites.

### Key definitions 3.4

- Availability has the site been put forward for development by a willing landowner and is it free from legal constraints that might stop it being developed
- Achievability is there a reasonable prospect that the particular type(s) of development • proposed will be developed on the site
- Capacity the amount of development that can be accommodated on a piece of land **Deliverability** - is the proposed development suitable, available and achievable and can development start to be delivered within five years
- •
- Density a calculation of the number of dwellings or building floor space divided by the net developable area of land that they occupy
- **Developability** is there a reasonable prospect of the site being available and achievable ٠ at a known time beyond the next 5 years
- Greenfield land a site that has not been previously built on •
- Gross developable area the whole site area
- Net developable area the area which will be used for housing, employment, retail and • other built development and directly related uses that serve the development
- Previously developed land (also referred to as brownfield land) land which is or was • occupied by a permanent structure. It excludes land used for: residential gardens, agricultural or forestry buildings, for minerals extraction or waste disposal. It also excludes land that was previously developed but where the remains of the permanent structure or fixed surface structure have blended into the landscape or been revegetated
- Suitability can the site be physically developed for the proposed use(s) in terms of constraints affecting the site and the possibility of overcoming them

### Key acronyms

- CfS Call for Sites
- **Dph** Dwelling per hecatre •
- HA hectares
- LAA Land Availability Assessment •
- PDL Previously Developed Land ٠
- SA Sustainability Appraisal

# How to read the site assessments 3

### 3 How to read the site assessments

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**3.5** The assessment of each site consists of several sections, each is detailed below:

**Site details** - includes the site reference and site name, its address, parish(es) that the site is located within and the size of the site in hectares.

**Promoter's intentions** - includes the promoter's stated development uses, capacity and delivery timeframes - this information is taken from the Call for Sites form.

**Core information** - includes the call for site reference number, the type of land the site is and what it is currently used for. It also identifies any relevant planning history and any supporting documentation submitted through the Call for Sites.

**Location plan** - each site will have a location plan which serves to locate the site within its immediate environs and identifies any constraints impacting the site. The colour outline of the site will be based on the uses it has been promoted for. A key (or legend) will be provided at the beginning of each parish chapter so that the constraints can be identified.

**Fundamental constraints** - this is the first step in assessing all sites. It assesses whether the site is affected by any of the key fundamental constraints of being grade 1 agricultural land, being in flood zone 3b, being a local green space, having a nature conservation designation, within a mineral development area or water recycling area, or is under the site threshold (over 0.25ha or large enough for at least 5 homes). If any of these apply to the site then it does not progress to a detailed assessment.

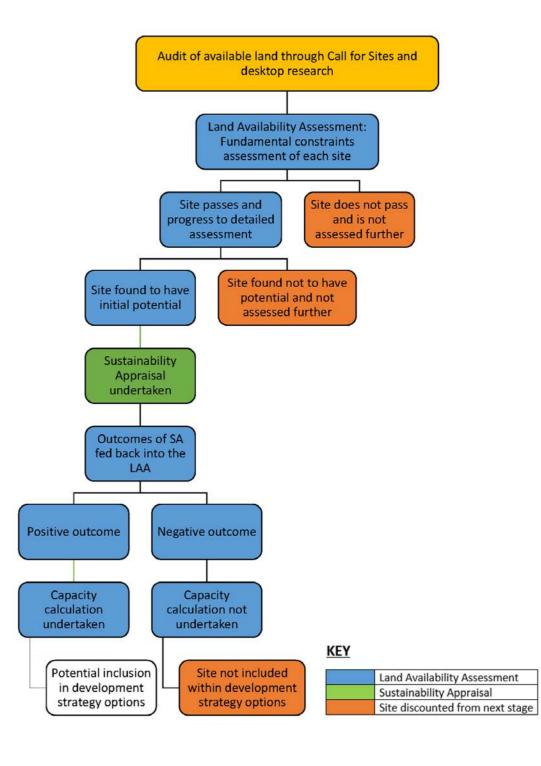
Assessment of site potential - if the site passes the fundamental constraints, it will then be assessed in detail looking at the suitability, availability, achievability and deliverability/ developability of the site. It utilises information from the Call for Sites submission as well as an assessment of constraints.

**Progression of site to SA** - this will either be a yes or no. If the site is not progressing to SA a short explanation will be provided. A site that is found to be unsuitable will not progress to SA.

**Impact of SA on assessment** - the site will then be appraised against the sites decision aiding questions set out in the SA scoping report - against each question, the site will acquire a score and a commentary explaining the score. The SA assessment will be presented in the SA but a summary of it will also be provided in the LAA.

**HDC delivery calculations** - taking into account the LAA assessment and the SA of the site, we will calculate an indicative capacity for the site and uses. This will be based on the methodology for net developable areas and density categories provided in the LAA methodology.

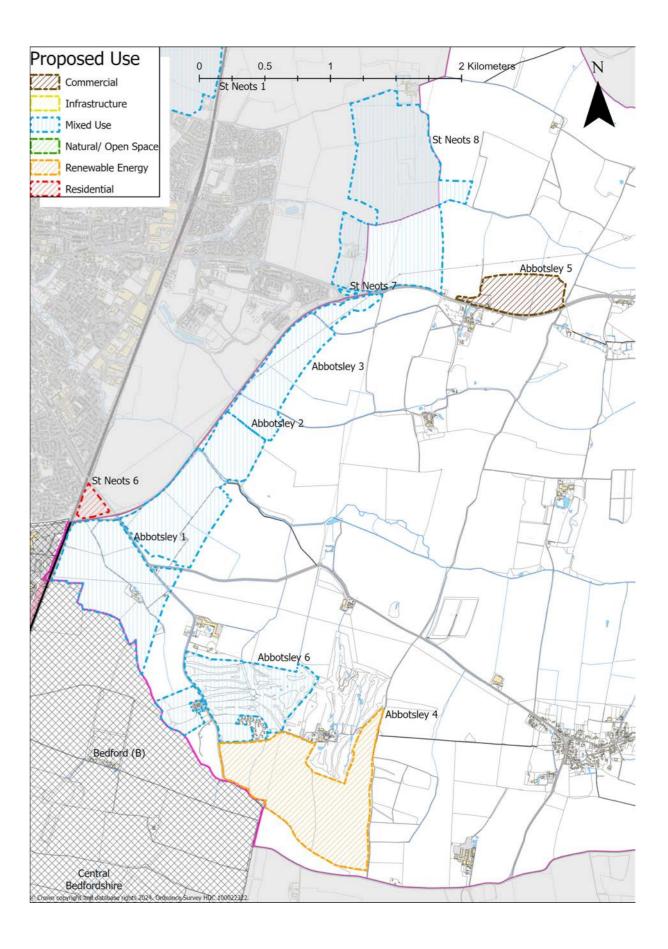
**Updates after initial assessment** - this is where any updates since the initial assessment will be included such as revised information from the site promoter or additional information which has become available that may impact the assessment.



### Site Assessment Process

# **1** Abbotsley

- 1.1 A total of 6 sites have been identified/ put forward through the desktop review or Call for Sites process. These are:
  - Abbotsley 1: Land at Potton Road (Rectory Farm), Eynesbury Hardwicke •
  - Abbotsley 2: Land East of Wintringham Park, St Neots •
  - Abbotsley 3: Land East of St Neots •
  - Abbotsley 4: Pear Tree Solar Farm, Abbotsley ٠
  - Abbotsley 5: North of Wintringham Hall, Cambridge Road, St Neots •
  - Abbotsley 6: Abbotsley Golf Club ٠
- Please note that 'St Neots 8: Land East of Loves Farm (Tithe Farm extension), St Neots' also 1.2 partially falls within Abbotsley parish, but it has been included under St Neots as most of the site lies within that parish area.



# Abbotsley 1

# 1 Abbotsley

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1.3 Each site plan shows any constraints that impact the site. These constraints are detailed in the opposite legend.



RoFSW\_Extent\_1in100\_HDC

RoFSW\_Extent\_1in1000\_HDC

2

# Hazards and Infrastructure

- Air Quality Management Area
  - Contaminated Land
  - **Overhead Line Towers**
  - **Overhead Line Routes**
- Gas Pipeline
- Gas Pipeline Buffer
- Pipeline (Oil)
- Pipeline (Oil) Buffer
- A428 Notification Area

- Tree Preseveration Order Points
- County Wildlife Lines
  - Bridleway
- Footpath
  - **Restricted Byway**
  - Ancient Woodland
  - Special Area of Conservation (SAC)
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Rivers
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Areas
  - Special Protection Area
  - National Nature Reserve (NNR)
  - Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)
  - Ramsar
  - Tree Preservation Order Areas

Flood Zone 3a Flood Zone 2

# Abbotsley 1: Land at Potton Road (Rectory Farm), Eynesbury Hardwicke

Site reference	Abbotsley 1
Site name	Land at Potton Road (Rectory Farm), Eynesbury Hardwicke

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land between current A428 and proposed new A421 road, west of Potton Road (B1046).	Abbotsley	53.0

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Pro	omoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Res	sidential:	Approximately 1100-1200 homes on 30 hectares,	Available 2024 - 2028
•	Market and/or affordable housing	average density 35-40 dph.	Build out over 9 - 10 years
Commercial:		Employment floorspace to be	
•	Employment	confirmed on up to 1.5 ha.	
•	Retail	Retail floorspace 1,100 sqm on 0.3 ha.	
Sup	oporting Infrastructure:		
•	Local community centre (if	Local community centre (if required) - 225 sqm on 0.2	
•	required) Primary school (if required)	ha.	
•	Health facilities (if required)	Primary School (if required)	
Ope	en spaces:	- 1.10 ha for 1 Form Entry, 1.8 ha for 2 form entry.	
•	Natural, green or open spaces	Health facilities (if required) -	
•	Biodiversity net gain opportunities	0.5 ha.	
		Natural, green or open	
		spaces for a variety of uses.	
		Approximately 18 -19 ha of green space and biodiversity net gain opportunities	

### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2
Relevant planning history	Application nu
	Proposed deve connect solar land involving Neots (extreme
	Outcome: App
	Development ( Planning - The Development ( Approval for 10 the Black Cat j
Land type	Part previously
Current use of the site	Agricultural
Supporting information	None

### Fundamental Constraints

Fundamental constraints	Status
Agricultural land grade 1	None
Flood zone 3b	None
Designated local green space	None
Nature conservation designation	None
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes

2023 submission: site reference – CfS:21

umber: 1401687FUL

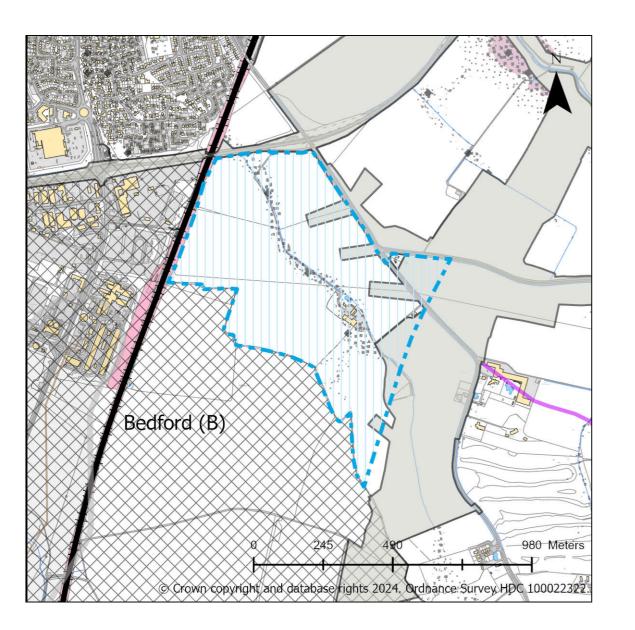
velopment: Laying of underground cable to farm to grid network and reinstatement of g land south of St Neots Bypass St ne northern edge of site only).

proved 14 Jan 2015

Consent Order - 2022 No. 934 Infrastructure ne A428 Black Cat to Caxton Gibbet Consent Order 2022 (made 18 Aug 2022). 10 mile two lane dual carriage way between t junction and Caxton Gibbet Junction.

ly developed land and part greenfield land

Outcome
Pass



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is located within flood zone 1; surface water flood risk runs through the centre of the site. There is a pond located in the southern half of the site. The site is wholly classified as grade 2 agricultural land. The site comprises mostly agricultural land, with some agricultural buildings (Rectory Farm), hard standings and access tracks and a small number of existing residential properties (in the landowner's control). The northern half of the site is flat rising gently towards the southern edge. The topography is consistent with the surrounding area and open countryside. The northern edge of the site is bounded by hedgerow and the A428 and the western edge by the railway line. There is sporadic tree planting within the site. Approximately 10.5 ha of the north western edge of the site (adjacent

to the railway line) is identified as part of the Great Ouse Green Infrastructure Strategic area which is also a Natural Cambridgeshire Priority Landscape Area (Great Ouse Valley). Biodiversity, landscape and environmental impacts of the site would need to be addressed. The landowner notes that the site may contribute to the landscape, wildlife, cultural and historic value of the area which can be met by incorporating the area into the site's strategic landscape and ecology strategy. Opportunities to connect to the potential Little Barford New Settlement green infrastructure strategy would be provided. The site can be clearly seen from the B1046 and Potton Road and is highly exposed in both the local landscape and in longer distance views from the north and east. Significant landscaping buffers would be required to mitigate impact of the development. There is no known pollution or contamination and no oil pipelines or associated buffer zones cross the site. However, a high pressure gas pipe line runs along the western boundary of the site. Electricity lines cross the site running west-east from Little Barford power station which is situated to the south west of the site. No known heritage assets are located within the site or nature conservation assets and there are no tree preservation orders affecting it. The portion of Strategic Expansion Location SEL2: St Neots East known as Wintringham Park is located to the north of the site and is currently under construction with some homes already occupied. The A428 and B1046 separate the submitted site and strategic expansion location making integration difficult to achieve until development on the southern end of SEL2 is complete. The site is currently isolated from other residential areas. The site also bounds the proposed Bedfordshire local plan allocation: Policy HOU Little Barford New Settlement, which is south west of the proposed site. At the time of assessment, the examination of the Bedfordshire Local Plan had been suspended and allocation of the proposed allocation (for 4,000 new homes with an estimated 3,800 to be delivered by 2040) is under question. Land within the proposed allocation had been set aside ('contingency land') for the potential East West Rail route, the station for which is anticipated to be in Tempsford, south of Little Barford. The proposed East West Rail route may separate the submitted site and proposed allocation meaning integration with this site may also be difficult to achieve. The site is not within a mineral safeguarding area or water recycling area. **Availability** The site is in single/ individual company control. Land is owned in Trust and development is supported by the landowners. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. It is unclear whether current residential uses on site would require relocation. + The site promoter states that it is the intention to gain allocation status and then sell the land to a third party for obtaining planning permission and development. The promoter suggests the land is available between 2024 and 2028 and delivery is likely to be multi-phased over a 9-10 year period.

### Achievability

The site promoter notes that gas supply is accessible from the site boundary and mains water and electricity supply and digital and telecommunications infrastructure are accessible within the site. Potton Road is accessible from the site boundary.

The northern and eastern edges of the site adjoin the A428 and the B1046 and the western edge parallels the East Coast mainline railway. Substantial noise mitigation measures will be required to ensure a high quality residential environment.

Portions of the eastern part of the site fall within the A428 Development Consent Order boundary potentially restricting development at least whilst construction is underway. Likewise the southern edge of the site bounds the proposed rerouting of the A428. Noise mitigation measures would be required to address this. The finalisation of the East West Rail route, if it is brought forward, may also have similar impacts (including vibrational) on the site and available land, but these are currently unknown. Air guality as a result of the new A428 (A421) and East West Rail may also impact upon the proposed site.

Two overhead powerline routes traverse the site from Little Barford power station which is located to the west of the site beyond the railway line. Mitigation would be required to relocate the powerlines underground, or mitigate their presence, which could impact viability of the site. Utility easements exist within the site; the site promoter anticipates incorporating them into any landscaping scheme.

Access to A and B road networks would provide good long term road connectivity and assist with the logistics of construction. Major infrastructure would be required to support development, such as schools, local services and green spaces/infrastructure. The presence of major roads would require further measures to safely integrate the community from the proposed site with the existing residential area of St Neots - for example foot and cycle bridges as there is no segregated footway or cycleway along the B1046 to allow connectivity into St Neots.

There are several existing residential properties that will need to be either integrated into any proposed scheme or demolished; as they are within the landowner's control these are not an impediment to achieving the site.

### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. Proximity to Little Barford power station and the East Coast mainline railway and proposed A428(A421) and East West Rail may impact on the scale, layout and mix of uses appropriate on the site and there are substantial constraints to overcome. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it. The site is categorised as developable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

### Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?

### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the asses

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the followin forward this site:

- The site is not constrained by fluvial flood risk but • centre of the site
- The site is predominantly greenfield and grade 2 •
- The site could relate well to Wintringam Park to th • to be integrated with the community.
- Integration with Bedford Local Plan allocation Poli • uncertain.
- There is potential for the East West Rail route to c • difficult to achieve.
- Impact on the countryside would be significant du • size
- Proximity to the new A428(A421) and potentially • of noise light, vibrational and visual pollution
- The site has opportunity to provide green space a •
- Access to the railway station is within reasonable d •
- The site proposes employment and retail uses an primary school and land for health facilities. These c benefit to the new community.
- The site is within 1km of 10 ha natural greenspace •

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indica

- May be appropriate for development in the long te • of the district and supporting sustainable place-m
- Major infrastructure would be required to support •
- In addition to housing, the site would provide oppo • a community centre, primary school and health fa
- Access to A and B road networks would provide of
- The presence of major roads would require furthe • and connect into St Neots
- Integration of existing residential properties may be required •

# Abbotslev 1

Yes

Jer	res			
ssment				
ng key	ng key issues and opportunities in bringing			
t surfa	ce water flood risk runs through the			
0	agricultural land. he north once complete having the potential			
licy H0	licy HOU Little Barford New Settlement is			
dissec	dissect the site meaning integration may be			
ue to t	he site's current isolated location and			
East V	Vest Rail could increase the likelihood			
and biodiversity net gain opportunities. distance, as is access to St Neots town centre.				
	nd could include a local community centre; could provide additional employment and social			
ce				
cate th	cate that the site:			
erm contributing to meeting the housing needs naking a development				
ortunities for employment, retail and proposes acilities if required				
good l	good long term road connectivity			
er mea	er measures to safely integrate the community			

# 1 Abbotsley

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- Mitigation would be required to relocate or integrate powerlines
- Biodiversity, landscape and environmental impacts of the site would need to be addressed

# HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 53ha 58.49% net developable area allowed as guided by the site submission following the exclusion for: • 2ha for primary school (2 Form Entry) • 0.5ha for health facility • 19ha for green infrastructure • 0.5ha for community centre 53ha x 58.49% = <b>31 ha</b>	<ul> <li>The net developable area is 31ha.</li> <li><b>0.5ha is deducted for retail</b></li> <li><b>3ha is deducted for retail</b></li> <li><b>3ha is deducted for commercial/ employment and retail uses</b></li> <li><b>27.5 ha residential development area</b> for a variety of market/affordable homes, self and custom build housing and specialist housing.</li> <li>Mixed densities to reflect a range of densities reflective of large developments.</li> <li>3% of land at very high density 145dph. 0.83ha x 145dph = 120 homes</li> <li>7% of land at high density 85dph. 1.93ha x 85dph = 164 homes</li> <li>25% of land at moderate density 50dph. 6.88ha x 50dph = 344 homes</li> <li>55% of land at low density 35dph. 15.13 ha x 35dph = 530 homes</li> <li>10% of land at very low density 25dph. 2.75ha x 10dph = 69 homes</li> </ul>	Post 2035 subject to allocation and further progress on Wintringham Park to facilitate integration and further certainty on the EastWest rail route and delivery if the scheme is confirmed. Build out expected to require more than 10 years.

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipa and capacity
	1,227 total hon Note: this calcul indicative and m subject to review certainty on the Eas tWest Rail forward which is into account in t

Updates after the Initial Assessment

pated uses	HDC's delivery estimate
omes	
culation is I may be iew if further ne prospects of il comes n is not taken n the above.	

### Abbotsley 2: Land East of Wintringham Park, St Neots

Site reference	Abbotsley 2
Site name	Land East of Wintringham Park, St Neots

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
East of Wintringham Park, south of the A428 and north of Potton Road (B1046)		54.47

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Land to safeguard against flooding - 5.06ha within the flood zone, minimum 15m to frontages of proposed dwellings. Approximate attenuation volume 11,879sqm Live/work hub and local shops - no capacity provided	Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
		flooding - 5.06ha within the flood zone, minimum 15m to frontages of proposed dwellings. Approximate attenuation volume 11,879sqm Live/work hub and local	

### information

I

How was the site identified?	Call CfS:
Relevant planning history	Appl
	Prop acce Broo new
	Outc
	Deve Infra Caxt (mac Iand junct
	A site differ (Dec of A4
Land type	Who
Current use of the site	Agric

for sites 2023 submission: site reference -:208

lication number: 23/01308/FUL

posed development: 2 new agricultural esses: one from the A428 (North of Hen ok) and one comprising a new arm from the A428 roundabout (South of Hen Brook)

come: Withdrawn

elopment Consent Order - 2022 No. 934 astructure Planning - The A428 Black Cat to kton Gibbet Development Consent Order 2022 ade 18 Aug 2022). Approval for 10 mile two dual carriage way between the Black Cat ction and Caxton Gibbet Junction.

te in the same location but of a slightly ering size was submitted in the HELAA cember 2017): East of Potton Road, South 428, St Neots (076)

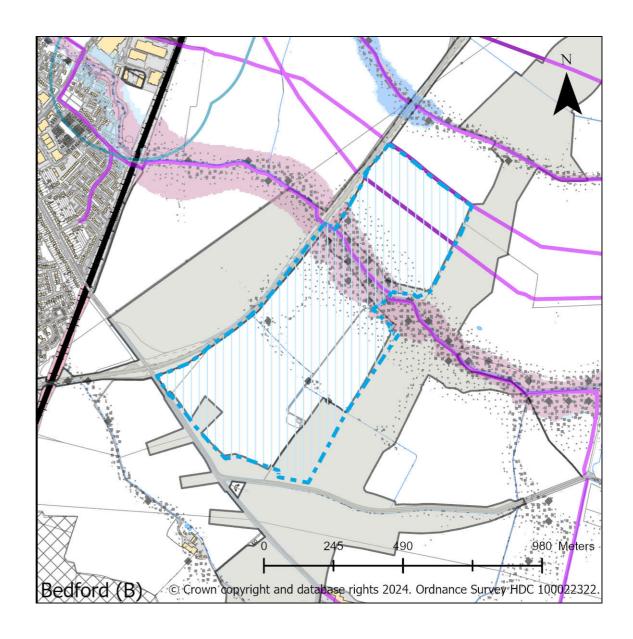
olly greenfield land

icultural land

Supporting information	1 - Site Location Plan
	2 - Masterplan
	3 - Constraints Plan
	4 - Landscape Baseline Report
	5 - Preliminary Flood Risk and Drainage
	Assessment to Inform Masterplan And
	6 - Desk-Based Heritage Assessment
	7 - Access Appraisal
	8 - Air quality Assessment
	9 - Noise Impact Assessment

### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	There is a veteran Elm tree on the north east boundary. No further nature conservation designations within the site.	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



### **Assessment of Site Potential**

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The majority of the site is in flood zone 1. Several minor watercourses and land drainage ditches are present within the site boundary. The presence of Hen Brook (which traverses the northern half of the site from east to west) means that some of the site is within flood zones 2 and 3a. The site is risk of flooding from surface water in association with Hen Brook and drainage ditches.

The site is wholly classified as grade 2 agricultural land which is in arable use. The landform slopes from both northern and southern edges down into the Hen Brook channel which traverses the site from west to east and forms the primary visual feature within the site.

~

The site is broadly consistent with the form of the wider landscape which slopes gently towards St Neots from higher land to the east with Abbotsley Brook following a similar path to Hen Brook only located to the north of the site.

To the north of Hen Brook the site is bounded by some hedgerows and trees; some also follow the line of Hen Brook across the site. The southern boundary has a few sporadic trees but the site can be clearly seen from the B1046 other than by a small copse of trees by the intersection of the B1046 and the A428. The eastern boundary is currently very open but will in time be formed by the rerouted A428 (A421). One public right of way traverses the northern half of the site (east to west) with a second on the northern boundary line. The site is highly exposed in both the local landscape and in longer distance views from the B1046, Potton Road and public rights of way along with glimpses from the East Coast mainline railway. Significant landscaping buffers would be required to mitigate the impact of the development on the surrounding landscape.

The portion of Strategic Expansion Location SEL2: St Neots East known as Wintringham Park is located to the west of the site and is currently under construction with some homes already occupied. The A428 separates the submitted site and strategic expansion location making integration difficult to achieve.

There is no known pollution or contamination and no gas/oil pipelines or associated buffer zones cross the site. Two overhead powerline routes traverse the site from Little Barford power station which is located to the south-west of the site beyond the railway line. No known heritage assets or nature conservation assets are located within the site and there are no tree preservation orders affecting it although there is a veteran elm tree on the north east boundary.

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer any potential for regeneration. It is not within a mineral safeguarding area or water recycling area so these do not form any constraint to development.

### **Availability**

The site is in single/ individual company control with a hybrid control agreement for its promotion for development which is supported by the landowners. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site and no identified uses to be relocated. There do not appear to be any current uses on site requiring relocation.

The site promoter states that it is the intention to gain allocation, obtain planning permission and for the site to then be delivered by a housebuilder. The promoter suggests the land is available between 2024 and 2028 and anticipates completion of 80 to 100 homes per year.

Achievability

The submission states that gas, mains water, electricity are accessible from the site boundary.

Portions of the site fall within the A428 Development Co eastern edge of the site bounds the proposed rerouting potentially restrict development in the short term but the in 2027. Noise mitigation measures would be required rerouting, the existing A428 and the B1046. The finalisation the project is confirmed, may also have similar impacts of available land, but this is currently unknown. Air quality and East West Rail may also impact upon the proposed networks would provide good long term road connectiv construction.

Two overhead powerline routes traverse the site from L is located to the south-west of the site beyond the railway to relocate the powerlines underground, or mitigate the could impact viability of the site.

Major infrastructure would be required to support devel services and green spaces/infrastructure. The presence further measures to safely integrate the community from built up area of St Neots - for example foot and cycle built

The site promoter provided supporting information to s may be mitigated for example a flood risk and drainage that watercourse easements and SUDs would be requi coincide with Hen Brook. An Initial Air Quality Review c next to the proposed A428(A421) and climate measures to an EPC standard of B or above and using a 'fabric fil be implemented to address sustainable travel principles a

### **Deliverability / developability**

Proximity to the existing A428 and proposed A428 (A42 on the layout and mix of uses appropriate on the site ar to overcome. The proposed development is contrary to allocation status would be necessary to support it. The

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

+

# Abbotslev 1

and digital communications supply	
Consent Order boundary, and the g of the A428(A421). This may e A428 upgrade is expected to open to mitigate the new A428(A421) sation of the East West Rail route, if on the site (including vibrational) and v as a result of the new A428(A421) ed site. Access to A and B road vity and assist with the logistics of	
Little Barford power station which ay line. Mitigation would be required a presence of the powerlines, which	
elopment, such as schools, local ce of major roads would require n the proposed site with the existing pridges/crossings.	
suggest how some of these issues strategy has been prepared, noting lired, and open space provided to conducted proposes a noise barrier s suggest include building all homes irst' approach. A Travel Plan would and landscape guidelines produced.	
21) and East West Rail may impact nd there are substantial constraints current adopted planning policy so site is categorised as developable.	~

e?	Yes

### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The majority of the site is within flood zone 1, although flood zone 2 and 3a and some surface • water flood risk are present
- The site is wholly greenfield and grade 2 agricultural land. •
- The proposed rerouting of the A428(A421) increases the likelihood of noise, light, air and visual • pollution as does the potential East West Rail route, which could impede comprehensive site development
- The site is reasonably accessible to St Neots town centre •
- Potential additional retail could support the immediate needs of a new community
- The site could relate well to Wintringham Park to the west once complete having the potential • to be integrated with the community (safe crossings and enhanced transport infrastructure permitting).
- Landscape impact would require significant mitigation •
- Proximity to the new A428(A421) and potential East West Rail could potentially increase the • likelihood of noise light, and visual pollution

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- Has potential for development in the long term contributing to the housing needs of the district • and supporting sustainable place-making
- Would require flood mitigation •
- Would require significant infrastructure to create linkages into Wintringham Park •
- Access to A road networks would provide good long term road connectivity •
- Would be required to relocate or integrate powerlines •
- Would require substantial landscaping to minimise the landscape impacts of development •
- May be bisected by the proposed East West Rail route impeding integration or development of • the site
- Would need to integrate public rights of way •

### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 54.47ha 34.94% net developable area allowed as guided by the site submission following the exclusion for: • 2ha for primary school • 0.5 ha for community centre • 22.38ha for natural green or open spaces • 5.5ha for biodiversity net gain • 5.06ha for flood mitigation 54.47ha x 34.94% = <b>19.03 ha</b>	The net developable area is 19ha. 0.5ha is deducted for business hub 1ha is deducted for live/work hub and retail uses 17.5ha residential development area for a variety of market/affordable homes, self and custom build housing and specialist housing	Post 2035 subject to allocation and further progress on Wintringham Park to facilitate integration and further certainty on the EastWest rail route and delivery if the scheme is confirmed. Build out expected over 8 - 10 years.
	<ul> <li>Mixed densities to reflect a range of densities reflective of large developments.</li> <li>3% of land at very high density 145dph. 0.525ha x 145dph = 76 homes</li> <li>7% of land at high density 85dph. 1.23ha x 85dph = 106 homes</li> <li>25% of land at moderate density 50dph. 4.38ha x 50dph = 219 homes</li> <li>55% of land at low density 35dph. 9.64ha x 35dph = 337 homes</li> <li>10% of land at very low density 25dph. 1.75ha x 25dph = 44 homes</li> <li>781 total homes</li> </ul>	

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
	<b>Note:</b> this calculation is indicative and may be subject to review if there is further certainty on the prospects of EastWest Rail coming forward, it is not taken into account in the above.	

Updates after the Initial Assessment

# Abbotsley 1

# Abbotsley 3: Land East of St Neots

Site reference	Abbotsley 3
Site name Land East of St Neots	

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
The site is located to the east of St Neots, Wintringham Park the A428	Abbotsley	Approximately 31.0

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	Option A:	Available 2024 - 2028
<ul> <li>Market and /or affordable homes</li> <li>Specialist housing</li> <li>Custom and self-build housing</li> <li>Commercial: <ul> <li>Employment (including care home)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Supporting Infrastructure: <ul> <li>Primary school</li> <li>Community centre</li> <li>Health use</li> </ul> </li> <li>Open space uses: <ul> <li>Natural, green or open spaces</li> <li>Biodiversity net gain opportunities</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	up to 745 market and /or affordable homes approximately 70 specialist housing homes Custom and self-build housing to be confirmed Up to 40,000sqm employment (Knowledge Intensive Business Services - KIBS E(g) use class) and care home 2.3 hectares for primary school 17,000sqm for community centre and health use Up to 10.0ha (to be confirmed) for natural, green or open spaces	Build out over 7 - 8 years

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
	Biodiversity net gain opportunities to be confirmed	
	Option B:	
	up to 655 market and /or affordable homes	
	2.3 hectares for primary school	
	17,000sqm for community centre and health use	
	Up to 10.0ha (to be confirmed) for Natural, green or open spaces	
	Biodiversity net gain opportunities to be confirmed	

### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 20
Relevant planning history	Application: 22
	Proposed deve engineering wo use and format welfare facilitie the A428 Black
	Outcome: Perr
	Development O Planning - The Development O Approval for 10 the Black Cat j

### 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:253

### 2/01344/FUL

velopment: Archaeological excavation and vorks with associated temporary change of ation of site compound comprising site offices, es and off-road parking facilities as part of ck Cat to Caxton Gibbet improvements.

### mitted

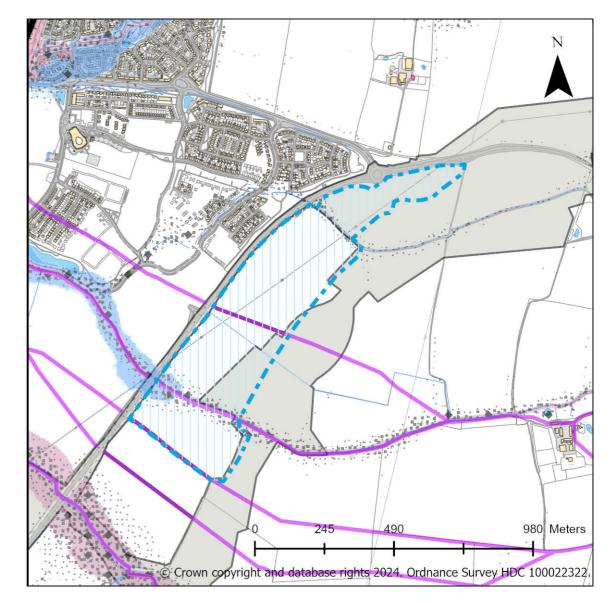
Consent Order - 2022 No. 934 Infrastructure e A428 Black Cat to Caxton Gibbet Consent Order 2022 (made 18 Aug 2022). 10 mile two land dual carriage way between i junction and Caxton Gibbet Junction.

	A site in the same location but of a slightly differing size was submitted in the HELAA (December 2017): South east of A428 from roundabout with B1425 Cambridge Road, St Neots (077)	
Land type	Wholly greenfield land	
Current use of the site	Agricultural land	
Supporting information	<ul> <li>Call for Sites Submission - Representation Report</li> <li>Initial environmental noise assessment for a proposed development off the A428 St Neots</li> <li>Land East of St Neots - Vision Document</li> <li>Landscape and Visual Appraisal</li> <li>Landscape and Visual Appraisal - Appendix A.1 Figures 1 to 10</li> <li>Landscape and Visual Appraisal - Appendix A.2 Figure 11</li> <li>Landscape and Visual Appraisal - Appendix B Extracts from Published Landscape Character Assessment</li> <li>Location Plan</li> <li>Residential development Access Strategy Options</li> <li>Technical Note - Transport and Access Considerations</li> </ul>	

### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes

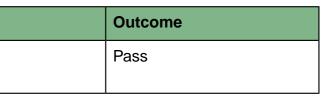


### **Assessment of Site Potential**

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The majority of the site is within flood zone 1. A small proportion north of the south west corner of the site is located within flood zones 2 and 3a. Three drainage ditches traverse the site from east to west, one in the northern half of the site and two in the southern half.

# Abbotsley 1



# 1 Abbotsley

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

The southern and northernmost of which are susceptible to surface water flooding. The site is wholly classified as grade 2 agricultural land. Three public rights of way traverse the southern half of the site (east to west) one of which is on the southern boundary.

The land slopes from north to south with an approximate level difference of 14m from the highest to the lowest points. The topography is consistent with the surrounding area and open countryside. The site is in use as agricultural land. The western edge of the site is bounded by hedgerow and trees. There is sporadic planting within the site. The site can be clearly seen from the public rights of way within the site, from the B1046 and Potton Road and is highly exposed in both the local landscape and in longer distance views from the B1046. Significant landscaping buffers would be required to mitigate the impact of the development. The A428 bounds the western edge of the site.

Strategic Expansion Location SEL2: St Neots East (otherwise known as Wintringham Park and Loves Farm 2) is located to the west and north of the site and is currently under construction with some homes already occupied. The A428 separates the submitted site and strategic expansion location making integration difficult to achieve until development on the eastern edge is complete.

There is no known pollution or contamination and no gas/oil pipelines or associated buffer zones cross the site. A 132 kW power line runs over head north-east to southwest through the site. A second low voltage overhead line runs also north-west to south from Little Barford power station which is located to the south-west of the site beyond the railway line. No known heritage assets are located within the site or nature conservation assets and there are no tree preservation orders affecting it.

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer any potential for regeneration. It is not within a mineral safeguarding area or water recycling area so these do not form a constraint to development.

### **Availability**

The site is in family control and development is supported by all landowners. There are no known legal restrictions and no identified uses to be relocated.

The site promoter states that it is the intention that planning permission is obtained and then the land sold to a third party for development. The landowners suggest the land is available between 2024 and 2028 and likely to be delivered over 7 to 8 years depending on market conditions.

### Achievability

The landowner notes that access to gas supply is unknown; mains water and electricity supply are accessible from within the site and digital and telecommunications infrastructure accessible from the site boundary.

The northern section of the site and portions of the eas A428 Development Consent Order boundary. Likewise t the proposed rerouting of the A428(A421). This may pot short term but the A428 upgrade is expected to open ir would be required to address the new A428(A421) rero finalisation of the East West Rail route may also have s vibrational) on the site and available land, but this is cur result of the new A428(A421) and East West Rail may site. Access to the 'A' road network would provide good and assist with the logistics of construction.

Two overhead powerline routes traverse the site, mitigation powerlines underground, or address their presence which Significant infrastructure would be required to support d services and green spaces/infrastructure. The presence further measures to safely integrate the community from built up area of St Neots - for example foot and cycle built

The site promoter provided supporting information to su may be overcome including the screening of pylons by through the length of the site creating a network extension the wider countryside. Green buffers/ecology corridors and of the new A428(A421) and pedestrian and cycle routes Travel Plan prepared. Residential and access options in

### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. Pro and proposed A428(A421) and East West Rail may imp of uses appropriate on the site and there are substantia proposed development is contrary to current adopted p would be necessary to support it. The site is categorise

Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

The majority of the site is within flood zone 1, flood zone 2 and 3a and some surface water • flood risk are present

+

stern part of the site fall within the the eastern edge of the site bounds otentially restrict development in the n 2027. Noise mitigation measures outing and the current A428. The similar impacts (including urrently unknown. Air quality as a also impact upon the proposed d long term road connectivity	
on would be required to relocate the ich could impact viability of the site. development, such as schools, local ce of major roads would require in the proposed site with the existing pridges.	
uggest how some of the constraints a green corridor which would run ion from Wintringham Park and into are proposed to minimise the impact es included within the site and a include roundabouts and T-junctions	
oximity to the existing A428 pact on the scale, layout and mix al constraints to overcome. The planning policy so allocation status ed as developable.	~

e? Yes	

<ul> <li>The site is wholly greenfield and gr</li> <li>The proposed rerouting of the A428 pollution as does the potential East</li> <li>The site is reasonably close to St N facilities</li> <li>Potential additional employment, p support the immediate needs of a factor of the site could relate well to Wintrin to be integrated with the communit permitting).</li> <li>Landscape impact would require sig</li> <li>Proximity to the new A428(A421) at the likelihood of noise light, and vistor the likelihood of noise light, and vistor of the likelihood of noise light, and vistor of the supporting sustainable place-return Would require flood mitigation</li> <li>Would require substantial landscape</li> <li>May be bissected by the proposed of the site</li> <li>Would need to integrate public right</li> </ul>	B(A421) increases the likelihoo t West Rail route eots town centre, railway statio primary school, community/hea new community ligham Park to the west once of y (safe crossings and enhance gnificant mitigation associated nd potential East West Rail co had potential East West Rail co had pollution A and SA indicate that the site e long term contributing to the naking. ture to create linkages into Wit tegrate powerlines bing to minmise the landscape East West Rail route impeding	n, employment and education alth centre and retail could omplete having the potential ed transport infrastructure with topographical challenges ould potentially could increase housing needs of the district ntringham Park impacts of development	<ul> <li>HDC's net developable area calculation</li> <li>2ha for community centre and health building</li> <li>8ha for natural green or open spaces</li> <li>31ha x 60.32% = 18.7ha</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>HDC's anticipated uses and capacity</li> <li>Mixed densities to reflect a range of densities reflective of large developments.</li> <li>3% of land at very high density 145dph. 0.41ha x 145dph = 59 homes</li> <li>7% of land at high density 85dph. 0.96ha x 85dph = 82 homes</li> <li>25% of land at moderate density 50dph. 3.43ha x 50dph = 172 homes</li> <li>55% of land at low density 35dph. 7.54ha x 35dph = 264 homes</li> <li>10% of land at very low density 25dph. 1.37ha x 25dph = 34 homes</li> <li>611 total homes</li> <li>Note: this calculation is indicative and may be subject to review if there is further certainty on the prospects of EastWest Rail coming forward, it is not taken into account in the above.</li> </ul>	
Gross site area of 31ha 60.32% net developable area allowed as guided by the site submission and vision document following the exclusion for:	The net developable area is 18.7ha. 5ha is deducted for a care home, KIBS and Creative industry use class - E(g) and C2 use class	Post 2035 subject to allocation and further progress on Wintringham Park to facilitate integration and further certainty on the EastWest rail route and	Updates after the Initial Assessment	t	

•

2.3ha for primary school

delivery if the scheme is

Build out expected over 8 -

confirmed.

10 years

and C2 use class

13.7ha residential

homes.

development area for a variety of market/affordable

# Abbotsley 1

# 1 Abbotsley

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# Abbotsley 4: Pear Tree Solar Farm, Abbotsley

Site reference	Abbotsley 4
Site name	Pear Tree Solar Farm

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
East of St Neots and west of Abbotsley, south of Abbotsley Golf Hotel and Course.	Abbotsley	72.0

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Renewable Energy:	72ha	Available 2024 - 2028
Solar Farm	Biodiversity Net Gain in excess of 10%	Build out over 16 weeks

# highway Land type Current use of the site Supporting information

# **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass

### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:103
Relevant planning history	Application number: 23/01507/FUL Proposed development: Erection of a Solar Photovoltaic Farm with associated substations and other supporting infrastructure including battery storage, inverters and transformers, fencing, CCTV, landscaping and installation of underground high-voltage cable within public highway Outcome: Pending decision Application number: 23/01507/SCRE Proposed development: Erection of a Solar Photovoltaic Farm with associated substations and other supporting infrastructure including battery storage, inverters and transformers, fencing, CCTV, landscaping and installation of

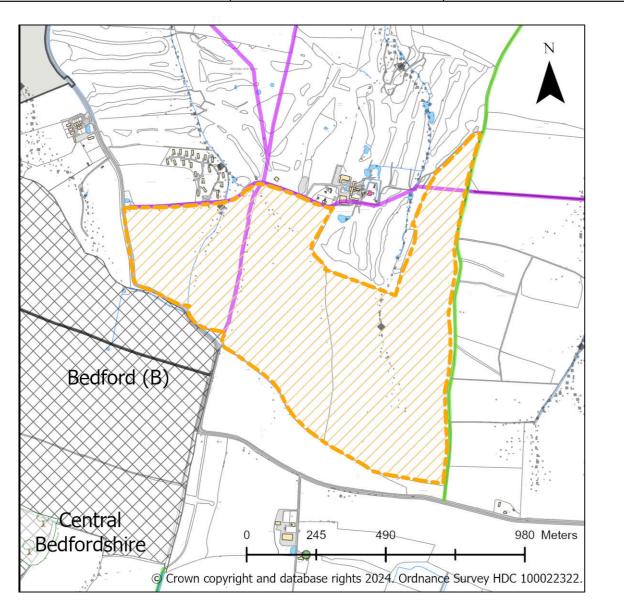
underground high-voltage cable within public Outcome: Unknown

Wholly greenfield land

Agricultural land

Pear Tree solar farm supporting statement (C5141-4 Eaton Ford Call for Sites Reps)

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is within flood zone 1. Surface water flood risk runs north to south across the site from two main locations. The site is wholly classified as grade 2 agricultural land. The land slopes gently downwards from south to north. The site is consistent with the wider area which is predominantly agricultural land. The northern site boundary which adjoins

Abbotsley Golf Hotel and Course is partially screened west of the site is screened by a mixture of trees and me views into the site can be seen from the public rights of road and Drewels Lane to the south (edged by small he planting within the site and a wooded area bounding ea corner. Three public rights of way traverse the site; one of site running north to south, one footpath is located a running west to east and crossing into north eastern par eastern edge of the site. The landscape impact would b and hedging around most of the site. However, the impa be noticeable, limited landscape buffers may be require

The site promoter provides supporting information to su be overcome such as buffer zones either side of existin the site after a 40 year period to return the land to agriculture to remain. A planning application would be accompanied assessment and where possible hedgerows, trees, field features will be used to mitigate the visual impact of so

The site is in use as arable agricultural land and has no adjacent to the site. The presence of solar farms are co they can be temporary in nature and can revert back to positive impacts on intensively farmed land allowing tim uses would also be able to continue around and within nature. Solar farms can contribute to addressing climat

There is no known pollution or contamination and no ga cross the site. No known heritage assets are located with assets and there are no tree preservation orders affect safeguarding area or water recycling area so these do no

### **Availability**

The site is in single/individual company control and the development is supported by all landowners. There are appears to be no current uses on site requiring relocati

The site promoter states that it is the intention to acquire delivered by a renewables company. The site is availab likely to be delivered over 16 weeks with a temporary u

Achievability

+

# Abbotsley 1

by a tree line. Potton Road to the edium hedgerows. Longer distance way and from the northern access edgerow). There is sporadic tree astern boundary and south eastern footpath is located in western half long northern boundary of site rt of site and a bridleway runs along be limited given the boundary trees act from the southern aspect may ed.	
uggest how some constraints may ng footpaths. Decommissioning of ultural use with any legacy planting d by a landscape and visual impact d patterns and strong boundary lar energy developments.	
b buildings within or immediately ompatible with agricultural land as agricultural use potential having the for restoration. Some agricultural solar farm sites depending on their the change.	
as/oil pipelines and buffer zones thin the site or nature conservation ing it. It is not within a mineral ot form a constraint to development.	
e land is optioned. The proposed ono known legal restrictions. There ion. e planning permission and then be le between 2024 and 2028 and use period of 40 years.	+
	+

# 1 Abbotsley

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

The submission notes that access to gas, mains water and electricity supply are accessible from the site boundary as is the public highway and digital and telecommunications infrastructure. No gas/oil pipelines and buffer zones cross the site or electricity pylons/infrastructure. No noise impacts are expected from the use of the site.

The site is surrounded on three sides by B and access roads which would provide connectivity and assist with the logistics of construction.. No additional major infrastructure would be required. Limited landscape buffers may be required and the retention of public rights of way though and adjoining the site.

The site promoter notes that consideration will be given to the access roads, security fencing, lighting and any buildings so as to minimise its visual impact, whilst ensuring that the development causes no risk to public safety. A transport statement and construction management statement would also be provided to consider impact on highways network.

### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints and minimal constraints to overcome. The site is categorised as developable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	Yes
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### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site is in flood zone 1 with surface water flood risk
- The site is wholly classified as grade 2 agricultural land.
- Consideration of impact on Eynesbury Hardwicke House may require mitigation
- The site use compatible with agricultural land with potential to positively impact on agricultural land quality one use is removed.
- Some agricultural uses would also be able to continue around and within the site.
- the proposed use is classified as essential infrastructure meaning development is compatible.

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- May help to contribute towards achieving net zero ambitions and address climate change
- Is suitable for solar energy generation
- Public Rights of Way would require integration

### HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 72ha 80% net developable area following land excluded for landscaping and Biodiveristy Net Gain. 72ha x 80% = <b>57.6ha</b>	Net developable area 57.6ha for a Solar Farm	Available 2024-2028 Build out over 4-8 months

### Updates after the Initial Assessment

# Abbotsley 5: North of Wintringham Hall, Cambridge Road, St Neots

Site reference	Abbotsley 5
Site name	North of Wintringham Hall, Cambridge Road, St Neots

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
The site is located to the East of St Neots, north of the A428 and Wintringham Hall	Abbotsley	19.0

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Commercial:	1,500 sqm of employment (Knowledge	Available 2024 - 2028
Employment	Intensive Business Services	Build out over 2 - 3 years
Logistics	- KIBS - use class E(g)	
	15,000 sqm of logistics	

### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:278
Relevant planning history	None relevant
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Agricultural land
Supporting information	Call for Sites Submission - Representation Report
	Land East of St Neots - Vision Document
	Landscape and Visual Appraisal
	Landscape and Visual Appraisal - Appendix A.1 Figures 1 to 10

Lands Figure
Lands Extrac Asses
Locati
Comm Optior
Techni Consid

### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

# Abbotsley 1

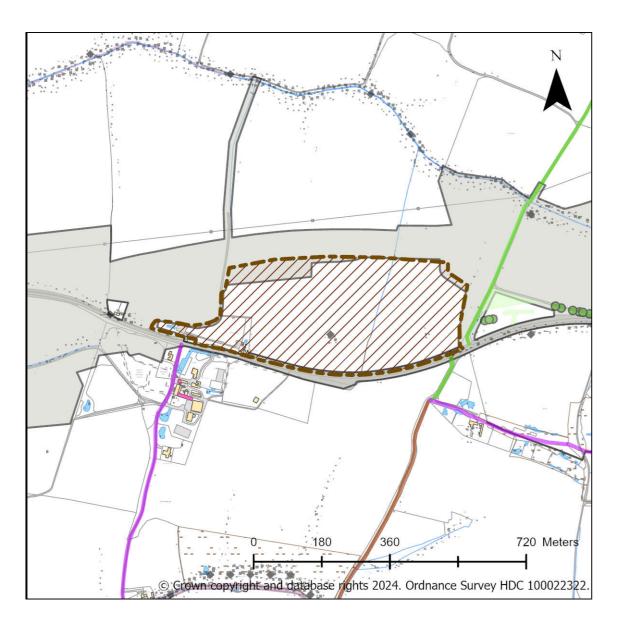
Iscape and Visual Appraisal - Appendix A.2 re 11

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tion Plan

mercial Development Access Strategy ons

nical Note - Transport and Access iderations



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is located within flood zone 1. The site has elements of surface water flood along the southern boundary as well as associated with drainage ditches that enter the site from the north. The site is wholly classified as grade 2 agricultural land which is in arable use. The site is relatively flat just sloping slightly down from the south east corner to the north west and forms the higher part of the local landscape which falls away to the north west towards Fox Brook but continues at a similar elevation to the site towards the north east. The southern boundary is edged by trees and hedgerow which screen the site from the A428. All other boundaries are relatively open with just some sporadic hedgerow sections along the eastern boundary. The site is located in open countryside and views

into the site can be currently seen from the bridleway to views can be seen from Priory Hill and public rights of w it highly exposed from the north. Significant landscaping mitigate the impact of any development on the adjoining is located just outside the south west boundary of the s Wintringham Cottages are located within the southern b proposed land use and the significance of the propertie further assessment.

The site promoter provides supporting information to sup may be overcome including a green buffer to the south to the north. The Vision Document presents the opportuemployment buildings for KIBS and creative industries in keeping with surrounding properties, with large scale lo of the land (8.00ha) separated by a green buffer.

There is no known pollution or contamination and no ga cross the site. No known heritage assets are located wit medieval settlement of Wintringham and listed buildings just to the south. There are no nature conservation asset tree preservation orders affecting it.

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer any not within a mineral safeguarding area or water recyclin constraint to development.

### Availability

The site is in single/individual company control and the p by all landowners. There are no known legal restrictions residential uses on site which would require integration

The site promoter states that it is their intention to acquisell to a third party for development. The site is available likely to be delivered over 2-3 years.

### Achievability

There is no access to gas supply and access to digital to for the site is unknown. Mains water and electricity supply boundary. No gas/oil pipelines or their associated buffer are no overhead power lines or infrastructure within the from the use of the site which would require mitigation.

the east of the site. Long distance way to the north of the site making g buffers would be required to g countryside. Toll Gate Cottage site and the semi-detached boundary. The compatibility of the es and their setting would require	
aggest how some of the constraints and east and an ecology corridor unity for a smaller cluster of in the south western corner in ogistics buildings on the remainder	
as/oil pipelines and buffer zones thin the site although the deserted s at Wintringham Hall are located ets within the site and there are no	
y potential for regeneration. It is ng area so these do not form a	
roposed development is supported affecting the site. There are current uire planning permission and then le between 2024 and 2028 and	~
telecommunications infrastructure ply are accessible from the site er zones cross the site and there e site . Noise impacts are expected	~

The site has immediate access to the A428 from the southern boundary. Transport movements as a result of the proposed employment and logistics uses may impact on the safety of the local road network. The site is surrounded by the A428 Development Consent Order boundary with both northern and southern portions of the site directly impacted by the DCO boundary. The northern edge of the site bounds the proposed rerouting of the A428(A421) which may impact on potential accesses for the site and its orientation. The DCO may potentially restrict development in the short term but the A428(A421) upgrade is expected to open in 2027.

Noise mitigation measures would be required to address the new A428(A421) routing as well as traffic on the current A428. The finalisation of the East West Rail route may also have similar impacts (including vibrational) on the site and available land (potentially being located to the north of the site), but this is currently unknown. Air quality as a result of the proposed use of the site, new A428(A421) and East West Rail may also impact upon the proposed site and existing residential properties. Integration of the proposed site with the existing properties would need careful consideration. Access to the A road network would provide good long term road connectivity and assist with the logistics of construction.

The site promoter proposes access to the site via a new roundabout on the A428 and a second entry only junction opposite the entrance to Wintringham Hall. There is some flexibility regarding the type and quantum of employment uses on the site. Sustainable transport options proposed for employees may include walking, cycling or public transport infrastructure and the site promoters note that a Travel plan would provided.

### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. Proximity to the existing A428 and proposed A428(A421) and East West Rail may impact on the layout and mix of uses appropriate on the site and there are substantial constraints to overcome. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it. The site is categorised as developable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	Yes
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### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site is not constrained by fluvial flood risk, or nature conservation designations, some surface • water flooding is present
- It is grade 2 agricultural land and wholly greenfield

- The site has potential to adversely impact nearby listed buildings The site is in proximity to St Neots train station and a public right of way, but no substantial active travel links are available to facilitate non-motorised vehicular commuting
- •
- The site would be surrounded by the existing A428 and new route of the A428(A421). The local • transport network may be impacted by the proposed uses
- The proposed use could increase light, odour and visual pollution •
- The site is in open countryside and landscape impact of development would require mitigation • Successful integration of properties within and just outside the site would require careful
- masterplanning

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- May be appropriate for employment and small logistics development •
- Would be surrounded by the new and old A428 which would require mitigation from light, air and visual pollution
- Would require landscape integration •
- Would require a transport impact assessment and traffic movement and access solutions • Would require careful masterplanning to minimise impact on listed buildings and buildings within •
- and nearby the site

### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 19ha 60% net developable area following land being excluded for landscaping, integration of existing buildings and mitigation for impact on listed building, biodiversity net gain, movement of HGVs and mitigation from new and existing A428 19ha x 60% = <b>11.4ha</b>	The net developable area is 11.4ha 8ha is for Logistics. (8ha of land at 0.40 plot ratio) x 10,000sqm = (8ha x 0.40) x 10,000 = <b>32,000sqm of</b> <b>logistics</b> 2.4ha is for KIBS and Creative industries (Knowledge Intensive Business Services - KIBS E(g) use class) 2.4 ha of land at 0.35 plot ratio) x 10,000sqm = (2.4ha x 0.35) x 10,000	Available from 2029 subject to allocation. Build out expected over 2-5 years

# Abbotslev 1

# 1 Abbotsley

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
	= 8,400sqm of E(g) use class	

Updates after the Initial Assessment

# Abbotsley 6: Abbotsley Golf Club

Site reference	Abbotsley 6	
Site name	Abbotsley Golf Club	

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Abbotsley Golf Club, Drewels Lane, Eynesbury Hardwicke, St Neots	Abbotsley	48.90

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	500 - 1,000 homes	Available 2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable housing Specialist housing	Retirement complex - including limited retail and employment opportunities commensurate to the proposed scale and uses.	etail and tunities he

### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:234
Relevant planning history	Application Number: 22/01129/S106 Proposed Development: Remove the obligation relating to the woodland area and the occupancy of the approved lodges for holiday use only -
	91/0949 Outcome: Pending Decision.
	HELAA (December 2017) Abbotsley Squash Club and Cromwell Golf Course, South of B1046, Abbotsley
	(051)

Land type	Who
	Note previ
Current use of the site	Leisu
Supporting information	Bedf for S
	Loca

### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

# Abbotsley 1

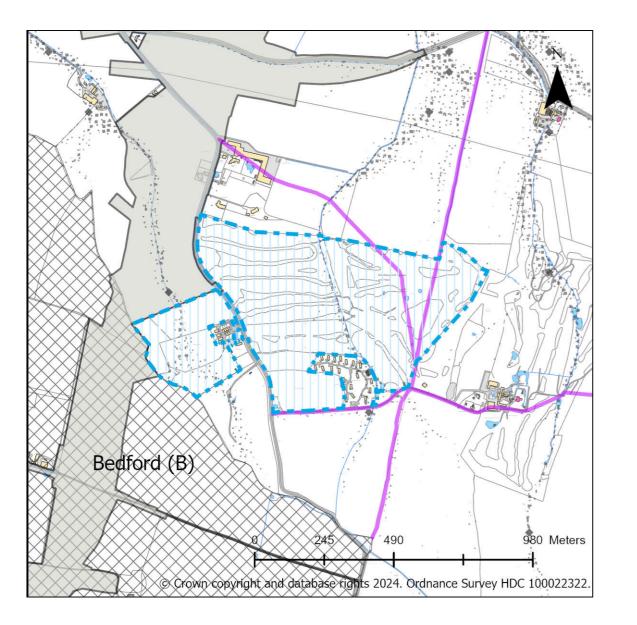
olly greenfield land

te: Promoter considers land to be wholly viously developed land

sure use

dford Borough Council Local Plan 2040: Plan Submission April 2022

cation Plan



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is in flood zone 1. The site is separated into two parcels of land by Potton Road. The western section of the site shows surface water flood risk running north to south through the centre. The western portion of the site wraps around built development at The Range and Orchard House with the majority being grassland with hedgerows and intermittent trees fronting all boundaries including that to Potton Road. A strong tree belt sits within the site running west from The Range.

The eastern section of the site experiences surface wa that part of the site and some ponds are present on site grade 2 agricultural land. The land slopes gently upwar rights of way traverse the site south to north from the se and hedgerows surround the boundaries with Potton R Longer distance views can be seen from within the site is mature tree planting within the site associated with it Jenny Wissen Wood is located on the southern bounda Potton Road. The southern part of the site boundary ex holiday homes park which is largely screened by tree b their western boundary with the site. Further landscapir amenity of users of this leisure site. The eastern portion a golf course. The northern boundary of the site is also with sporadic trees. To the north west corner of this sec of residential properties and a small cluster of low level buildings. Tall development within the site that exceeds would be readily visible from multiple public viewing pol detrimental impact on the landscape.

The site is in an isolated countryside location but bound plan allocation: Policy HOU Little Barford New Settleme proposed site. At the time of assessment, the examinat had been suspended and allocation of the proposed all an estimated 3,800 to be delivered by 2040) is under quallocation had been set aside ('contingency land') for the station for which is anticipated to be in Tempsford, sout East West Rail route may separate the submitted site a integration with other nearby development would be different

There is no known pollution or contamination and no gas zones cross the site. No known heritage assets are loca conservation assets and there are no tree preservation

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer an not within a mineral safeguarding area or water recyclin constraint to development.

### Availability

The site is in single individual/company control and development. There are no known legal restrictions affect that it is the intention to acquire planning permission be for development. The submission suggests the land is a and is likely to be delivered over 6 years.

ater flood risk through the centre of te. The site is wholly classified as rds from north to south. Two public southeast boundary. Mature trees Road and the southern boundary. e from the public footpaths. There its landscaping as a golf course. ary of the site immediately east of excludes Abbotsley Country Homes belts other than a small portion of ing may be required to reinforce the on of the site is currently laid out as o largely contained by a hedgerow oction of the site there are a couple el industrial and warehousing is the height of existing landscaping points and would likely have a	
ds the proposed Bedfordshire local ent, which is to the west of the ation of the Bedfordshire Local Plan llocation (for 4,000 new homes with question. Land within the proposed the new East West Rail route, the ath of Little Barford. The proposed and proposed allocation meaning ifficult to achieve.	
s/oil pipelines and associated buffer cated within the site or nature n areas affecting it.	
ny potential for regeneration. It is ing area so these do not form a	
evelopment is supported by the ting the site. The submission states before selling the land a third party available between 2024 and 2028	+

### Achievability

The submission notes that gas, mains water and electricity supplies are accessible from the site boundary as is digital and telecommunications infrastructure. The public highway runs through the site with the larger portion to the east. No gas or oil pipelines or associated buffer zones cross the site or overhead power lines/infrastructure.

The north western and western boundaries of the western edge of the site are bounded by the A428 Development Consent Order boundary potentially restricting development whilst construction is underway. This route may in time result in noise impacts on the site. The finalisation of the East West Rail route may also have similar impacts (including vibrational) on the site and available land, but this is currently unknown. Air quality as a result of East West Rail and the new A428(A421) may also impact upon the proposed site.

Access to Potton Road would provide long term road connectivity and assist with the logistics of construction. The presence of major roads including the new A428(A421) and proposed East West Rail would require further measures to safely integrate the community from the submitted site with the proposed allocation at Little Barford (if it were to proceed to allocation), for example foot and cycle bridges. Integration or effective screening of the proposed site with the existing properties would need careful consideration.

The site promoter provides some supporting information to suggest how some of these issues may be mitigated for example supporting infrastructure and green spaces and improved accessibility through the opportunity to provide a strategic road junction off the new A428(A4421) and proximity to the East West Rail station. It was also envisaged that the proposed allocation at Little Barford (it it were to proceed to allocation) would create sustainable transport links which could serve the future residents at Abbotsley through improved connectivity at Little Barford.

### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. Proximity to the A428, new A428(A421) and proposed East West Rail may impact on the layout and mix of uses appropriate on the site. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it. The site is categorised as developable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	Yes
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### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site is not constrained by fluvial flood risk but some surface water flood risk is present The site is wholly greenfield and grade 2 agricultural land
- •
- The site is in an isolated countryside location and integration with nearby residential areas would not be feasible
- The status of Bedford Local Plan proposed allocation HOU Little Barford New Settlement (where • further integration is proposed is also currently unknown)
- The proposed rerouting of the A428 increases the likelihood of noise, light, air and visual pollution • as does the potential East West Rail route, which could impede comprehensive site development dependant on its location within or adjacent to the site and further separating the site from the proposed Little Barford allocation
- Impact on the countryside would be significant due to the site's current isolated location and • size
- Access to the railway station via motorised vehicle is within reasonable distance, as is access • to St Neots town centre, education and employment opportunities.

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- Is not appropriate for development and does not supporting sustainable place-making The site would be separated and dissected by the new A428(A421) and potentially East West Rail making integration with any potential development in Bedfordshire difficult to achieve without significant infrastructure and could impede achievability of development
- •
- Major infrastructure would be required to support development

### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development due to its landscape impact and isolated location.	N/A	N/A

### Updates after the Initial Assessment

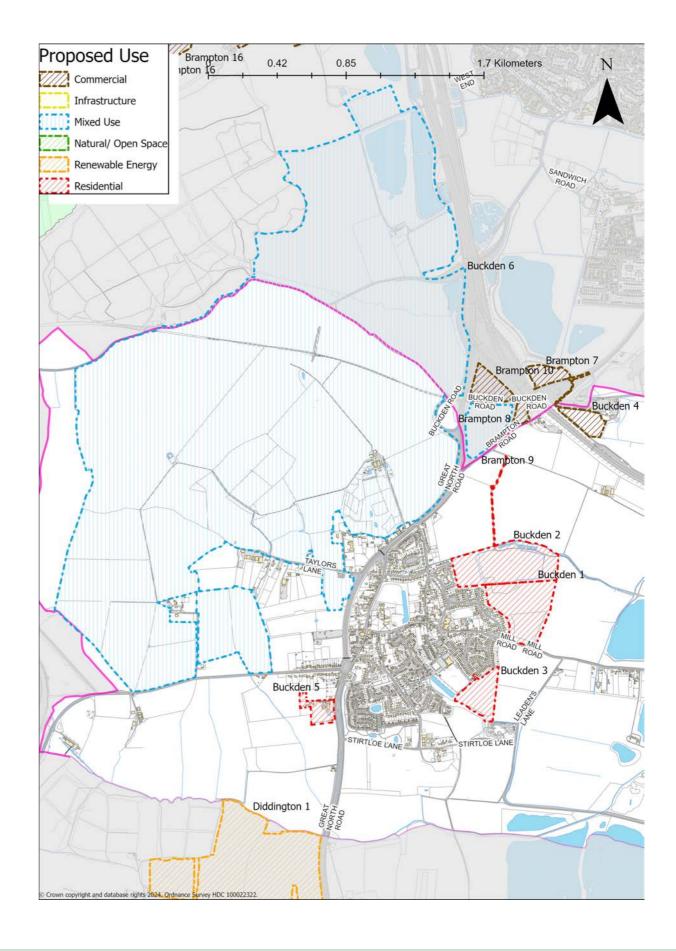
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# 2 Buckden

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

# 2 Buckden

- **2.1** A total of 6 sites have been identified/ put forward through the desktop review or Call for Sites process. These are:
  - Buckden 1: Land at Mill Road, Buckden
  - Buckden 2: Land South of the B1514, Buckden
  - Buckden 3: Land off Vineyard Way, Buckden
  - Buckden 4: Brampton Road, Buckden
  - Buckden 5: Land at Westfield Farm, Great North Road, Buckden
  - Buckden 6: Land West of A1 from Buckden to Brampton this site crosses over into Brampton parish but is assessed here as the majority of the site areas falls within Buckden parish.



2.2 Each site plan shows any constraints that impact the site. These constraints are detailed in the opposite legend.



- RoFSW\_Extent\_1in30\_HDC
- RoFSW\_Extent\_1in100\_HDC

RoFSW\_Extent\_1in1000\_HDC

Flood Zone 2

# Buckden 2

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

# Hazards and Infrastructure Air Quality Management Area Contaminated Land Overhead Line Towers **Overhead Line Routes** — Gas Pipeline Gas Pipeline Buffer Pipeline (Oil) Pipeline (Oil) Buffer A428 Notification Area Tree Preseveration Order Points County Wildlife Lines Bridleway — Footpath **Restricted Byway** Ancient Woodland Special Area of Conservation (SAC) Cambs Wildlife Sites Rivers Cambs Wildlife Sites Areas Special Protection Area National Nature Reserve (NNR) Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) Ramsar Tree Preservation Order Areas Flood Zone 3b Flood Zone 3a

# Buckden 1: Land at Mill Road, Buckden

Site reference	Buckden 1
Site name	Land at Mill Road, Buckden

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
North east of Buckden, with Mill Road forming the southern boundary	Buckden	11.70

### **Promoter's Intentions**

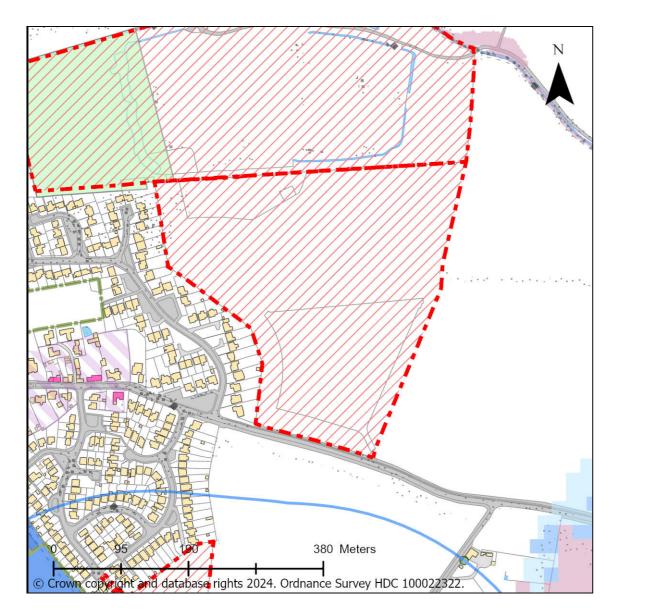
Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	230 homes	Available 2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable housing	3.86 ha	Build out over 4 - 5 years
Open space:		
Natural, green and open space		

### Fundamental Constraints

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

## Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:294
Relevant planning history	Application number: 18/01395/OUT Proposed development: The erection of up to 195 dwellings with public open space, landscaping and sustainable drainage system (SuDS). All matters reserved. Outcome: Withdrawn on 17th March 2023
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Agricultural land
Supporting information	Responses to the Issues Engagement Paper (July 2023)



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is wholly in flood zone 1 placing it at low flood risk. It is classified as grade 2 agricultural land which is in arable use with no buildings in it. The landform is a continuation of the gentle slope rising up from the River Great Ouse to the east into the village with the highest point being in the south west corner. The northern boundary of the site comprises hedgerows and trees which limit views through to the disused sand and gravel pit and the Settling Bed county wildlife site that adjoins the north western corner of the site. The eastern boundary is very open with a narrow, low level hedgerow providing limited separation from the adjoining field. Mill Road forms the southern boundary of the site which is lined by a substantial hedgerow with some trees providing effective screening of the site from the

road and an attractive rural approach to Buckden. To the south of Mill Road is further level arable land also bounded by a substantial hedgerow. The western edge of the site adjoins residential properties on Greenway and Hoo Close which predominantly have hedgerows and trees separating their rear gardens from the site. Overall the site sits well within the wider gently undulating arable landscape. The nearest public rights of way are at some distance from the site. Long distance views from the Ouse Valley Way to the east are limited by hedgerows and trees around the intervening lakes; those from the public right of way along Diddington Brook are well screened by trees and hedgerows. Leaden's Lane which runs south from Mill Road sits lower in the landscape than intervening land to the west which reduces any visibility of the site from there. Development would necessitate removal of some of the southern boundary trees and hedgerow to facilitate access to the site would would increase its visibility from Mill Road and the wider landscape to the south east. A strong landscaping buffer would be needed on the eastern edge to reduce the impact on the Great Ouse Valley green infrastructure priority area which follows the course of the river to the east of the site. Natural landscaping would also be essential to facilitate connections between the Settling Beds county wildlife site and the wider Great Ouse valley ecological network. There are no known pollution or contamination constraints affecting the site. No gas or oil pipeline infrastructure affects the site. The site is not within the Buckden conservation area although at its nearest point is just 110m away and around 200m away along Mill Road. It does not contains any listed buildings or other known heritage assets. The north eastern parcel of the site is designated as being within the Great Ouse Valley green infrastructure priority area. The site also adjoins the Settling Beds county wildlife site which is covered by an area tree preservation order. The site can potentially be accessed from Mill Road. Investigations during the previous planning application indicated that the potential amount of traffic generation from the site may have significant impact on the local road network and capacity and safe operation of the Buckden roundabout on the A1. The site is wholly greenfield land so would not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. It is wholly covered by a minerals safeguarding area for sand and gravel; consultation would be required with Cambridgeshire County Council to determine the prospects of the site being a workable resource. It is beyond the 400m buffer around a water recycling site.

### Availability

The site is owned and controlled by a single family which supports its development; a planning promotion agreement is in place with a consultancy. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The promoter proposes the site will be delivered by obtaining planning permission before being sold to a third party for development. There are no current uses to be relocated. The promoter suggests the land would be available 2024-2028. Given the timescales anticipated to achieve the desired allocation availability post 2028 is more realistic.

+

### Achievability

Mains water, digital and telecoms infrastructure are accessible from the site boundary with gas supply and electricity not being immediately available. The site has a boundary to Mill Road and the site promoter acknowledges the achievability challenges faced by their 2018 planning application for development of the site and the need for further highway investigations. Highways mitigation works are expected to be required potentially including works to the Buckden roundabout on the A1 which may have significant viability challenges. The site comprises broadly level ground and there are no known topographical challenges. No oil or gas pipeline infrastructure crosses the site, and no overhead power lines are present.

### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. There are no structures on site to clear but there are very significant constraints that require mitigation. Landscaping, impact on the Great Ouse Valley green infrastructure priority area and Cambridgeshire Wildlife Site and impact on highways are key development considerations within a future masterplanning of the site. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support its development. The site is therefore categorised as developable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?

### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

Yes

- It comprises the grade 2 greenfield agricultural land •
- Has reasonable access to local social and educational facilities but it is remote from retail and • employment destinations
- Some limited public transport access but access to the site from Mill Road could have significant impact on the capacity and safe operation of the A1 and the Buckden roundabout
- Development would not enhance or protect the Settling Beds county wildlife site and the wider • Great Ouse valley ecological network
- Development would not contribute to protecting the form and character of the surrounding • townscape and landscape

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

Is inappropriate for a built development due to impact on nearby green infrastructure assets and highway constraints

### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development	N/A	N/A

### Updates after the Initial Assessment

## Buckden 2: Land East of Bishops Way, Buckden

Site reference	Buckden 2
Site name	Land East of Bishops Way, Buckden

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land east of Bishops Way/ South of the B1514, Buckden, St.Neots, PE19 5TZ (nearest postcode)		14.36

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	162	Available from 2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable housing		Build out over 4 years

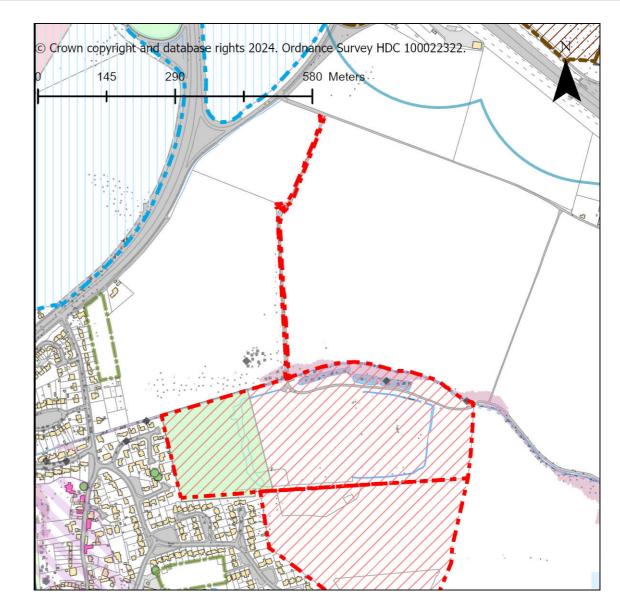
### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:210
Relevant planning history	None
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Other (county wildlife site and former gravel works)
Supporting information	Call for Sites 2023 - Buckden - Covering Letter (July 2023)

### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



# Buckden 2

### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site wholly in flood zone 1 but there is risk of surface water flooding as there is a stream that runs through the northern part of the site joining a lake about 560m away from site; there are also small ponds near the north eastern edge of the site. Around 15% of the site is classified as grade 3 agricultural land and the rest as grade 2 agricultural land. However, the western guarter is predominantly covered in trees and shrubs which are designated as the Buckden Settling Beds county wildlife site, with the trees also protected by a tree preservation order. The remainder of the site is levelled former sand and gravel workings. The site is relatively flat with a slight slope up from the Ouse Valley to the east towards the existing edge of Buckden. It is contiguous with the broader landscape of the Ouse Valley. The northern boundary is predominantly trees and hedgerows with a small copse in the centre of this boundary. Beyond this new residential development is permitted. The eastern boundary comprises a hedgerow with trees dispersed throughout the easternmost 100m of the site. The southern boundary is the most open with an approximately 15m wide belt of hedgerows and shrubs. Collectively these provide reasonable screening from the adjoining countryside. The western edge of the site is fully covered with trees extending approximately 150m into the site forming the county wildlife site. However, immediately adjoining the western edge are residential properties at Bishops Way with homes on Aragon Close and Hoo Close adjoining a small portion of the south western boundary. The nearest public right of way is the Ouse Valley path over 1km to the east with views limited by intervening lakes, trees and hedgerows. Glimpsed views may be obtained from the road network to the north but these are largely obscured by trees and hedgerows. The site is relatively isolated in its countryside setting and development would have a substantial impact on the local landscape.

There are no known pollution or contamination constraints affecting the site. No gas or oil pipeline infrastructure affects the site. The site is not within the Buckden conservation area, it contains no listed buildings and no other known heritage assets. The western part of the site is recognised as a county wildlife site and covered by a tree preservation order, and the eastern part of the site lies within the Ouse Valley green infrastructure priority area. The site has very limited access to the public highway network via a long track; however, the site promoter proposes putting an access in through the county wildlife site to connect to Bishops Way.

The site is wholly greenfield land so would not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. It is wholly covered by a minerals safeguarding area for sand and gravel; consultation would be required with Cambridgeshire County Council to determine the prospects of the site being a workable resource. It is beyond the 400m buffer around a water recycling site.

Availability

The site is owned and controlled by a single individual/ development. There are no known legal restrictions affe uses to be relocated. The promoter suggests the land v would be delivered by a master developer. Given the tir the desired allocation availability post 2028 is more rea

### Achievability

The site promoter acknowledges that access to electric telecommunications infrastructure from the site boundar is relatively level but is constrained by the risk of surface ditches particularly near its northern boundary. The site classification of the eastern parcel as a green infrastruct of the western parcel as a county wildlife site. No oil or the site, and no overhead power lines are present. The track to the north adjoining with B1514. The site promothrough the county wildlife site and linking into Bishops head, there is a strip of land approximately 10m wide b public highway which is in the ownership of the two adjosignificantly impact on achievability. There are no built a clearance. The site promoter seek residential developm

### Deliverability / developability

There are no structures on site to clear but there are si the development of the site. Impact on the Great Ouse area, County Wildlife Site and the the wider ecological be detrimental. Also, access to the site from Bishops W proposed development is contrary to current adopted p would be necessary to support its development. The sit developable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Apprai

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

+

company who supports its ecting the site. There are no current would be available 2024-2028 and mescales anticipated to achieve alistic.	
city, gas, water and digital and ary are currently unknown. The site e flooding from ponds and drainage e is also constrained by the cture priority area and recognition gas pipeline infrastructure crosses site access is currently from a long oter proposes cutting an access a Way. Although there is a turning between the site boundary and the joining houses; acquisition may structures on the site that require nent of 162 homes.	
ignificant constraints that impede Valley green infrastructure priority network of the Ouse Valley would Vay may be unachievable. The planning policy so allocation status te is therefore categorised as not	~
isal	
2 No. due to significant constrai	inte that

e?	No, due to significant constraints that impede the development of the site, impact on the Great Ouse Valley
	green infrastructure priority area, County Wildlife Site and the the wider ecological network of the Ouse Valley. Access to the site from Bishops Way may also be unachievable.

## Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The site did not progress to Sustainability Appraisal.

HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development.	N/A	N/A

Updates after the Initial Assessment

# Buckden 2

# Buckden 3: Land off Vineyard Way, Buckden

Site reference	Buckden 3
Site name	Land off Vineyard Way, Buckden

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land off Vineyard Way, Buckden	Buckden	4.77

### **Promoter's Intentions**

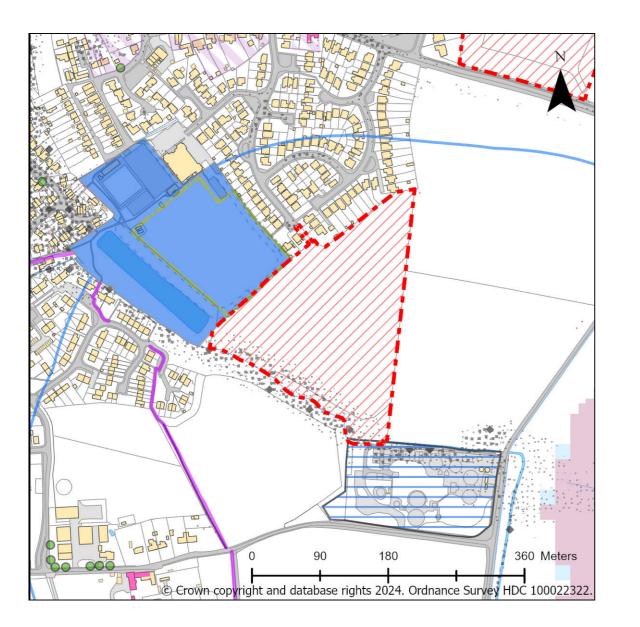
Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	5 homes	2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable housing		Build out in 1-2 years
Open space:		
Natural, green and open space		

### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for Sites 2023 submission - site reference: CfS:93	
Relevant planning history	None	
Land type	Wholly greenfield land	
Current use of the site	Agricultural land	
Supporting information	<ul> <li>Highways Statement (June 2023)</li> <li>Supporting Call for Sites Statement (June 2022)</li> <li>Land Promotion Plan (drawing number: 22321_02 revision B) (May 2023)</li> </ul>	

### Fundamental Constraints

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	Yes (site is wholly within water recycling area)	Fail
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The site failed a fundamental constraint and therefore did not progress to Sustainability Appraisal.

### HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development as it is wholly within a water recycling area.	N/A	N/A

### Updates after the Initial Assessment

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	No because the site is within 400m of a water recycling centre. Residential uses are the most vulnerable to odours and no odour assessment has been submitted to demonstrate that the impact of the water recycling centre on any new homes could be sufficiently mitigated to ensure acceptable levels of residential amenity.
---	---

## Buckden 4: Brampton Road, Buckden

Site reference	Buckden 4
Site name	Brampton Road, Buckden

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land between Tin Lid and Station House Brampton Road Buckden	Buckden	2.80

### Fundamental Constraints

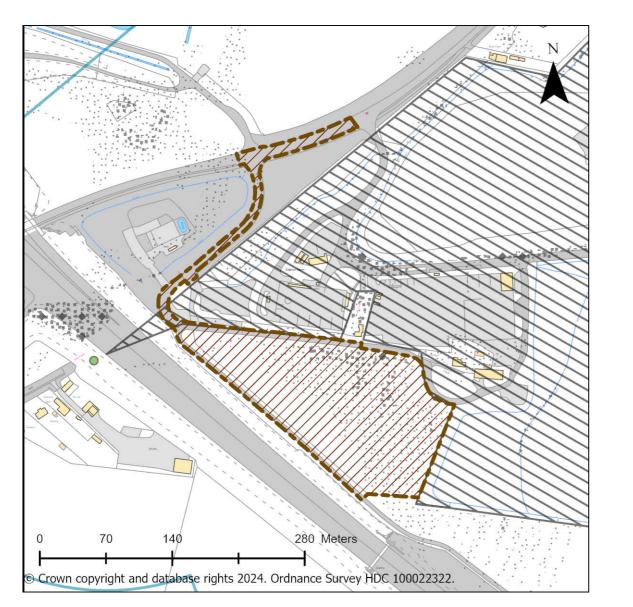
Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	Yes (wholly within a Minerals Development Area)	Fail
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Employment	8,678 sqm	Available 2023
		Build out over 2 - 4 years

### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites submission 2023: site reference - CfS:281	
Relevant planning history	21/00651/OUT - Outline application, with details of access, for Business Park comprising Use Classes E, B2 and B8. Appeal against non-determination was dismissed in April 2024.	
Land type	Wholly greenfield land	
Current use of the site	Agricultural land	
Supporting information	Call for Sites Submission Statement (June 2023)	



### HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development as it is wholly within a Minerals Development Area.	N/A	N/A

### Updates after the Initial Assessment

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	No because the site is wholly within a minerals development area which is specifically identified on the Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Minerals and Waste Local Plan as an operational/ committed site for the extraction of mineral resources.
---	---

### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The site failed a fundamental constraint and therefore did not progress to Sustainability Appraisal.

# Buckden 5: Land at Westfield Farm, Great North Road, Buckden

Site reference	Buckden 5
Site name	Land at Westfield Farm, Great North Road, Buckden

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land at Westfield Farm, Great North Road, Buckden	Buckden	2.45

### **Promoter's Intentions**

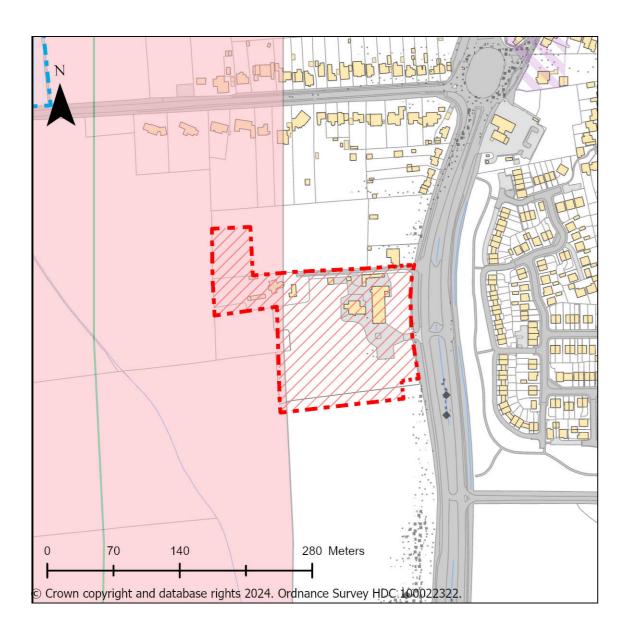
Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
<ul> <li>Residential:</li> <li>Market and/or affordable housing</li> <li>Self and custom build housing</li> </ul>	<ul><li>38 homes (16 market and 12 affordable homes)</li><li>2 self and custom build plots</li></ul>	Available 2024 - 2028 Build out over 1 - 2 years
Open space:	0.2 ha for open space	
<ul> <li>Natural, green for open spaces</li> <li>Biodiversity net gain opportunities</li> </ul>	0.25ha for biodiversity net gain	

### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:311
Relevant planning history	None relevant
Land type	Part previously developed land and part greenfield land
Current use of the site	Agricultural land
Supporting information	None submitted

### Fundamental Constraints

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is wholly within flood zone 1 but there some pockets of surface water flood risk within the site mostly concentrated within the portion closest to the A1. The site is classified as being predominately grade 2 agricultural land with the eastern most third of the site being grade 3. The site is slightly higher along the western edge and slopes downwards towards the A1. The rising land to the western edge forms part of a larger landscape feature which continues to rise to the north west across Perry Road. The site is most constrained visually on its eastern side where a mixture of trees, hedgerows and fencing largely obscures the site from view from the footpath which runs along the A1. The northern, southern and western edges of the site are more open with low and medium height hedgerows forming boundary edges. The site contains two residential homes and

a variety of agricultural structures and outbuildings. To paddock of which is small portion is included within the development along Perry Road and fronting onto the A The A1 forms a strong boundary feature to the east sep of Buckden village. To the west and south is open coun Diddington Brook. The site's proximity to the A1 gives ri air and visual forms of pollution for future users.

There is no known contamination or pollution on site ho investigations considering the current use of the site. N the site, however, a portion of the western part of the si Telecommunications cables also run over the site. Ther conservation designations on site. There is currently ac to be further investigated to ensure that safe access can considering how close the access is to the Buckden rou Cambridgeshire County Council and National Highways

The site is partially greenfield and partially previously de of previously developed land or regeneration. It is situated safeguarding area for sand and gravel; engagement with will advise whether this is a viable resource to work. It is b site.

### **Availability**

The site is controlled by a single individual/ company whether the state of the sta are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The si intention to acquire an allocation status and then sell th planning permission and development. The promoter su between 2024 and 2028.

### Achievability

The site promoter has identified that all main services a apart from the public highway which is accessible from the on site so clearance work would be required or integrat if the aspiration is to retain either or both of them. Telec the site. There is currently access from the A1 which wi to ensure that safe access can be secured at this point the access is to the Buckden roundabout. The site pron potential access to be secured from Perry Road as the links to Perry Road although this land has not been sub so is not taken into consideration in this assessment.

### Buckden 2

the north of most of the site is a e site. Beyond this is ribbon 1 along with an allotment garden. parating the site from the main part stryside which gradually falls to ise to constraints in terms of noise,	
owever this may require further lo gas or oil pipelines run through ite falls within an oil pipeline buffer. re are no heritage or nature ccess from the A1 which will need be secured at this point particularly undabout. Consultation with s will be required on this.	
eveloped so will contribute to reuse ted in an extensive mineral th Cambridgeshire County council beyond 400m from a water recycling	
no supports its development. There ite promoter states that it is their ne site to a third party for obtaining uggests the land would be available	+
are accessible from within the site the site boundary. There are buildings tion of existing residential property communications cables run over ill need to be further investigated particularly considering how close moter has stated there is also a the site ownership includes land that bomitted as part of the Call for Sites	~

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are existing structures to clear, the site is located in a sensitive location being so close to the A1 and detached from the main built form of Buckden being on the opposite side of the A1 from that. The site promoter seeks an allocation status and then intends to sell the site to a third party for obtaining planning permission and development. As it appears that a housebuilder is not involved with the site and a planning application has not yet been made, the site is therefore categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	? Yes
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#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Is predominantly grade 2 agricultural land
- Is physically detached from the main built form of Buckden and relates more closely to the countryside
- Has reduced accessibility to village services, shops and facilities
- Has very low potential for integration of built development into the existing community
- Is likely to be impacted from higher levels of air, noise and light pollution arising from its proximity to the A1

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- Is inappropriate for built development
- Will have a detrimental impact the form and character of the area
- Will not support sustainable place-making

### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development.	N/A	N/A

### Updates after the Initial Assessment

# Buckden 6: Land West of A1 from Buckden to Brampton

Site reference	Buckden 6
Site name	Land West of A1 from Buckden to Brampton

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land West of A1 from Buckden to Brampton	Buckden and Brampton	527

#### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential: Market and/or affordable housing Specialist housing Nursing and care homes Commercial: Employment Retail Infrastructure: Supporting infrastructure Health uses Renewable energy Open space uses: Natural, green or open space uses	<ul> <li>Around 9,200 homes</li> <li>Quantity of specialist housing and nursing/ care homes unknown at this stage</li> <li>Around 690,000 sqm (69ha) of employment floorspace</li> <li>Around 260,000 sqm (26ha) of retail floorspace</li> <li>Local centre to include shops, services to support the daily needs of the community, and school(s)</li> <li>Community centres and/or places of worship</li> <li>Open space and play and sport provision to support the local community</li> </ul>	Available 2023 Build out over 30+ years

#### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:363
Relevant planning history	None relevant

	The site was a from Buckden not taken forw Local Plan to
Land type	Predominantly cottages form
Current use of the site	Largely agricu
Supporting information	None submitte

### **Fundamental Constraints**

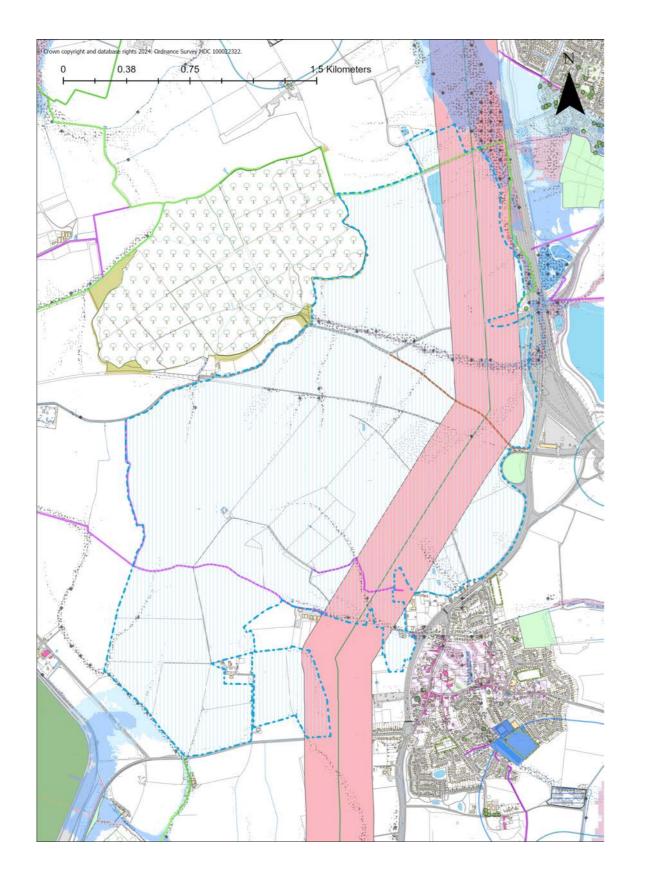
Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	A very limited area classed as flood zone 3b in the north-east corner of the site.	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None within the site	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

assessed in the HELAA 2017 (West of A1 en to Brampton, site reference 208) but was ward as an allocation in the Huntingdonshire 2036.

tly greenfield land/ with some farmhouses and ming previously developed land

cultural land with some residential properties

ted



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

This very extensive area of land lies for the most part adjacent to the A1 in open countryside and extends from Brampton Wood south almost to Grafham Water. The land is almost entirely used as arable farmland, as such the vast majority of the land is greenfield. A small number of farmhouses and cottages within the site form a small amount of previously developed land.

Most of the land is classed as flood zone 1. However, a very small area in the south-west corner of the site, adjacent to Shooter's Hollow Cottage, is classed as flood zone 2. Within the north-east corner and along the eastern boundary to Great North Road, small areas of the land are classed as flood zone 3a and with a very limited area classed as flood zone 3b in the north-east corner of the site. Surface water flood risk is present across the site coinciding with the network of drains found across the site. The vast majority of the land is classed as grade 2 agricultural land. However, a small part of the land which abuts Buckden is classed as grade 3 and a limited area of the land abutting Brampton Wood is classed as non agricultural.

The site is very large and its topography rises towards the centre of the site. The lowest part of the site is at its north eastern corner, the highest along its western side which is some 30m higher. The landscape is generally open with limited substantial vegetation apart from that found along field boundaries. From its northernmost edge to its southernmost edge, the site measures almost 4km and from east to west some 2km. It is wholly within the Southern Wolds Landscape Character Area which is characterised by ridges and valleys with very gently undulating ground divided by the steep ridge that contains Grafham Water. Considering these factors and the rising land levels of the site, development would be visible from a significant distance from a number of different directions and very significantly alter the landscape character of the area and of surrounding settlements such as Brampton, Buckden and Grafham. There are several public rights of way within the site, one that continues from Taylors Lane, another from Hardwick Lane and one from Buckden roundabout.

There is no known contamination or pollution on site however this may require further investigations across the whole of the site area. An oil pipeline and its buffer zone runs through the eastern edge of the site. Large parts of the site are adjacent to the A1 so development may be subject to air, noise and light pollution. There are no heritage or nature conservation designations on site but there are several designations nearby to the site. Brampton Wood SSSI and ancient woodland is adjacent to the north-western boundary of the site and Grafham Water SSSI is around 290m from the southwestern boundary. Development of the site could have significant detrimental impacts on both of these. The site is within 5km of the Portholme Meadow Special Area of Conservation and SSSI located to the east of the site. There are also a number of county wildlife sites within close proximity of the site. Buckden conservation area is situated approximately 200 metres east of the site, is

grade II listed. There is currently access from the A1 which will need to be further scoped to ensure that safe access can be secured at this point particularly considering how close the access is to Buckden roundabout. Assessment will also need to be made on the impact on traffic flows and what sort of infrastructure requirements would be required onto the A1 and the local road network. Engagement with Cambridgeshire County Council and National Highways will be required on this.

The site is predominantly greenfield with some previously developed elements where residential properties are located. As such the development of the site would not contribute towards the reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. The majority of the site is located outside of an extensive mineral safeguarding area, but the north eastern edge of the site is located in an extensive mineral safeguarding area for sand and gravel; engagement with Cambridgeshire County council will advise whether this is a viable resource to work. It is beyond 400m from a water recycling site.

### **Availability**

The site is controlled by a single organisation who support its development. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter states that it is anticipated that the landowner will seek to secure an allocation and planning permission before jointly working with a developer to deliver the scheme. The site promoter states that the Church Commissioners are developing a masterplan for the site which will be underpinned by a suite of technical information but none have been provided to date. The promoter suggests the land is available now.

### Achievability

The site promoter has stated that access to all main services are unknown apart from the public highway which is accessible from the site boundary. The site's topography rises to the west and there is potential for significant landscape impact arising from development. There are multiple nature conservation designations of national significance in very close proximity to the site which form substantial constraints as well as Portholme Meadow to the east which could be impacted by development. The proposed scale of the site would also give rise to significant transport impacts arising from additional traffic and vehicle movements. The site can be accessed from the A1 but the feasibility of this supporting the amount of development will need to be assessed particularly considering the existing capacity constraints arising from the Buckden roundabout on the A1. Considering the constraints to developing the site of this scale, the proposed development is not considered to be achievable.

**Deliverability / developability** 

The site has significant issues and development constraints to overcome and masterplanning would be required including landscape impact, access and transport and impact to nature conservation sites. The site promoter states that it is anticipated that the landowner will seek to secure an allocation and planning permission before jointly working with a developer to deliver the scheme. A masterplan is being prepared which will be supported by technical evidence, it is unclear what studies will be undertaken at this stage and the timelines for producing these. Due to the complexity of potentially delivering a scheme at this scale and considering the very early stages of its masterplanning, the site is categorised as not being deliverable or developable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site consists of 527ha of land and is greenfield land with some previously developed elements •
- Most of the site is classified as flood zone 1 with some minimal elements being within higher • flood risk zones
- The site is generally not accessible to natural greenspace but is near to Grafham Water and is • of a scale that could provide substantial amounts of open space as part of a balanced and mixed community
- The site is located adjacent to the A1(M) nearby to several settlements but is not • particularly accessible via sustainable modes of transport to these to access services and facilities, employment opportunities or shops and education. The proposed development would however be a free standing community which would provide all of these elements
- Is nearby to designated nature conservation designations including being within 5km of Portholme Meadow, as a result it is likely to impact these sites but could provide opportunities to enhance and link these at a strategic scale
- Development would require a new junction onto the A1(M) as well as onto other roads which is • likely to be very costly and may not be feasible in highways terms

+

e?	Although the site is not considered to be suitable, achievable or developable a sustainability appraisal is completed to provide more detailed analysis and evidence to reinforce this assessment due to the potential for the site to influence the overall development strategy for Huntingdonshire should it be brought forward.
	be brought forward.

### 2 Buckden

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

- The site is not served by public transport but could potentially be linked into the public transport network
- A mix of housing sizes, types and tenures would be provided as part of a mixed and balanced community meeting various market and affordable needs
- Development at this scale would result in a very significant impact on the landscape which while of a scale to provide landscape buffers and zones to mitigate impact, would fundamentally alter the character of the area

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- The site is inappropriate for development due to the very significant landscape impact of the development and the scale of development fundamentally impacting the character of the landscape and setting of various settlements.
- Access and a new junction onto the A1(M) will require considerable engagement with Cambridgeshire County Council as well as detailed viability work which has not bee undertaken to date.

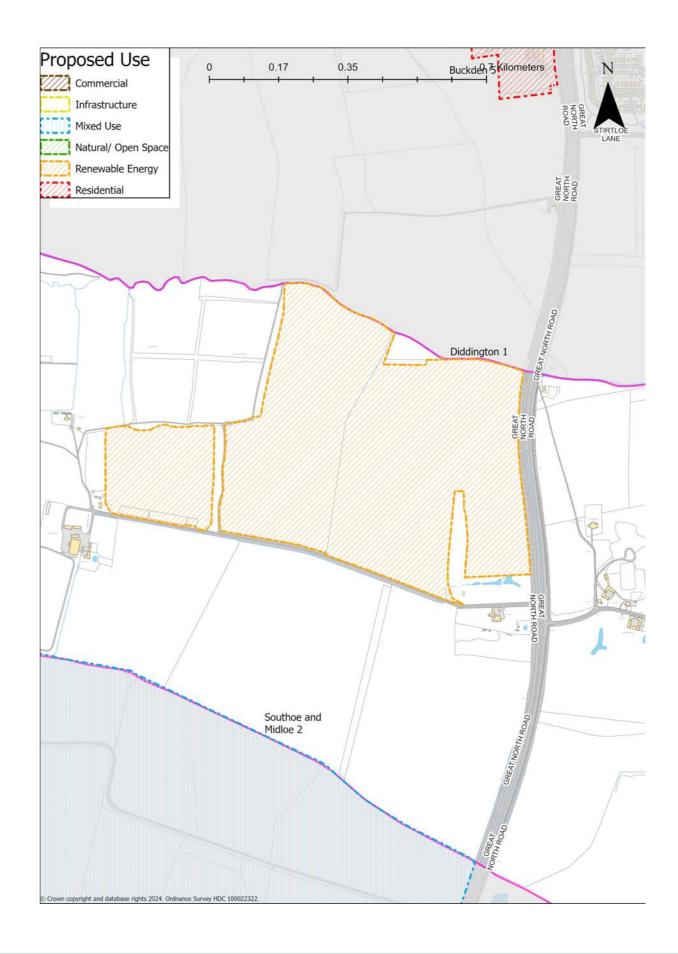
#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development.	N/A	N/A

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

# 3 Diddington

- A total of 1 site has been identified/ put forward through the desktop review or Call for Sites 3.1 process. This is:
  - Diddington 1: Cell Energy, Vicarage Lane, Diddington •



# Diddington 3

### 3 Diddington

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

3.2 Each site plan shows any constraints that impact the site. These constraints are detailed in the opposite legend.



RoFSW\_Extent\_1in100\_HDC

RoFSW\_Extent\_1in1000\_HDC

46

# Hazards and Infrastructure

- Air Quality Management Area
  - Contaminated Land
  - **Overhead Line Towers**
  - **Overhead Line Routes**
- Gas Pipeline
- Gas Pipeline Buffer
- Pipeline (Oil)
- Pipeline (Oil) Buffer
- A428 Notification Area

- Tree Preseveration Order Points
- County Wildlife Lines
  - Bridleway
- Footpath
  - **Restricted Byway**
  - Ancient Woodland
  - Special Area of Conservation (SAC)
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Rivers
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Areas
  - Special Protection Area
  - National Nature Reserve (NNR)
  - Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)
  - Ramsar
  - Tree Preservation Order Areas

Flood Zone 3a Flood Zone 2

# Diddington 1: Cell Energy, Vicarage Lane, Diddington

Site reference	Diddington 1
Site name	Cell Energy, Vicarage Lane, Diddington

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Cell Energy, Vicarage Lane, Diddington	Diddington	47.17

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Infrastructure:	47.17 ha solar farm	Available 2023
Renewable energy - solar		Build out over 12 months

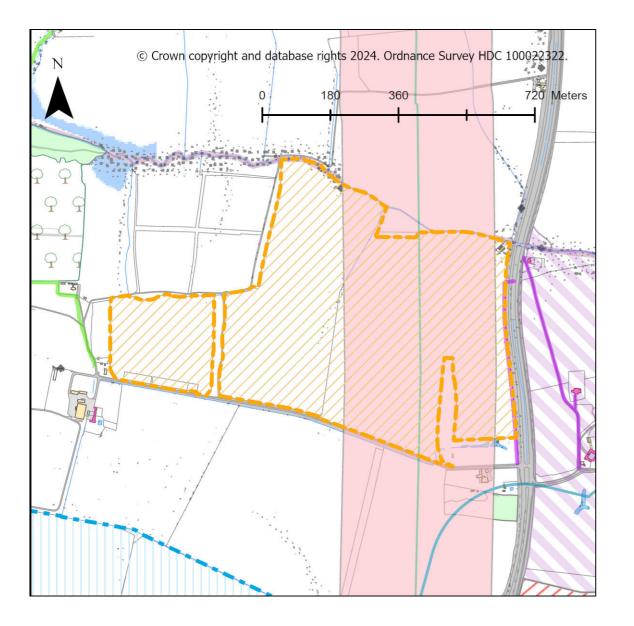
### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:143	
Relevant planning history	<ul> <li>23/00258/FUL for the installation of a solar photovoltaic (PV) park generating up to 35 MW of electricity comprising of ground-mounted photovoltaic solar arrays, together with inverters/transformer stations, Distribution Network Operator (DNO) Substation, customer substation/switchgear and meter kiosk, internal buried cabling and private wire cable to Anglian Water facility, internal access tracks, security fencing and gates and CCTV cameras, upgraded existing site access, other ancillary infrastructure, landscaping and biodiversity enhancements. Pending consideration as at April 2024.</li> </ul>	
Land type	Wholly greenfield land	
Current use of the site	Agricultural land	
Supporting information	• Site location and plan detailing surrounding land in the same ownership (drawing number:	

## Fundamental Constraints

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

C\_D01\_21 1003 Revision 5P) (November 2021).



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is wholly within flood zone 1, there are some large areas of surface water flood risk located along the site's northern boundary which in places flows into the centre of the site. This flood risk is attributed to Diddington Brook. The site is mostly classified as grade 3 agricultural land, however there are small portions of the site's northern and western edges that are classified as grade 2. The site consists of several fields clearly marked by field lines and strong boundary edges arising from dense vegetation. The southern part of the site is some 20m higher than the northern edge. It adjoins Jubilee Copse and Coronation

Wood on its north western corner. The A1 forms a clean north, southwest and south is predominantly open cour properties the south close to each corner of the souther

There is no known contamination or pollution on site. N site, however an oil pipeline runs through the site and a oil pipeline buffer zone. Telecommunications cables run northern boundaries. There are no heritage or nature of However, the site is in close proximity to country wildlife site can be accessed via a trackway along Vicarage Lan A1.

The site is wholly greenfield so will not contribute to reur regeneration. The vast majority of the site is not situate safeguarding area, but the north eastern corner of the s mineral safeguarding area; engagement with Cambridg whether this is a viable resource to work. It is beyond 4

### Availability

The site is controlled by a single individual/ company w site promoter has identified that the site has been option restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter states t planning permission and then sell the site to a third part that the land is leased by the owner for 40 years. The p be available from 2023.

### Achievability

The site promoter has identified that the public highway a infrastructure are accessible from the site boundary wit and electricity supply being not immediately accessible no clearance work would be required. Telecommunicati southern and northern boundaries. The site can be acce Lan which connects directly onto the A1.

### Deliverability / developability

There are no existing structures to clear but the site's lo any future development will need to be sensitive to its la to reduce and mitigate any landscape impact. The site pr before acquiring planning permission and then selling t development. It appears the site has already been option plan shows that the much of the land around the site is

r eastern edge to the site. To the ntryside with two large residential ern boundary. Io gas pipelines run through the about half of the site falls within the a long the site's southern and conservation designations on site. e sites and ancient woodland. The ne which connects directly onto the use of previously developed land or ed in an extensive mineral site falls within the sand and gravel geshire County council will advise 00m from a water recycling site.	
who supports its development. The oned. There are no known legal that it their intention to acquire rty for development. They identify promoter suggests the land would	+
and digital and telecommunications th gas supply, mains water supply e. There are no buildings on site so ions cables run along the site's issed via a trackway along Vicarage	+
ocation and topography means that andscape setting and be designed romoter does not seek an allocation the site to a third party for ned. The site location and boundary within the ownership of the site	~

promoter's client. It shows that there will be two parcels of land used for solar panels and a private wire cable route of approximately 3m wide running to the west of the site. There is also proposed to be a UKPN 33kVA cable route to connect the panels to the grid. Consultation will be required with various utilities providers. A planning application is pending consideration for a solar farm, as this has not yet been determined the site is categorised as developable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	Yes
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### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Is wholly greenfield land with most of the site classified as grade 3 agricultural land
- Is in very close proximity to designated nature sites and ancient woodland •
- Is adjacent to the Great Ouse Valley and Grafham Water Green Infrastructure Priority Areas •
- Surface water flood risk along boundary adjoining Diddington Brook •
- Solar farm will assist in the generation of renewable energy •
- There may be some impact on designated heritage assets but this is likely to be minimal considering that development will be ground mounted solar panels

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- Is potentially appropriate for a solar farm development incorporating appropriate levels of • landscaping to mitigate landscape impact and harm to designated nature conservation sites.
- Solar farm will assist in the generation of renewable energy •

### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 47.17 ha.	Infrastructure - renewable energy - solar	Available 2024 - 2028
80% net developable area to allow for appropriate landscaping.	<b>37.7ha</b> of ground mounted solar panels	Build out over 12 months in line with site promoter's expectations
47.17 ha x standard proportion of 80% = <b>37.7 ha</b>		

Updates after the Initial Assessment

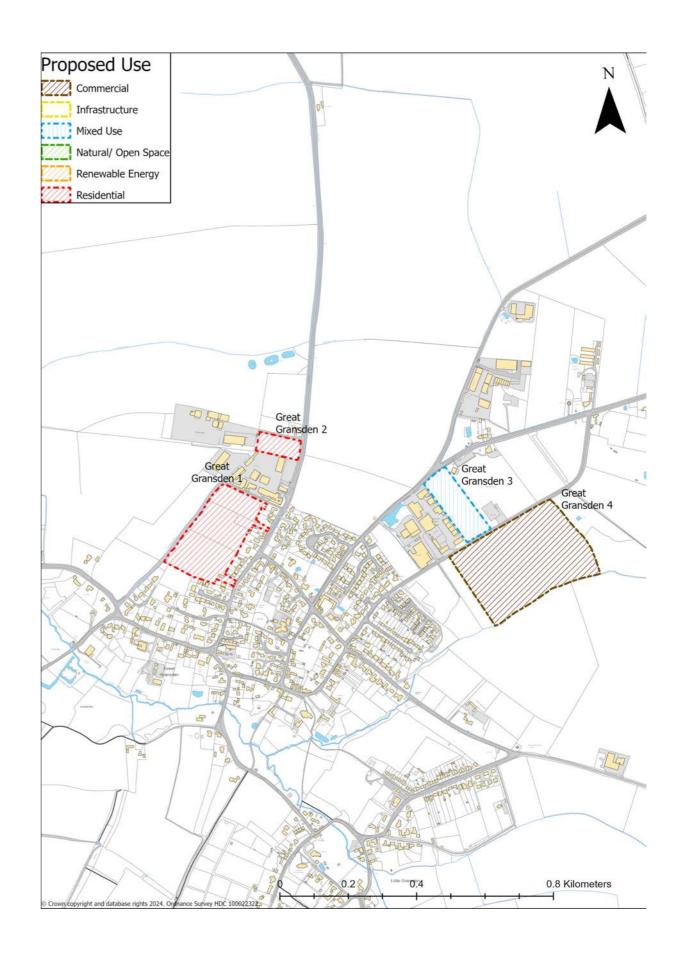
### Diddington 3

# 4 Great Gransden

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

## 4 Great Gransden

- **4.1** A total of 4 sites have been identified/ put forward through the desktop review or Call for Sites process. These are:
  - Great Gransden 1: Land West of West Street, Great Gransden
  - Great Gransden 2: Land West of Eltisley Road, Great Gransden
  - Great Gransden 3: Land South of Caxton Road, Great Gransden
  - Great Gransden 4: Land at Sand Road, Great Gransden



Each site plan shows any constraints that impact the site. These constraints are detailed in the 4.2 opposite legend.



- RoFSW\_Extent\_1in30\_HDC
- RoFSW\_Extent\_1in100\_HDC

RoFSW\_Extent\_1in1000\_HDC

Flood Zone 2

### Great Gransden 4

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

# Hazards and Infrastructure Air Quality Management Area Contaminated Land Overhead Line Towers **Overhead Line Routes** — Gas Pipeline Gas Pipeline Buffer — Pipeline (Oil) Pipeline (Oil) Buffer A428 Notification Area Tree Preseveration Order Points County Wildlife Lines Bridleway — Footpath **Restricted Byway** Ancient Woodland Special Area of Conservation (SAC) Cambs Wildlife Sites Rivers Cambs Wildlife Sites Areas Special Protection Area National Nature Reserve (NNR) Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) Ramsar Tree Preservation Order Areas Flood Zone 3b Flood Zone 3a

# 4 Great Gransden

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

# Great Gransden 1: Land West of West Street, Great Gransden

Site reference	Great Gransden 1
Site name	Land West of West Street, Great Gransden

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land West of West Street, Great Gransden	Great Gransden	4.4

### **Promoter's Intentions**

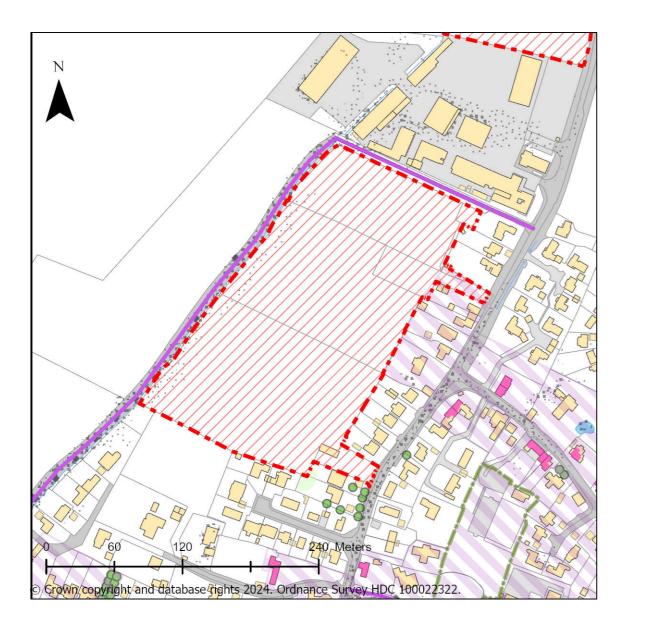
Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	65 homes	Available 2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable housing		Build out over 2 years

### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:257	
Relevant planning history	<ul> <li>18/02720/OUT - Outline planning permission for the erection of up to 33 dwellings with all matters reserved apart from access. This was withdrawn in February 2020.</li> <li>22/01631/PIP - Permission in principle for residential development containing up to eight dwellings (rural exceptions housing) on the south eastern corner of the site. This was refused in April 2023.</li> <li>The site was included in the HELAA (2017) (124 - North West of West Street, Great Gransden), the site was considered potentially suitable for low density residential development across a net developable area of 60% of the site but was not taken forward as an allocation.</li> </ul>	
Land type	Wholly greenfield land	
Current use of the site	Agricultural land	
Supporting information	<ul> <li>Design Vision Document (June 2023)</li> <li>Supporting text to CfS257</li> </ul>	



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is located wholly within flood zone 1, there is some surface water flood risk along its western edge. The site is classified as grade 2 agricultural land with no existing structures on site apart from an agricultural building which is situated along the eastern boundary. The site is located on the western edge of Great Gransden. The site slopes downwards in a westerly direction, to its low point at the south western boundary. To the north of the site is an existing industrial area which has permission to be relocated and redeveloped for self and custom build homes. To the east and south is residential development and to the west of the site is open countryside. The site hosts substantial trees and hedgerows along its boundaries and within the site which is virtually sub-divided into three parts by

existing mature trees and hedgerows. These contribute conservation area and act as a constraint to developme the site's western and northern boundaries.

The site promoter has stated that in support of a previo Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment (dated October that the potential sources of contamination at the site p development. No gas or oil pipelines run through the si (HV) cables within the site. The central portion of the si area. There is potential for archaeology on site particular practices which will require investigation. There are no on site but the site promoter in their Call for Sites submi studies on site have shown the presence of bats on site ecological value. There is a footpath connection at its s a pedestrian path. There are two points of access, one site, both adjoining to West Street and both fairly narrow December 2018) identified that suitable highway acces arrangement, footways and visibility splays that were in standards. This will need to be reviewed with the Count case when considering the proposed capacity of the sit

The site is wholly greenfield so will not contribute to reu regeneration. It is not situated in an extensive mineral s 400m from a water recycling site.

### Availability

The site is controlled by a single family who supports its legal restrictions affecting the site. In terms of land cont company is involved with the site. The site promoter sta the development directly via a housebuilder and that th the site can be made available for development. The pr be available between 2024 and 2028.

### Achievability

The site promoter has identified that all main services are apart from a gas supply. The site is broadly level and th clearance work would be required, there are however qui trees and hedgerows. The access to the site is from We access will need careful consideration.

### **Deliverability / developability**

### Great Gransden 4

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

e to the setting of the adjacent ent. A public right of way runs along ous planning application on site a r 2018) was undertaken, it identified presented a low risk to residential the but there are overhead 11kV ite is adjacent to the conservation ity arising from medieval agricultural nature conservation designations ission has highlighted that previous e and presence of other wildlife of bouth western corner which links to to the south and to the north of the w. A Transport Statement dated as could be provided, with junction in accordance with highway design ty Council to ensure this is still the te.	
a development. There are no known trol arrangements, a development ates that it their intention to deliver here are no issues to resolve before romoter suggests the land would	+
e accessible from the site boundary here are no buildings on site so no ite considerable amounts of mature est Street which is fairly narrow so	~
	~

### 4 Great Gransden

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

There are no existing structures to clear but the impact on the immediate setting of the conservation area will need careful consideration in design terms and landscape mitigation as well as the impact on any mature trees and hedgerows. The site promoter does not seek an allocation before acquiring planning permission. As it appears that the site promoter does not intend the scheme to be a rural exception scheme, the site's development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support its development. The site is therefore categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage? Yes	
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#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Is wholly greenfield grade 2 agricultural land
- In walking distance to village services and facilities and employment opportunities
- Accessible to natural green space
- Located on the western edge of the village and could be integrated into the existing place and community
- Limited public transport access
- Potential for some impact on heritage assets and archaeology

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- Has potential to provide built development of a scale that could be integrated into the existing place and community
- Should provide landscaping to minimise the visual impact of development

#### HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 4.4 ha 60% net developable area allowed due to need for landscaping, SuDs to address surface water flood risk and allow for sensitive design to minimise harm any impact on heritage assets.	Residential - market and/or affordable homes	Available 2024 - 2028

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
4.4 ha x standard proportion of 60% = 2.64 ha	Very low density of 25 dph anticipated due to the edge of village location. Very low density of 25 dph = 2.64 ha x 25 dph = <b>66</b> homes	Build out over 2 years

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

## Great Gransden 2: Land West of Eltisley Road, Great Gransden

Site reference	Great Gransden 2
Site name	Land West of Eltisley Road, Great Gransden

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land West of Eltisley Road, Great Gransden	Great Gransden	0.7

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	circa 15 homes	Available 2023
Market and/or affordable housing		Build out over 1 to 2 years

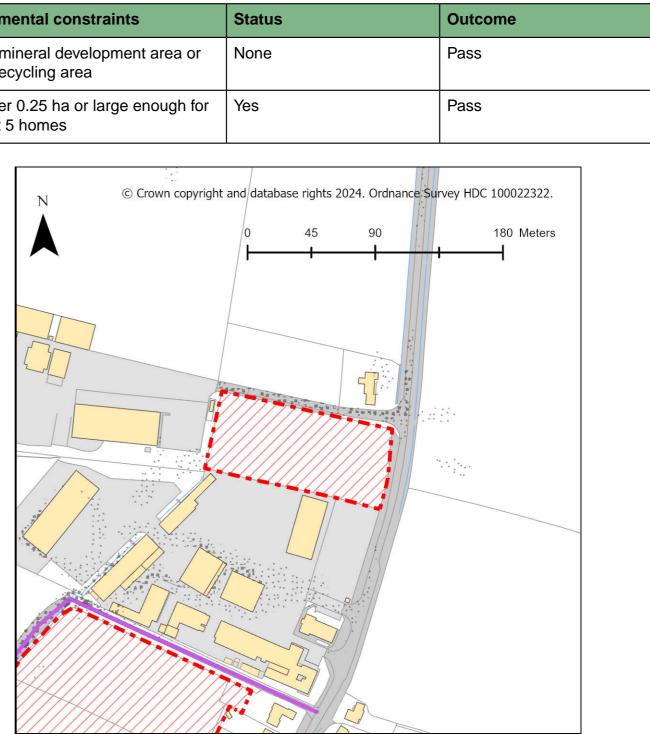
### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:249
Relevant planning history	None relevant
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Agricultural land
Supporting information	None submitted

### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass

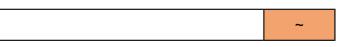
Fundamental constraints	Status
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes



### **Assessment of Site Potential**

Context, constraints and potential suitability

# Great Gransden 4



## 4 Great Gransden

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

The site is wholly located within flood zone 1 and the only recorded risk from surface water flooding is a very small amount in the site's south western corner. The site is classified as grade 2 agricultural land with no existing structures on site. The site is broadly level but slopes downwards slightly towards its western end. The site is set within landscape that is gently rising in a northern direction from Great Gransden. The site is completely enclosed by vegetation on all sides obscuring much of the site from public view. To the south of the site is Kingspan Timber Solution's industrial site (this has permission to redevelop the site for self and custom build residential properties). To the west is another employment site and to the north of the site is a residential property. It is also opposite a field used for the Gransden Show.

There is no known contamination or pollution on site. No gas or oil pipelines run through the site. There are no heritage assets within the site and there are no nature conservation designations on site. Vehicular access can be achieved from Eltisley Road but there is no footpath to the site. If development were to take place, some of the established vegetation along the site's boundaries would possibly have to be removed to establish an access point into the site.

The site is wholly greenfield so will not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. It is not situated in a mineral safeguarding area and it is beyond 400m from a water recycling site.

### Availability

The site is controlled by a single individual who supports its development. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter states that it is their intention to acquire planning permission following the site being allocated. The development will be delivered by an SME or potentially via self-builders. The promoter suggests the land would be available from 2023.

#### Achievability

The site promoter has identified that all main services are accessible from the site boundary. The site is broadly level and there are no buildings on site so no clearance work would be required, however some vegetation would probably have to be removed to provide an access into the site from Eltisley Road.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no existing structures to clear but some vegetation would have to be removed. There will need to be careful consideration on its landscape impact and how it can integrate with surrounding uses. Even though the site to the south has planning permission for residential development, it is unclear when this may be delivered which may impact the

viability of proposals on this site. The site promoter seeks an allocation before acquiring planning permission and then seeks to deliver the development via potentially SME housebuilders or custom and self builders. The site is therefore categorised as developable.

Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Is wholly greenfield land classified as grade 2 agricultural land •
- Remote from public transport access and natural green space •
- In close proximity to local services and employment but there is no footpath provision connecting the site
- Development of the whole site would be out of character until the adjoining site is redeveloped • for housing
- Very low potential to integrate built development into the existing community so it would not support sustainable place-making

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

Is potentially appropriate for built development once the adjoining site is developed for housing

### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 0.70 ha 90% net developable area allowed for incorporation of landscaping.	Residential - market and/or affordable homes and custom and self build housing	Post delivery of adjoining site
0.7 ha x 90% = <b>0.63 ha</b>	Very low density of 25 dph anticipated due to the edge of village location.	
	Capacity = 0.63 ha x 25 dph = <b>16 homes</b>	

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e?	Yes

Updates after the Initial Assessment

# Great Gransden 4

## Great Gransden 3: Land South of Caxton Road, Great Gransden

Site reference	Great Gransden 3
Site name	Land South of Caxton Road, Great Gransden

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land South of Caxton Road, Great Gransden	Great Gransden	1.8

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	41 homes	Available 2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable housing	or	Build out over 2 years
Or	6,500 sqm of mixed	
Commercial:	commercial floorspace	
Employment		

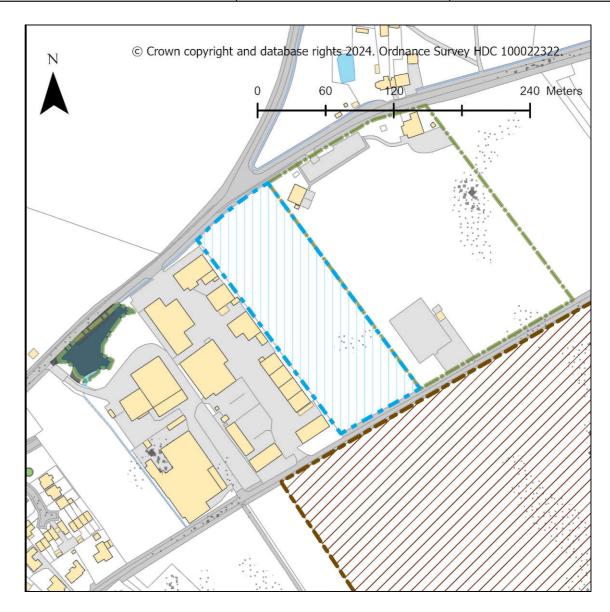
### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:202
Relevant planning history	None relevant
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Agricultural land
Supporting information	None submitted

### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is wholly located within flood zone 1 and there is only a small patch of recorded surface water flood risk within the southern part of the site. The site is classified as grade 2 agricultural land with no existing structures on site. The site is broadly level. The site's boundaries are clearly marked by lines of hedgerows and trees. Along Caxton Road and Sand Road, the site is enclosed by trees which largely obscure the site from public view. The site is adjoins the Sand Road Industrial Estate on its western edge and a sports field and sports club on its eastern edge. The football club is designated as a local green space within the Great Gransden Neighbourhood Plan. To the south is open countryside but the field opposite this site has also been submitted in the Call for Sites for employment development. To the north is open agricultural land. The site promoter has submitted the site for either residential development or employment development. They state that it is the preference of the landowners to develop the site for housing but could provide employment as a fall back position. The integration of housing next to the industrial estate and football club will need very careful consideration and masterplanning.

There is no known contamination or pollution on site. No gas or oil pipelines run through the site. There are no heritage assets within the site and there are no nature conservation designations on site. Access can be achieved from Caxton Road and/or Sand Road but trees and hedging will have to be removed to provide this. It may be more likely that access would have to be from Sand Road due to the position of a small junction along Caxton Road where Hardwicke Road joins. The views of Cambridgeshire County Council will be required to assess this.

The site is wholly greenfield so will not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. It is not situated in an extensive mineral safeguarding area and it is beyond 400m from a water recycling site.

### **Availability**

The site is controlled by a single family who supports its development. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter states that it is their is intention to obtain an allocation status and then sell the site to a third party to secure planning permission and develop the site. The promoter suggests the land would be available between 2024 and 2028.

#### Achievability

The site promoter has identified that the public highway is accessible from the site boundary, gas supply is not immediately accessible and that access to mains water supply, electricity supply and digital and telecommunications infrastructure are unknown. The site promoter has stated that these are unknown at this time because a utilities search has not yet been

completed; but they consider it is likely the site has acc Industrial Estate and sports club are understood to ben is broadly level and there are no buildings on site so no The access to the site could be achieved from Caxton

### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no existing structures to clear. The site prombefore selling the site to a third party for obtaining plan The site is therefore categorised as developable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Is wholly greenfield land classified as grade 2 agricultural land •
- Adjoins existing employment development
- Limited access to public transport
- Residential development in proximity to the industrial estate would be out of character with the • pattern of development within Great Gransden
- The compatibility of uses with large scale residential adjacent to Sand Road industrial estate • may present multiple amenity issues in relation to transport movements, noise and vibration.
- It is considered that the proposed residential use may present difficulties with integration with the existing uses.
- It adjoins an existing industrial estate and could provide an opportunity to expand it providing • greater diversity in employment options within the settlement.
- It adjoins an existing industrial estate and could provide an opportunity to expand it providing greater diversity in employment options within the settlement

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- Is not appropriate for residential development, considering the proximity to the industrial estate and that such large cluster of residential properties would be out of character with the pattern of development within Great Gransden
- May be appropriate for employment development as an extension to the existing Sand Road • Industrial Estate

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### Great Gransden 4

cess to utilities as the adjoining hefit from service provision. The site clearance work would be required. Road and/or Sand Road.	
noter seeks an allocation status ining permission and development.	~

? Yes	
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# 4 Great Gransden

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

## HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of <b>1.8 ha</b>	Commercial - employment	Available 2024 - 2028
For solely employment developments, the gross site area is used as there is usually minimal differences between net and gross site areas due to the need for large amounts of hardstanding for parking, manoeuvring and deliveries and more incidental landscaping.	The industrial areas (0.40 plot ratio) has been used to calculate a potential capacity for the site as this is complimentary to the adjoining land uses: 0.40 plot ratio x 1.8 ha = 0.72 ha of land for employment uses equating to <b>7,200 sqm.</b>	Build out over 2 years

### Updates after the Initial Assessment

## Great Gransden 4: Land at Sand Road, Great Gransden

Site reference	Great Gransden 4
Site name	Land at Sand Road, Great Gransden

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land at Sand Road, Great Gransden	Great Gransden	8.52

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Commercial:	Phased development that could provide between 5,000	Available 2024 - 2028
Employment	and 10,000 sqm	Build out over 3 - 4 years

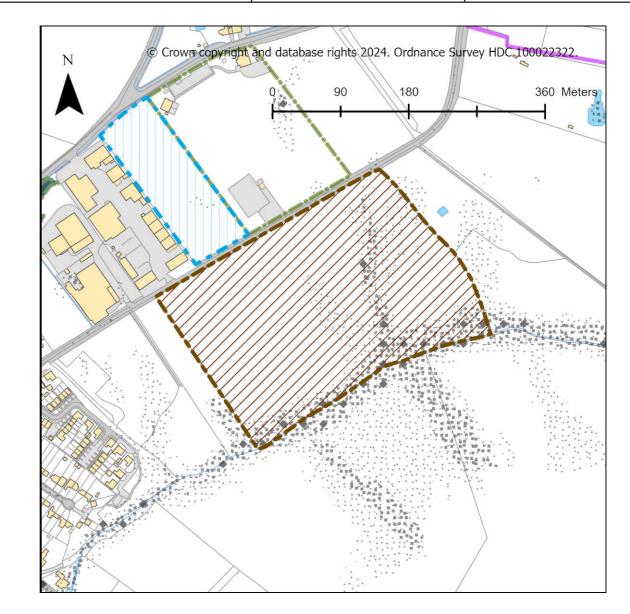
### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:297	
Relevant planning history	None relevant	
Land type	Wholly greenfield land	
Current use of the site	Agricultural land	
Supporting information	None submitted	

### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass

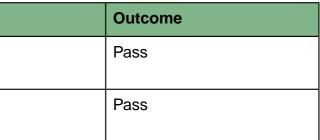
Fundamental constraints	Status
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes



### **Assessment of Site Potential**

Context, constraints and potential suitability

# Great Gransden 4



### 4 Great Gransden

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

The site is wholly located within flood zone 1 but there is guite considerable risk from surface water flooding along the site's southern boundary and on its eastern side arising from its proximity to Mandean Brook. The site is classified as grade 2 agricultural land with no existing structures on site. The site slopes downwards somewhat in a south eastern direction and as such development would be prominent in long distance views in the landscape. Along Sand Road there is a line of vegetation obscuring much of the site from public view although it is more visible during winter. The site's boundaries are clearly delineated with a hedgerow on the western side, Mandean Brook on the southern boundary and a copse on the eastern edge. The frontage to Sand Road is entirely open with just a narrow strip of grassland separating the arable field from the road. To the north are Sand Road Industrial Estate and a sports field and sports club. To the west is a field which separates the site from the edge of Great Gransden. To the south and south east is open countryside in agricultural use with a small copse adjoining the north eastern corner of the site.

There is no known contamination or pollution on site. No gas or oil pipelines run through the site. Telegraph poles run along the site's western edge. There are no heritage assets within the site and there are no nature conservation designations on site. Access could be achieved from Sand Road.

The site is wholly greenfield so will not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. It is not situated in an extensive mineral safeguarding area and it is beyond 400m from a water recycling site.

#### **Availability**

The site is controlled by a single family who supports its development. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter states that it is their intention to acquire planning permission and then sell the site to a third party for development. The promoter suggests the land would be available between 2024 and 2028.

#### Achievability

The site promoter has identified that all main services are accessible from the site boundary apart from a gas supply. The site slopes downwards somewhat in a south eastern direction meaning that is landscape impact would be greater. Surface water flood risk is a constraint at the southern and eastern edge of the site but these parts could be used for landscaping to mitigate against any impact and also keeping development outside of areas at risk of known flooding. There are no buildings on site so no clearance work would be required.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no existing structures to clear but the impact on the landscape will need careful consideration in design and landscape mitigation. The site promoter does not seek an allocation before acquiring planning permission and then selling the site to a third party for development. As a result, the site's development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support its development. The site is therefore categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Apprai

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Is wholly greenfield land classified as grade 2 agricultural land •
- Very limited public transport access •
- Has considerable surface water flood risk •
- Is detached from the main built form of the village although partially located adjacent to existing • employment development
- Is prominent in the local landscape and likely to give rise to significant landscape impact •

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

Is inappropriate for built development due to the potential serious adverse impacts on the • landscape

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development.	N/A	N/A

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

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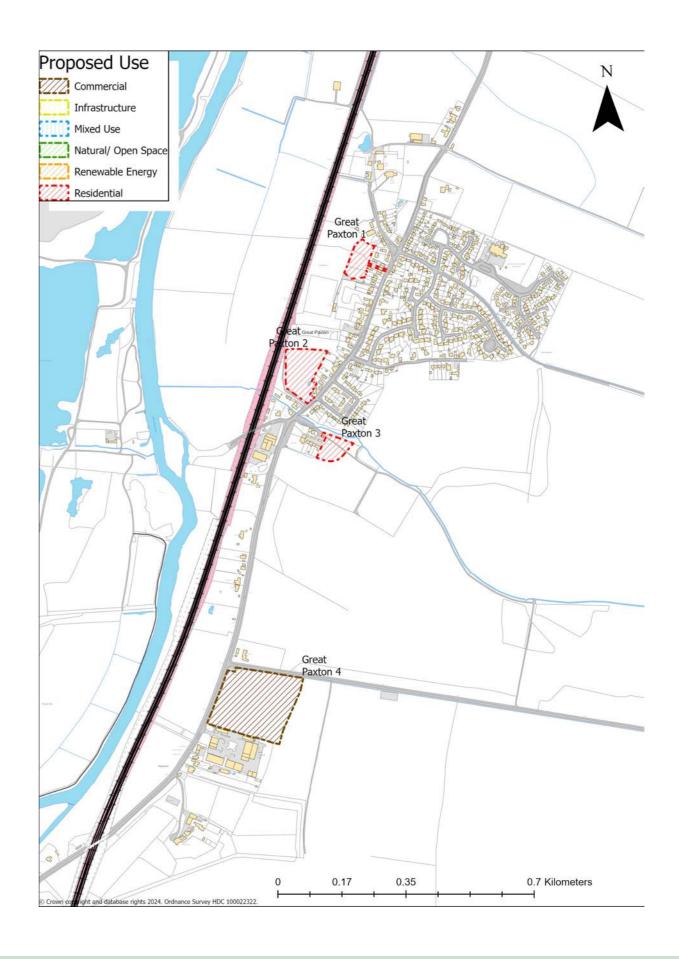
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e?	Yes

# **5 Great Paxton**

- 5.1 A total of 4 sites have been identified/ put forward through the desktop review or Call for Sites process. These are:
  - Great Paxton 1: West of High Street, Great Paxton •
  - Great Paxton 2: Land to the West of High Street, Great Paxton •
  - Great Paxton 3: Land East of Dovecote Lane, Great Paxton •
  - Great Paxton 4: Land North of Harley Industrial Park, Paxton Hill, Great Paxton •
- Please note that 'St Neots 1: Land North of Priory Park, St Neots' also partially falls within 5.2 Great Paxton and Little Paxton parishes, but it has been included under St Neots as most of the site lies within that parish area.



## Great Paxton 5

### **5** Great Paxton

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

5.3 Each site plan shows any constraints that impact the site. These constraints are detailed in the opposite legend.



RoFSW\_Extent\_1in100\_HDC

RoFSW\_Extent\_1in1000\_HDC

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# Hazards and Infrastructure

- Air Quality Management Area
  - Contaminated Land
  - **Overhead Line Towers**
  - **Overhead Line Routes**
- Gas Pipeline
- Gas Pipeline Buffer
- Pipeline (Oil)
- Pipeline (Oil) Buffer
- A428 Notification Area

- Tree Preseveration Order Points
- County Wildlife Lines
  - Bridleway
- Footpath
  - **Restricted Byway**
  - Ancient Woodland
  - Special Area of Conservation (SAC)
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Rivers
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Areas
  - Special Protection Area
  - National Nature Reserve (NNR)
  - Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)
  - Ramsar
  - Tree Preservation Order Areas

Flood Zone 3a Flood Zone 2

# Great Paxton 1: West of High Street, Great Paxton

Site reference	Great Paxton 1
Site name	West of High Street, Great Paxton

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
West of High Street, Great Paxton	Great Paxton	0.5

## **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	9 plots	Available 2023
Custom and self build housing		Build out over 1 to 2 years

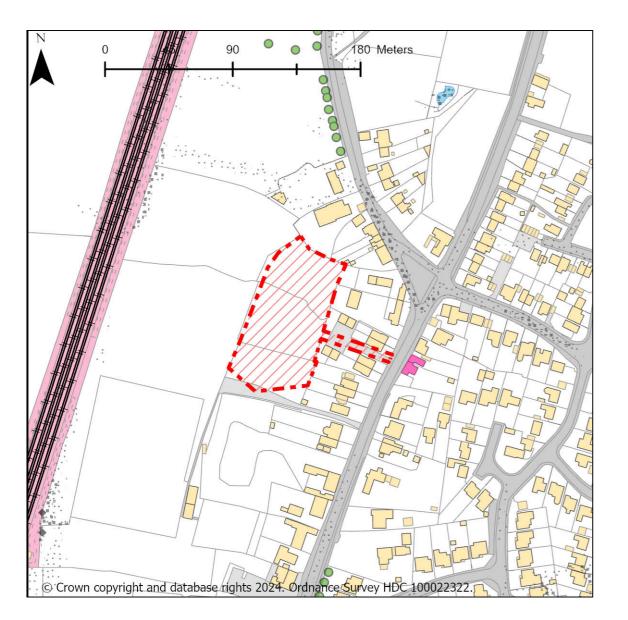
#### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:14	
Relevant planning history	<ul> <li>None relevant on the site but on the adjoining site there 19/00959/FUL permitted in December 2019 for redevelopment to provide 4 x 4-bed semi-detached dwellings and 1 x 5-bed detached dwelling with associated accesses, landscaping and demolition of existing buildings. Provision of parking spaces to serve adjacent dwelling number 76 High Street.</li> <li>Part of the site was included in the HELAA (2017) (140 -Southwest of Church Lane, Great Paxton), the site was not considered suitable and was not taken forward as an allocation.</li> </ul>	
Land type	Wholly greenfield land	
Current use of the site	Agricultural/grassland	
Supporting information	<ul> <li>Heritage Statement (May 2019)</li> <li>Proposed Site Plan showing plot layout (drawing number: 0897 SAP XX XX DR A 00000 SO Rev 01) (June 2023)</li> </ul>	

## Fundamental Constraints

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

# Great Paxton 5



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is wholly located within flood zone 1 with no recorded risk of surface water flooding. The site is grade 3 agricultural land and contains overgrown vegetation and trees. The site is broadly level and is largely obscured from view as it is located behind residential development along the High Street. The site adjoins residential development to the north and east. Along its southern boundary it adjoins an access route to the football club and playing fields. To the west is part of the recreation ground with further scrubland north of this. There is no known contamination or pollution on site. Not the site, there are however some electricity poles that rul land is near to the East Coast Mainline Railway so nois There are no nature conservation designations on site, the Great Ouse Valley strategic green infrastructure area. within the site. The site's proposed access is opposite to proposed development site is backland and largely obs on heritage is reduced. The site promoter has submitte Statement dated May 2019 which was undertaken to se application (19/00959/FUL) which redeveloped the adjo onto the High Street for five homes.

The adjoining planning permission secured an access re units at the back of the proposed dwellings, from the site for Sites submission it appears that the site promoter se past the garages and into this site. In their submission, the advice from Cambridgeshire County Council confirmed private access. Based on the indicative site plan submiextend further than those properties to the north, additi the adjoining land have already started to establish in of Street in the immediate vicinity.

The site is wholly greenfield so will not contribute to reure regeneration. It is situated in an extensive mineral safe engagement with Cambridgeshire County Council will a resource to work. It is beyond 400m from a water recycle

### Availability

The site is in multiple ownership all of whom support its legal restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter state planning permission and then sell each plot to a self/cust identified that this site could assist in meeting the self a Neots and surrounding areas. The promoter suggests t 2023.

### Achievability

The site promoter has identified that all main services a from the public highway which is accessible from the site on site so no clearance work would be required but the clearance of existing trees and vegetation. Cables runn masts do run over the site and would need to be incorpobe achieved from the High Street.

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lo gas or oil pipes lines run through un through and around the site. The se could potentially be an issue. , however, the site is located within a. There are no heritage designations two listed buildings, but as the scured from public view the impact ed alongside this site a Heritage support the adjoining planning oining site with a direct frontage	
route from the High Street to garage te plan submitted as part of the Call seeks to extend this access route he site promoter states that transport d the access can be utilised as a itted, the building line would not tionally, the garages permitted on depth development along the High	
use of previously developed land or eguarding area for sand and gravel; advise whether this is a viable cling site.	
s development. There are no known tes that it is their intention to acquire stom builder. The site promoter has and custom build interest for the St the land would be available from	+
are accessible within the site apart te boundary. There are no buildings ere will need to be extensive site ning between telecommunication orated. The access to the site could	~

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no existing structures to clear but the location means that any future development will need to be sensitive to its immediate environment being a backland site. The site promoter does not seek an allocation before acquiring planning permission and then selling the site to self/custom builders. As the site is within the built up area of Great Paxton this site may offer an opportunity for small scale organic growth within the village providing that all criteria are met and mitigations are put in place. The adjoining development permitted under 19/00959/FUL is now complete and it appears an access could be provided through this. As no planning application has yet been submitted and it is the intention to sell the site to self and custom builders, the site is therefore categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?

#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

Yes

- Is wholly greenfield land
- Is accessible to natural green space ۲
- Good accessibility to local services and employment opportunities
- Not at risk from flooding
- In very close proximity to the East Coast Mainline Railway which could increase levels of noise pollution
- Development could be integrated into the existing place and community •

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- May be appropriate for built development that could be integrated within the existing place and • community
- Support residential development on sites of less than 1ha •
- Should include adequate noise mitigation and landscaping to mitigate the impact of the East • Coast Mainline Railway

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 0.5 ha 80% net developable area allowed due to need for landscaping and noise mitigation. 0.5 ha x 80% = <b>0.4 ha</b>	Residential - self and custom build plots or market and/or affordable homes Very low density of 25 dph anticipated due to the edge of village location. Very low density of 25 dph = 0.4 ha x 25 dph = <b>10 homes</b>	Available from 2023 Build out over 1 to 2 years

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

# **Great Paxton 5**

# Great Paxton 2: Land to the West of High Street, Great Paxton

Site reference	Great Paxton 2
Site name	Land to the West of High Street, Great Paxton

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land to the West of High Street, Great Paxton	Great Paxton	1.12

## **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	30 homes	Available 2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable housing		Build out over 1 year

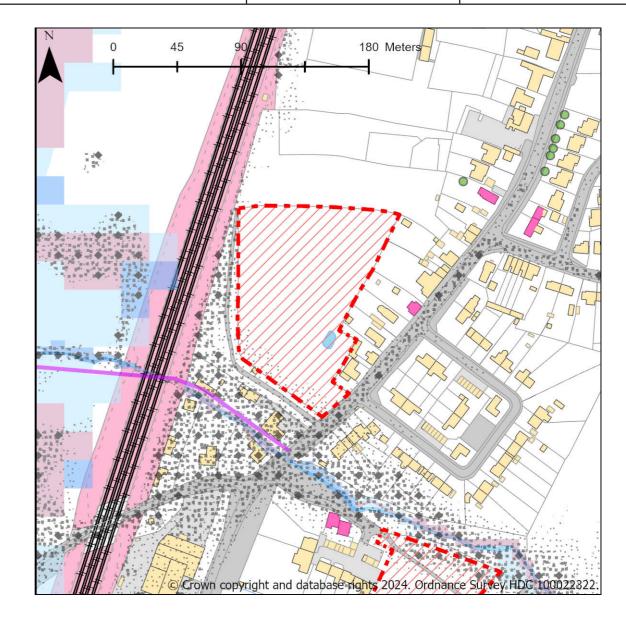
### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:309
Relevant planning history	None relevant
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Agricultural land
Supporting information	Infographic promoting the advantages of the site

### **Fundamental Constraints**

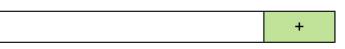
Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



## Assessment of Site Potential

Context, constraints and potential suitability



The site is wholly located within flood zone 1, there is recorded risk from surface water flooding along the site's western and southern edges. The site is classified as grade 3 agricultural land and is in use as grassland. There are no existing structures on site. The site is broadly level with a pond present within the site. The site adjoins residential development along its eastern and southern boundaries, to the north is a field separating the site from the football club and playing fields. Immediately to the west is the East Coast mainline railway so noise would be a constraint. The site is well contained on several sites with established tree and hedgerow lines. It is most open where it adjoins the High Street from which there are clear views into the site.

There is no known contamination or pollution on site. No gas or oil pipes lines run through the site, there are however some electricity poles running along the site's frontage with the High Street. There are no nature conservation designations on site, however, the site is located within the Great Ouse Valley green infrastructure area. There are no heritage designations within the site but there is a listed building at 26 High Street that adjoins the eastern edge of the site. Access can be achieved from the High Street.

The site is wholly greenfield so will not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. It is situated in an extensive mineral safeguarding area for sand and gravel; engagement with Cambridgeshire County council will advise whether this is a viable resource to work. It is beyond 400m from a water recycling site.

### **Availability**

The site is controlled by a Charitable Trust who support its development. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter has stated that at present it is unknown how the site will be delivered. The promoter suggests the land would be available between 2024 and 2028.

### **Achievability**

The site promoter has identified that all main services are accessible from the site boundary. There are no buildings on site so no clearance work would be required. Cables running between telecommunication masts do run along the site's frontage. The access to the site is from the High Street where there is also an established footpath.

### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no existing structures to clear but the location means that any future development will need to be sensitive to its impact on the amenity of nearby residential properties being in part a backland development opportunity and provide adequate mitigation in terms of noise from the East Coast mainline railway on future users. It is unclear at this time how the site will be delivered and whether an allocation status is sought before obtaining planning permission. As such, the site is categorised as developable.

# Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

## Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

## Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Is wholly greenfield land •
- Is accessible to natural green space •
- Good accessibility to local services and employment opportunities In very close proximity to the East Coast mainline railway increasing the risk of noise pollution • •
- Development could be integrated into the existing place and community

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- May be appropriate for built development and could be integrated within the existing place and • community
- Should include adequate noise mitigation and landscaping to mitigate the site's proximity to the • East Coast Mainline Railway

## **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 1.12 ha 80% net developable area allowed due to need for landscaping and noise mitigation. 1.12 ha x 80% = <b>0.9 ha</b>	Residential - market and/or affordable homes Very low density of 25 dph anticipated due to the edge of village location. Very low density of 25 dph = 0.9 ha x 25 dph = <b>23 homes</b>	Available 2024 - 2028 Build out over 1 - 2 years

## Updates after the Initial Assessment

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# Great Paxton 5

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# Great Paxton 3: Land East of Dovecote Lane, Great Paxton

Site reference	Great Paxton 3
Site name	Land East of Dovecote Lane, Great Paxton

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land East of Dovecote Lane, Great Paxton	Great Paxton	0.47

## **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential: Market and/or affordable housing Self and custom build housing	5 - 6 market homes or self and custom build plots	Available 2024 - 2028 Build out over 1 - 2 years

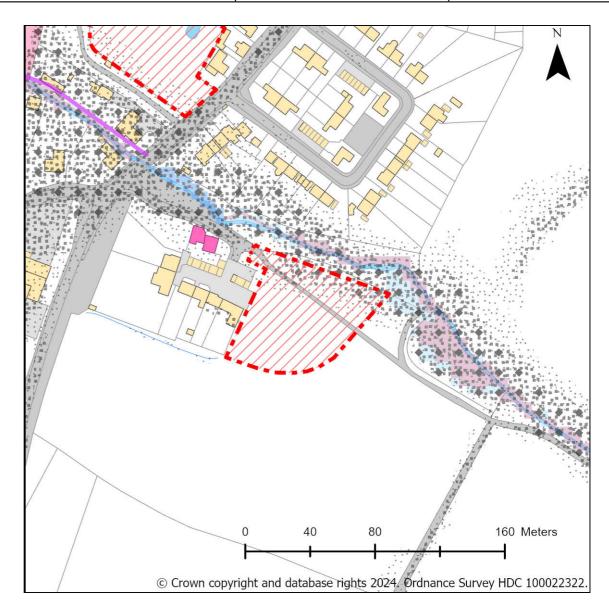
### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:368
Relevant planning history	None relevant
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Agricultural land
Supporting information	Flood risk map

#### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



#### **Assessment of Site Potential**

Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is wholly located within flood zone 1 but there is some surface water flood risk along the northern edge of the site which follows the route of a watercourse. The land is classified as grade 3 agricultural land. The site is located at the end of Dovecote Lane and is a former farm yard. The land comprises rough grassland and appears to be in use as a field access. It is broadly level and is enclosed by trees and other vegetation which limit its wider landscape impact. To the north and west of the site are residential properties with open countryside in arable use to the south and a small wooded copse to the east with arable land beyond.

There is no known contamination or pollution on site. No gas or oil pipelines run through the site. There are no nature conservation or heritage designations within the site but the site is adjacent to the listed Low Farm. A series of brick buildings partially screen the listed building from the site but the access route passes directly by it. Access can be extended to the site from Dovecote Lane which directly links from the High Street, the views of Cambridgeshire County Council will be required to assess whether this route can service the quantum of development proposed on the site.

The site is wholly greenfield so will not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. It is situated in an extensive mineral safeguarding area for sand and gravel; engagement with Cambridgeshire County Council will advise whether this is a viable resource to work. It is beyond 400m from a water recycling site.

### **Availability**

The site is controlled by a single individual who supports its development. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter states that it their intention to acquire planning permission and then sell the site to a third party for development. The promoter suggests the land would be available between 2024 and 2028.

#### **Achievability**

The site promoter has identified that all main services are accessible from the site boundary apart from a gas supply which is unknown. There are no buildings on site so no clearance work would be required. The access to the site is from Dovecote Lane which is a narrow lane meaning access may be challenging so will need careful consideration.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no existing structures to clear but the location means that any future development will need to be sensitive to its edge of settlement location and the nearby listed building. The site promoter does not seek an allocation before acquiring planning permission and then selling the site to a third party for development. It appears that either market homes or self and custom build homes will be pursued on site which may impact the method of

its delivery and the timelines in securing any detailed pla a housebuilder is not involved with the site and a planning made, the site is categorised as developable.

Progression of Site through to Sustainability Apprai

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?

Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Is wholly greenfield land •
- Surface water flood risk •
- Adjacent to a heritage assets which could be impacted by proposals
- Good accessibility to local services and employment opportunities
- Development could be integrated into the existing place and community

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- May be appropriate for built development •
- Should include adequate landscaping to minimise the visual impact of development on the • landscape and on heritage assets
- Provide sustainable drainage to mitigate against surface water flood risk •
- Supports residential development on sites of less than 1ha

### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 0.47 ha 80% net developable area allowed due to need for landscaping and flood mitigation. 0.47 ha x 80% = <b>0.37 ha</b>	Residential - market and/or affordable homes Very low density of 25 dph anticipated due to the edge of village location. Very low density of 25 dph = 0.37 ha x 25 dph = <b>9 homes</b>	Available 2024 - 2028 Build out over 1 -2 years

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

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# **Great Paxton 5**

nning consents. As it appears that ng application has not yet been	

s	а	I

Yes

# Great Paxton 4: Land North of Harley Industrial Park, Paxton Hill, Great Paxton

Site reference	Great Paxton 4
Site name	Land North of Harley Industrial Park, Paxton Hill, Great Paxton

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land North of Harley Industrial Park, Paxton Hill, Great Paxton	Great Paxton	3.6

## **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Commercial:	Phased development to provide between 5,000 and	Available 2024 - 2028
Employment	10,000sqm of floorspace	Build out over 3 - 4 years

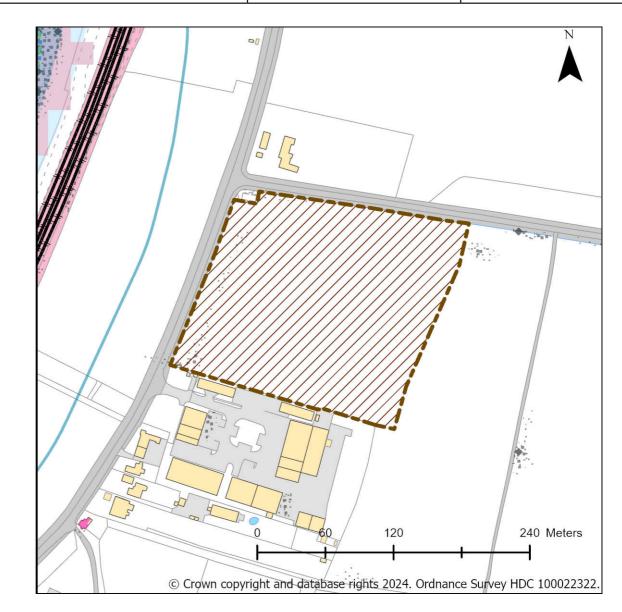
#### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:302
Relevant planning history	None relevant
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Agricultural land
Supporting information	None submitted

#### **Fundamental Constraints**

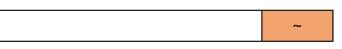
Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



## **Assessment of Site Potential**

Context, constraints and potential suitability



The site is wholly located within flood zone 1 but there is some recorded risk from surface water flooding along its northern and western edges. The site is wholly classified as grade 2 agricultural land with no existing structures within the site although a covered reservoir situated immediately to the north western corner. Whilst most of the site is fairly level the northern part slopes downwards in a northern direction towards Great Paxton reflecting the site's location at the western end of a ridge of higher land that falls away to both the north and south while staying broadly level to the east. Its elevation and lack of dense or established vegetation along its boundaries mean the site is prominent in longer landscape views, particularly along the road from Toseland and would require landscaping to reduce this constraint. The site adjoins the Harley Industrial Estate to the south, an established employment area. To the west is the East Coast mainline railway. The B1043 and Paxton Road form strong western and northern edges to the site respectively. To the north and east is open countryside in arable agricultural use.

There is no known contamination or pollution on site. No gas or oil pipelines run through the site. Cables running between telecommunication masts run along the site's frontage with the B1043 and along its northern edge along Paxton Road. There are no heritage or nature conservation designations within the site. Access to the site could be achieved from the B1043 similarly to that to the Harley Industrial Estate immediately south of the site. Alternatively, depending on the proposed layout the site, access could be achieved via the existing industrial estate.

The site is wholly greenfield so will not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. Approximately half of the site is situated in an extensive mineral safeguarding area for sand and gravel; engagement with Cambridgeshire County Council will advise whether this is a viable resource to work. It is beyond 400m from a water recycling site.

#### **Availability**

The site is controlled by a single family who support its development. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter states that it their intention to acquire an allocation status before selling the site to a third party for obtaining planning permission and development. The promoter suggests the land would be available between 2024 and 2028.

### Achievability

The site promoter has identified that public highway and electricity supply are available from the site boundary but gas supply, mains water supply and digital and telecommunications infrastructure are all unknown at this time. The site promoter has also identified that there are other constraints to the site's development which are a potential ransom strip and overhead power lines. There are no buildings on site so no clearance work would be required. The access to the site could be achieved either from the B1043 or via the existing industrial estate to the south.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no existing structures to clear but the location and elevated position of the site means that any future development will need to be very sensitive to its impact on the landscape and provide adequate mitigation. The site promoter states that it their intention to acquire an allocation status before selling the site to a third party for obtaining planning permission and development. As such, the site is categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Is wholly greenfield land classified as grade 2 agricultural land •
- Adjoins the Harley Industrial Estate •
- Limited public transport access
- Relates more to the countryside but could be integrated as an extension to the adjoining industrial • estate

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- The site could be considered appropriate for employment development extending an existing • employment location
- Development would require substantial landscaping to mitigate landscape impact •

### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of <b>3.6 ha</b>	Commercial - employment	Available 2024 - 2028
Due to the need for substantial landscaping along the eastern and northern boundaries the net developable area is reduced to 80%. 3.6ha x 80% = 2.88 ha	The industrial areas (0.40 plot ratio) has been used as development could compliment the adjoining industrial estate:	Build out over 3 - 4 years

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# **Great Paxton 5**

e?	Yes
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# 5 Great Paxton

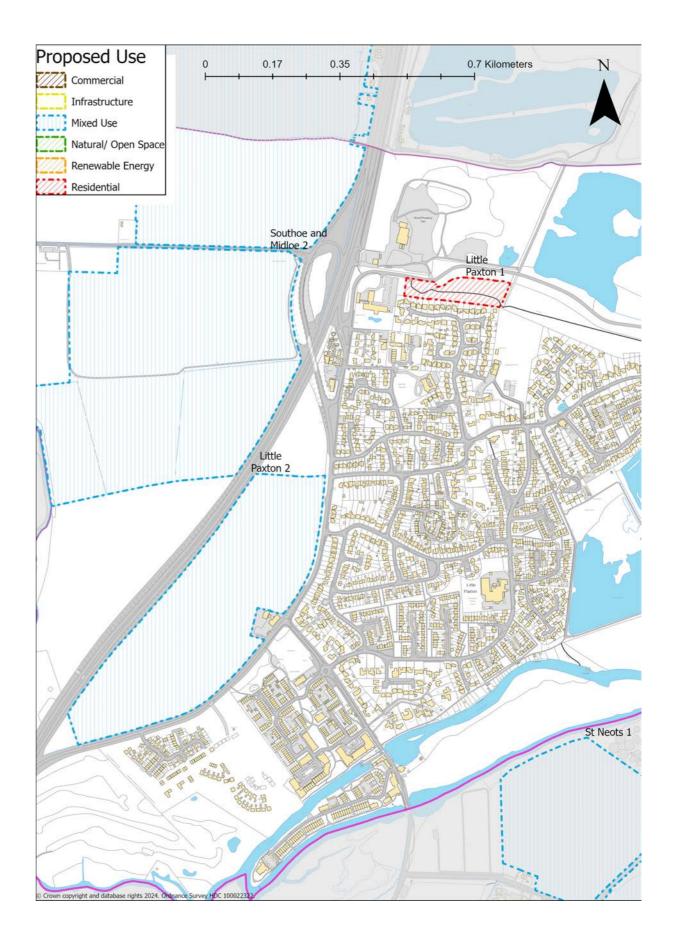
Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
	0.40 plot ratio x 2.88 ha = 1.15 ha of land for employment uses equating to <b>11,520 sqm.</b>	

Updates after the Initial Assessment

# **6 Little Paxton**

- 6.1 A total of 2 sites have been identified/ put forward through the desktop review or Call for Sites process. These are:
  - Little Paxton 1: Land North of St James Road, Little Paxton ٠
  - Little Paxton 2: Land West of Little Paxton •
- Please note that the following sites also partially fall within Little Paxton parish: 6.2
  - 'Southoe and Midloe 2: Southoe Garden Village, Southoe', but it has been included under • Southoe and Midloe as most of the site lies within that parish area.
  - 'St Neots 1: Land North of Priory Park, St Neots' also partially falls within Little Paxton and • Great Paxton parishes, but it has been included under St Neots as most of the site lies within that parish area.



# Little Paxton 6

# 6 Little Paxton

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

6.3 Each site plan shows any constraints that impact the site. These constraints are detailed in the opposite legend.



RoFSW\_Extent\_1in100\_HDC

RoFSW\_Extent\_1in1000\_HDC

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# Hazards and Infrastructure

- Air Quality Management Area
  - Contaminated Land
  - **Overhead Line Towers**
  - **Overhead Line Routes**
- Gas Pipeline
- Gas Pipeline Buffer
- Pipeline (Oil)
- Pipeline (Oil) Buffer
- A428 Notification Area

- Tree Preseveration Order Points
- County Wildlife Lines
  - Bridleway
- Footpath
  - **Restricted Byway**
  - Ancient Woodland
  - Special Area of Conservation (SAC)
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Rivers
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Areas
  - Special Protection Area
  - National Nature Reserve (NNR)
  - Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)
  - Ramsar
  - Tree Preservation Order Areas

Flood Zone 3a Flood Zone 2

## Little Paxton 1: Land North of St James Road, Little Paxton

Site reference	Little Paxton 1
Site name	Land North of St James Road, Little Paxton

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land north of St James Road, Little Paxton	Little Paxton	1.30

#### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	38 homes	Available 2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable housing		Build out over 2 years

#### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:78
Relevant planning history	Application Number: H/00080/58/CM
	Proposed Development: Redlands East Of Great North Road - Gravel Extraction
	Outcome: Permitted
	Application Number: H/00055/62/CM
	Proposed Development: Adjacent West Of Little Paxton Sand And Gravel Pit - Gravel Extraction
	Outcome: Permitted
	Application Number: H/00883/81/CM
	Proposed Development: Within Land South Of Little Paxton Sand And Gravel Pit - Retention Of Sand &
	Gravel Plant & Asphalt Plant & Sites

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	Propo Great To Re
	Outco
	HLP2( Road,
	HELA Road This s site wl HELA
Land type	Wholly
Current use of the site	Rough
Supporting information	Land I

#### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

# Little Paxton 6

Outcome: Permitted

cation Number: H/00845/87/CW

osed Development: Little Paxton Quarry Off t North Road - Importation Of Fill Material estore Disused Gravel Working.

ome: Permitted

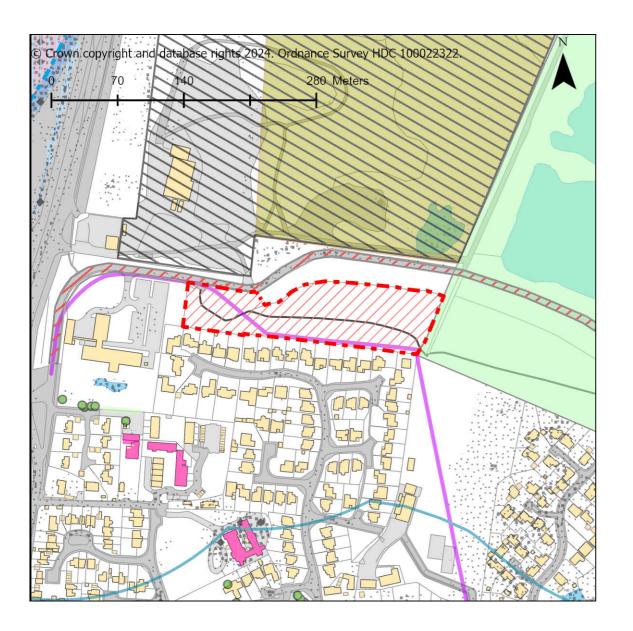
2036 Site Allocation: SN5 North of St James l, Little Paxton for 35 homes

AA (December 2017): North of St James to North of High Street, Little Paxton (220). site was 4.70ha and included the submitted hich formed the western portion of the AA site.

lly greenfield land

gh grassland and trees

North of St James Road - Indicative Layout



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is wholly in flood zone 1. Surface water flood risk is negligible. The site is wholly classified as non-agricultural land so the site will not impact upon the best and most versatile agricultural land.

The land within the site is flat and the topography broadly consistent with the surrounding area. It predominantly comprises rough grassland with trees and shrubs. A mineral processing plant is located to the north west and Paxton Pits Nature Reserve SSSI is approximately 30m to the north. Paxton Pits Nature Reserve (county wildlife site) sits on the eastern boundary of the site. A tree lined bank between the site and Old Great North

Road screens views of the site from the road and from A public right of way crosses the site from the north and boundary. Trees and hedgerows encircle the site. Access is via the road running along the northern boundary of The site is wholly within the Great Ouse strategic green Natural Cambridgeshire priority landscape area (Great development on this site would have to address biodiversi integration with the built up area of Little Paxton would residential areas do not provide access or connectivity

The site promoter says that "Ground contamination ren required". No oil or gas pipelines or associated buffer z any overhead electricity lines. No known heritage asset nature conservation assets and no tree preservation or

The site is wholly within a sand and gravel mineral safe development consultation area, however the site has b greenfield use re-established. As the site is therefore w offer any potential for regeneration. Across the road to the area. The site is not within a water recycling area.

### Availability

The site is in single ownership via a Trust and developm There are no known legal restrictions affectign the site. their intention that planning permission is acquired befor for development. The land is available from 2024-2028 years.

The site promoter says that the site is allocated for resi SN 5 in Huntingdonshire's Local Plan to 2036. The site their commitment to deliver the site within the current p

### Achievability

Gas, water and electricity supply are accessible from the and telecommunications infrastructure is unknown.

The site may be accessible from the west directly off Old House, further work to investigate access options would the northern boundary of the site is within a mineral deve for vehicles associated with its operation. Safety of acce active travel, would require consideration and may pres

the quarry works to the north. d continues along the southern as to the mineral development area the site, but is screened by trees. n infrastructure area and is also a Ouse Valley). Residential sity and environmental impacts. Safe require consideration as existing to the proposed site.	
nediation of made ground will be cones cross the site nor are there ts are located within the site or rders affect it.	
eguarding area and mineral been quarried and refilled and holly greenfield now it does not he north lies a waste management	
tent is supported by the landowner. The site promoter states that it is ore the land is sold to a third party and would be delivered over 2 idential development by allocation	÷
is submitted to reiterate lan period.	
ne site boundary. Access to digital	
Great North Road or via Enterprise d be required. The road bounding elopment area and provides access sess for residents, particularly for sent a barrier to development	~

The site is a green infrastructure priority area and is also in a Natural Cambridgeshire priority landscape area (Great Ouse Valley), but is somewhat removed from the River Great Ouse (0.9 miles straight line distance). Established trees and hedgerows bound the site which is adjacent to Paxton Pits Nature Reserve. Residential development on this site would have to address biodiversity, landscape, and environmental impacts.

No gas or oil pipelines and buffer zones nor overhead electricity lines cross the site. Proximity to the A1 and Old Great North Road would provide long term connectivity and assist with the logistics of construction. The site is near a mineral development area, noise, pollution and vibrational impacts from this would need mitigation for the proposed residential use.

Although the proposed development is within a mineral safeguarding area, extraction and importation of fill material to restore disused gravel working has been completed. Ground contamination remediation of made ground will be required. This site promoter has provided an indicative masterplan demonstrating site layout and access.

### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. Other constrains such as access, landscape, biodiversity and environmental impact and contamination would require resolution. The site is allocated with suitable criteria in Huntingdonshire's Local Plan to 2036 and is available from 2024-2028. The site is categorised as deliverable.

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	Yes
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### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site is not constrained by fluvial flood risk and surface water flood risk is negligible •
- The site is wholly greenfield land and non-agricultural land •
- The site is within proximity of designated nature conservation areas •
- Landscape impact would be minimal and no heritage designations are affected
- The site is close to St Neots town centre and railway station, multiple culture and leisure facilities, a primary school and concentrations of employment providing sustainable employment, social opportunities and sustainable transport options

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- Has potential to provide development of a scale that could be integrated into the existing place • and community
- Would need to provide safe and suitable means of access by motorised vehicle and active travel •
- Would need to address any impact on nature conservation designations and trees and hedgerows •
- May require ground contamination remediation •
- Address presence and/or integration of the public right of way •

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 1.30ha 80% net developable area to accommodate existing trees and hedgerow. 1.30ha x 80% = 1.04ha	The net developable area is 1.04ha Residential - market and/or affordable homes Low density of 35 dph anticipated due to the edge of settlement location. Capacity = 1.04ha x 35 dph = <b>36 homes</b>	Available immediately as site is currently allocated. Build out over 2 years

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

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# Little Paxton 2: Land West of Little Paxton

Site reference	Little Paxton 2
Site name	Little Paxton (West)

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land to the west of Little Paxton, and east of the (new) A1	Little Paxton	20.36

## **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	400 - 450 homes	Available 2024 - 26 years
Market and/or affordable housing	10 - 20 custom and self-build	
Custom and self-build housing	homes	
Nursing and care homes	60 - 80 nursing and care homes bed spaces	
Infrastructure:	Scope for associated	
Associated social/community facilities	social/community facilities	
Open Spaces	4.00 to 5.00ha of natural, green or open spaces	
Natural, green or open spaces for a variety of uses	10% biodiversity net gain opportunities	
Biodiversity net gain opportunities		

## Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:203
Relevant planning history	HELAA (December 2017): West of Little Paxton
Land type	Wholly greenfield land

Current use of the site	Agric
Supporting information	Hunti Enga Merke
	Locat

### **Fundamental Constraints**

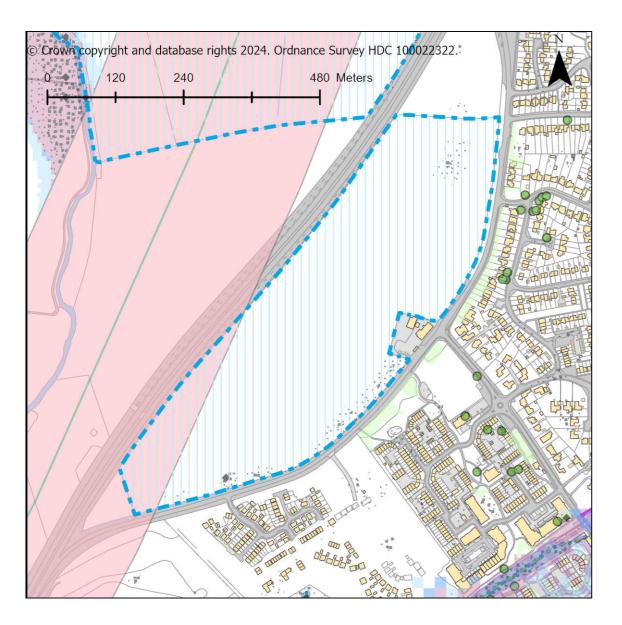
Fundamental constraints	Status
Agricultural land grade 1	None
Flood zone 3b	None
Designated local green space	None
Nature conservation designation	None
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes

#### icultural land

itingdonshire District Council Issues agement Paper - Responses on Behalf of De ke Estates

## ation Plan

Outcome
Pass



### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is wholly in flood zone 1. Surface water flood risk is present but negligible along the south eastern boundary and in pockets within the northern guarter of the site. The site is wholly classified as grade 2 agricultural land and is predominantly in arable agricultural use.

The land rises noticeably east to west in the southern half of the site. Views across the A1 and to continuing countryside can be seen clearly from multiple points on the eastern boundary despite it being interspersed by mature trees and hedgerow demonstrating the continuing elevation of the landscape. Clear views into the site can be seen from the B1041

both along the eastern boundary of the site and from th the A1. A substantial landscaping buffer would be requi mitigate noise and light pollution from traffic on the A1. between Little Paxton and the A1, perceived as forming light industrial complex is located on the eastern bound Lane. East of the Great North Road (B1041) are reside Lane predominantly have their rear gardens facing towa posing a constraint to integration. However, sotuh of Mi presents a more open frontage to Great North Road wi corner comprising St Neots golf course which is well sc is via a narrow track opposite Little Paxton Lane. The si green infrastructure strategic area and is also a Natural area (Great Ouse Valley). Residential development on biodiversity, landscape, light and environmental impacts No public rights of way traverse the site.

There is no known pollution or contamination and no oi the site nor do any overhead electricity lines. No known the site and there are no tree preservation orders affec

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer the is entirely within a sand and gravel mineral safeguardin Council will need to be consulted to ascertain if this is a constrain development. The site is not within a water re

#### Availability

The site is in single individual control and ownership, do the landowner. There are no known legal restrictions af is anticipated to be facilitated by acquiring planning peri party for development. The land is available from 2024 promoter estimates delivery over 5 - 6 years.

### Achievability

Gas, mains water and electricity supply and digital and are accessible from site boundary. No gas or oil pipelin electricity lines cross the site.

The site is accessible by road from Great North Road ( long term access and the logistics of construction, how result of construction and occupation of the promoted 4

# Little Paxton 6

he north west where it crosses over ired on the western boundary to The site acts as a green wedge g part of the wider countryside. A dary opposite the B1041/Mill intial properties. Those north of Mill ards the road and hence the site ill Lane 21st century development ith a small area in the southern creened by trees. Access to the site ite is wholly within the Great Ouse Cambridgeshire priority landscape this site would have significant which would need to be addressed. il pipelines and buffer zones cross in heritage assets are located within eting it. potential for regeneration. The site og area, Cambridgeshire County a workable resource that may ecycling area.	
evelopment is supported by ffecting the site. Delivery of the site mission before being sold to a third - 2028, and the site	+
telecommunications infrastructure les and buffer zones nor overhead (B1041) which would assist with vever, the impacts of transport as a 400 - 450 dwellings would require	~

# 6 Little Paxton

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

significant consideration and mitigation, especially to homes adjoining Great North Road. The site would generate a significant amount of additional traffic during construction and after occupation which would require addressing.

The site forms part of the Great Ouse green infrastructure strategic area and is also a Natural Cambridgeshire priority landscape area (Great Ouse Valley). The site's relationship with the wider landscape would require mitigation and consideration given to building height elevations due to the sloping nature of the site. Significant landscape buffers would be required on the western boundary of the site. Mitigation measures would be required to address the noise and pollution impacts of the A1. Development would require consideration of the integration of the residential development with the built up area of Little Paxton. The presence of Great North Road would require further measures to allow for safe crossing of residents. Major infrastructure may be required to support development.

Careful consideration would be required to address how the current employment uses could be integrated within the development without detrimentally impacting upon their continued use.

The site promoter provides supporting information to suggest how some of the constraints may be overcome including landscaping to address potential noise from the A1 and bringing forward a high quality landscape-led development to address landscape constraints and the potential provision of community facilities.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. There are substantial constraints to overcome. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it. The site is categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	Yes	
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#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site is not constrained by fluvial flood risk or heritage designations and surface water flood risk is negligible
- It is grade 2 agricultural land and is wholly greenfield •
- The site is in a sensitive landscape location which would require strategic landscaping and integration of existing woodland address topographical challenges
- The site is within proximity of 10 ha of a nature conservation designation

- The site is close to St Neots town centre and railway station, multiple cultural and leisure facilities, • a primary school and concentrations of employment providing sustainable employment, social opportunities and sustainable transport options
- The site abuts the A1 and is therefore likely to be subject to noise, air and light pollution •

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- May be appropriate for development in the long term contributing to the housing needs of the district and supporting sustainable place-making, however there are substantial constraints to overcome.
- Is located such that it could be effectively masterplanned to become part of the existing place • and community
- Would require strategic landscaping •
- Would require careful integration to ensure continued use of current employment uses on the site boundary
- Would require noise, air and light mitigation •
- Would require mitigation of transport impacts
- Would require sensitively masterplanned development to address topographical challenges •

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 20.36ha 60% net developable area to accommodate strategic landscaping, noise, air and light pollution mitigation, integration of existing woodland and topographical challenges. 20.36ha x 60% = 12.22ha	Net developable area 12.22ha. <b>0.5ha removed for</b> <b>community</b> uses leaving 11.72ha developable area. Residential - market and/or affordable homes, nursing and care homes bed spaces Low density of 35 dph anticipated due to the edge of settlement location. Capacity = 11.72ha x 35 dph = <b>410 homes</b>	Available from 2029 subject to allocation. Build out expected over 5 - 7 years.

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

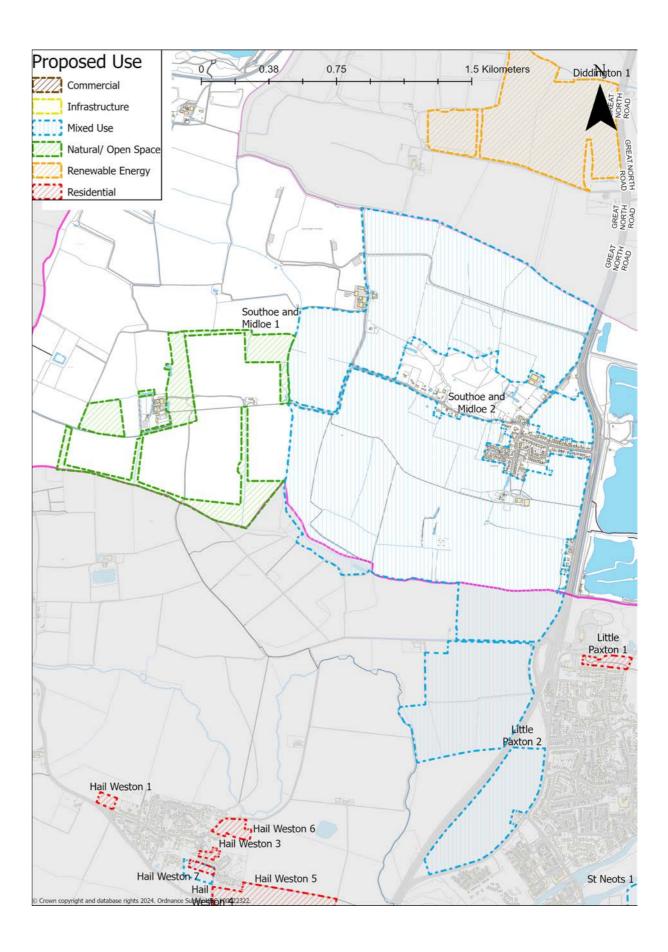
# Little Paxton 6

# 7 Southoe and Midloe

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

# 7 Southoe and Midloe

- **7.1** A total of 2 sites have been identified/ put forward through the desktop review or Call for Sites process. These are:
  - Southoe and Midloe 1: Midloe Grange Farm, Midloe
  - Southoe and Midloe 2: Southoe Garden Village, Southoe



Each site plan shows any constraints that impact the site. These constraints are detailed in the 7.2 opposite legend.



- RoFSW\_Extent\_1in30\_HDC
- RoFSW\_Extent\_1in100\_HDC

RoFSW\_Extent\_1in1000\_HDC

Flood Zone 2

# Southoe and Midloe 7

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

# Hazards and Infrastructure Air Quality Management Area Contaminated Land Overhead Line Towers **Overhead Line Routes** — Gas Pipeline Gas Pipeline Buffer Pipeline (Oil) Pipeline (Oil) Buffer A428 Notification Area Tree Preseveration Order Points County Wildlife Lines Bridleway — Footpath **Restricted Byway** Ancient Woodland Special Area of Conservation (SAC) Cambs Wildlife Sites Rivers Cambs Wildlife Sites Areas Special Protection Area National Nature Reserve (NNR) Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) Ramsar Tree Preservation Order Areas Flood Zone 3b Flood Zone 3a

# 7 Southoe and Midloe

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

# Southoe and Midloe 1: Midloe Grange Farm, Midloe

Site reference	Southoe and Midloe 1
Site name	Midloe Grange Farm

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Midloe Grange Farm, Rectory Lane, Southoe	Southoe and Midloe	20.26

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Open Space:	20.26ha	Available 2023
Biodiversity net gain		Information on proposed delivery timing not provided

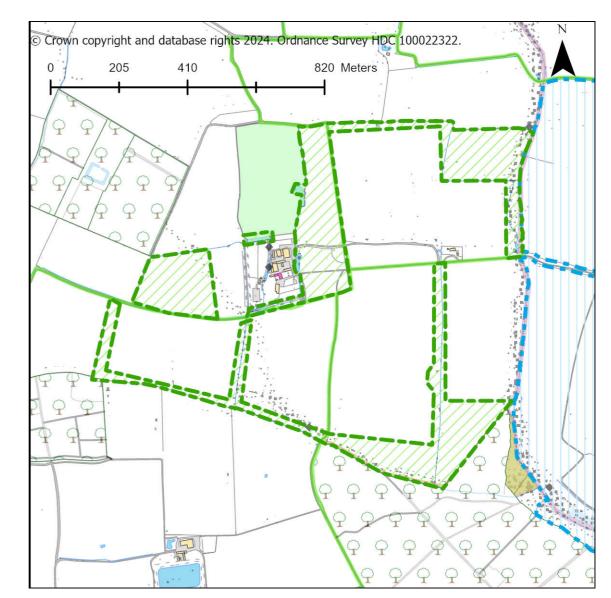
## **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:331
Relevant planning history	None relevant
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Agricultural (field margins)
Supporting information	Biodiversity offsite management plan
	Statement of reasons
	Preliminary ecological appraisal

## **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site comprises four separate areas which constitute field margins. 99% of the site is in flood zone 1, with the remainder in flood zone 3b. Surface water flood risk is present in association with field boundaries and drainage ditches, some ponds are present to the north. The site is wholly grade 2 agricultural land with most currently serving as field margins to arable fields.

The land slopes gently down from the northern boundary and is consistent with the open countryside within which it is situated. Little Paxton Wood (a SSSI and ancient woodland) bounds the south east corner of the site, ancient woodland is also found just outside the north west and south west boundary, both of which are also designated as county wildlife sites. The northernmost rectangle of the proposed site is also within a county wildlife site. Two residential properties sit just outside the boundary which are Midloe Grange (a grade Il listed building) and Midloe Cottage. Two public rights of way (bridleways) traverse the site, north to south and east to west.

Due to the proposed use of the site it is unlikely that any adverse landscape or ecological impact would occur. The proposed use of the site for biodiversity net gain would be considered complementary to active agricultural use and has the potential to enhance the surrounding sites of nature conservation importance.

There is no known pollution or contamination and no known gas or oil pipelines or their associated buffer zones cross the site, nor do any overhead electricity powerlines. No known heritage assets are located within the site although there may be archaeological potential associated with the former monastic site. The site is not within a mineral safeguarding or water recycling area.

#### **Availability**

The site is in single individual control and use of the site for biodiversity net gain is supported by the landowner. There are no known legal restrictions associated with the site. The site is available from 2023.

#### Achievability

Access to gas, mains and electricity supply are unknown, as is access to digital and telecommunications infrastructure although the proposed use would generate limited if any demand for utility services. No gas or oil pipelines and buffer zones, nor overhead electricity lines cross the site. There is no known pollution or contamination. The proposal to create biodiversity net gain would enhance the biodiversity and ecological profile of the area and has the potential to connect existing areas of nature conservation value.

Access is via a single lane farm road and across fields. it is not considered that this would affect the achievability actively farms the land.

The site promoter provides further information as to ho achieved on the site including a construction environme environmental DNA surveys, and species surveys. Bas been established and a biodiversity offsite management

#### **Deliverability / developability**

The site is deliverable. There are no known legal or own be delivered by the landowner and the landowner's age authority liaison and facilitate credit brokerage and mar landowner would be responsible for establishing the ha the nationally required minimum period of 30 years.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- 99% of the site is in flood zone 1, with the remainder in flood zone 3b and the proposed use would have a positive impact on flood risk
- It can contribute to increasing resilience to the impacts of climate change, through planting and • habitat restoration
- It would contribute further to the development of ecological corridors connecting sites of • importance that sit just outside the site boundary
- Public rights of way provide access to natural greenspace and leisure opportunities
- The site would have a positive impact on the surrounding landscape and ecology and the setting of Midloe Grange, a listed building

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- May be appropriate for biodiversity net gain •
- Construction environmental management plan, environmental DNA surveys, species surveys and baseline ecological conditions and an offsite management plan demonstrate facilitation of the site.

+

+

# Southoe and Midloe 7

. Due to the nature of the proposal ity of the site given the landowner	
w biodiversity net gain would be ental management plan, seline ecological conditions have nt plan provided.	
nership constraints. The site would ent, who would act as a planning naging the sale process. The abitats and managing the site for	+

ge?	Yes
-	

# 7 Southoe and Midloe

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

# HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 20.26ha	20.26ha for biodiversity net	Available from 2023
100% net developable area due to proposed use of site.	gain	Build out and retention - 30 years minimum

# Updates after the Initial Assessment

# Southoe and Midloe 2: Southoe Garden Village, Southoe

Site reference	Southoe and Midloe 2
Site name	Southoe Garden Village, Southoe

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land surrounding Southoe (west of the A1)	Little Paxton; Southoe and Midloe	300.0

#### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	2,500 to 3,000 homes	Available 2024 - 2028
<ul> <li>Market and/or affordable housing</li> <li>Custom and self-build housing</li> </ul>	A suitable proportion of custom and self-build housing can be incorporated	Build out over approximately 12 years
<ul><li>Commercial:</li><li>Employment</li></ul>	20,000 sqm of employment floorspace	
Infrastructure: Primary school Secondary school Neighbourhood hubs District centre Open Space Uses: Natural, green or open spaces Biodiversity net gain opportunities Land to safeguard against flooding	Two primary schools, one secondary school, neighbourhood hubs, and a district centre to support residential development. 175 ha of open space uses in total including 140 ha biodiversity net nain and 25 ha of land to safeguard against flooding.	

#### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference -
	CfS:227

Relevant planning history	HEL Sou sub
Land type	Who prop area
Current use of the site	Agri
Supporting information	Sou
	Sou

## **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status
Agricultural land grade 1	Approximately 1 agricultural la
Flood zone 3b	None
Designated local green space	None
Nature conservation designation	None
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	Approximately the eastern por is within a wate area.
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes

# Southoe and Midloe 7

LAA (December 2017): South of Lees Lane, uthoe (219). This represents 7.60ha of the omitted site

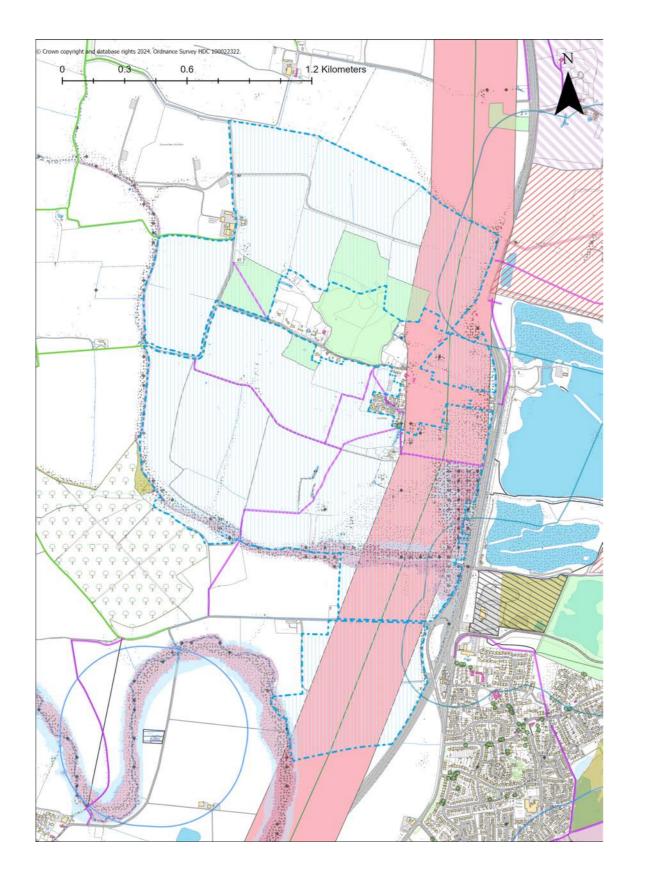
nolly greenfield land except for 2 residential perties and some hard surfacing at the play a

ricultural

uthoe a Garden Village, Vision Document

uthoe Garden Village Location Plan

	Outcome
7.08 ha grade and	Pass
	Pass
	Pass
	Pass
20.72 ha of rtion of the site er recycling	Pass
	Pass



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The submitted site comprises four parcels of land; two to the south of Southoe and two to the north. they are currently in a mixture of arable and pastural agricultural use with a very small number of residential properties and several agricultural buildings within the site.

Areas of flood zone 2 and flood zone 3a are located in the south of the site as the result of the River Kym, linking to the River Great Ouse and farm drainage. The remainder of the land is flood zone 1 (approximately 94%). Risk from surface water flooding is present across the site in parallel to the A1 and associated with field drainage and topography with several ponds being present. Approximately 7ha of the site is grade 1 agricultural land focussed immediately north of Southoe and immediately west of the A1, the remainder of the site is grade 2 agricultural land. Development of a best and most versatile agricultural land poses a constraint to this site.

The land slopes downwards toward the A1, with its lowest point being its south eastern corner. This is some 25m lower than its north western corner. Views across the countryside can be clearly seen from the A1 to the east and from a public right of way that crosses the site from Church Farm House north west away from the village towards Church Farm Cottage and another that follows the northern edge of the site from Common Barn Farm and beyond to the west. Three 125m wind turbines can be seen just to the north west at Common Barn wind farm. The broadly triangular portion of land immediately west of the A1 is bounded on the southern edge by residential properties which run along Lees Lane. Bell Lane which bounds the west of this parcel has some residential properties in the south opening up to clear views that can be seen across the agricultural field (looking south and with tree and hedgerow to the north of Bell Lane).

The largest parcel of the site is situated immediately south of Southoe village with a boundary to many existing homes. The impact on residential amenity of all affected homes forms a constraint on the scale, layout and nature of any development proposals. This portion of the site includes multiple public rights of way links which transect the site allowing clear 360 degree views of open countryside to be seen from these and from Brook End to the south. Little Paxton Wood (a SSSI and ancient woodland) bounds the western edge of this parcel directly south of Southoe village. The sensitivity of this natural environment also poses a constraint on development. A single track road, leading to Hail Weston, separates the two southernmost parcels with open views into the countryside north and south. Little Paxton cemetery is located to the north western corner of the southernmost parcel of land. The south western boundary adjoins the River Kym with the land falling away from the high point close to the road down to the river channel which supports a line of trees and shrubs provising limited screening from the south west, although the southern boundary comprises a low hedgerow. Residential properties fronting the A1 are immediately outside the eastern boundary, but Manor Farm has been included which lies south of the village. The site is highly exposed in both the local landscape and in longer distance views so significant landscaping buffers would be required to mitigate

impact of the development. The north western corner of the southernmost parcel of land adjoins the junction of the A1 with the B1041 and the road to Hail Weston. Proximity to the A1 and associated slip roads may give rise to noise and light pollution constraints affecting development potential.

The proposed site will surround the small village of Southoe. The scale and nature of the proposed development would fundamentally change the existing scale and character of the Southoe as a village. The impact of the proposal on the existing village and the ability to integrate the two would require serious consideration in both environmental and social terms.

There is no known pollution or contamination and no known gas pipelines and buffer zones cross the site. An oil pipeline and buffer zone runs through the southernmost parcel of the submitted site and continues northwards through other all parcels just west of the A1. The buffer zone covers much of the north eastern and southernmost parcels. Overhead electricity lines are present within the site. There are no known heritage assets within the site although archaological potential exists with several medieval moats and earthworks around the village. Two Cambridgeshire wildlife sites are within the site comprising Church Farm / Old Rectory Grasslands (20.06ha) and Southoe Hill Pasture (1.67ha). Little Paxton woods (a SSSI and ancient woodland) bounds the western edge of southern parcel of the site. It is estimated that over 60ha of the eastern edge of the site is identified as part of the Great Ouse green infrastructure strategic area which is also a Natural Cambridgeshire priority landscape area (Great Ouse Valley). The site has significant biodiversity, landscape and environmental constraints impacting on its suitability.

The site is almost wholly greenfield land and offers no opportunities to contribute to regeneration. Approximately 21ha of the site is within a water recycling area and 138ha of the site is within a sand and gravel mineral safeguarding area, Cambridgeshire County Council will need to be consulted to ascertain if this is a workable resource that may constrain development.

### **Availability**

The site is owned by multiple owners (a family and Corporate Trust) and is in multiple control with no legal agreement. Development is supported by all landowners. The site promoter notes that it is not known if there are any legal restrictions, this would require further investigation. The submission anticipates that planning permission would be acquired before the land is sold to a third party for development. The land is available from 2024 -2028 and delivery estimated to take 12 years.

#### **Achievability**

Gas, mains water and electricity supplies are accessible from the site boundary as is digital

and telecommunications infrastructure. Multiple accesses are available to the proposed parcels of land, however these are village or country lanes which will need substantial upgrading to serve the proposed development. The elevation of any potential buildings will require consideration due to the sloping nature of the site and their exposure within the wider landscape. The presence of nearby SSSI and wind turbines; and county wildlife sites and green infrastructure areas within the site would mean that landscaping solutions to integrate existing woodland would be required. The site is highly exposed in both the local landscape and in longer distance views, significant strategic landscaping would be required to mitigate the impact of the development. Residential development on this site may have significant biodiversity, landscape, light and environmental impacts which would need to be addressed. Integration with the existing village of Southoe would require careful consideration. The presence of an oil pipeline and buffer would constrain development on the eastern edge. Overhead powerlines on the site mean that mitigation would be required to relocate the powerlines underground, or mitigate the presence of the powerlines. The presence of mineral safeguarding areas and a water recycling area within the site may affect the location and layout of development. Access to the A1 is via two T junctions with short slip roads, safe access for construction and occupation of the site would be a major constraint which would require significant additional infrastructure and assessment of the impact of development on the road network. The presence of the A1 would also require noise and pollution mitigation. Due to the proposed number of homes, major infrastructure would be required to support the community such as primary schools and a secondary school (or major extension to an existing school in St Neots along with provision of safe active travel routes), local services and facilities and green spaces/infrastructure. The site promoter provided some supporting information to suggest how some of these issues may be mitigated for example, biodiversity net gain opportunities and natural, green or open spaces including land to be safeguarded for flooding. It is proposed that a 20m offset is included in the site to address the presence of the oil pipeline and buffer zone. A new A1 junction, extension of existing walking and cycling routes and the creation of a blue infrastructure network incorporating SUDS is also proposed. Integration of the existing community would be via extending the High Street, Bell Lane and Rectory Lane and integrating Manor Farm into the development with the larger agricultural barns removed. A 500m offset would be implemented from the wind turbines. A 50m offset would be included from the A1.

**Deliverability / developability** 

# Southoe and Midloe 7

# 7 Southoe and Midloe

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

Legal constraints are yet to be identified. There are significant constraints to be overcome and major infrastructure would be required including new safe access onto the A1. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it. The site is categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	Yes
	A sustainability appraisal is completed to provide more detailed analysis and evidence due to the potential for the site to influence the overall development strategy for Huntingdonshire should it be brought forward.

#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site is greenfield with the majority being classified as grade 2 agricultural land and the rest being grade 1
- The majority of the site is flood zone 1 with areas of flood zone 2 and 3a located in the south of the site attributed to the River Kym
- The scale of the site would result in significant landscape impact arising from its topography
- Could adversely impact designated nature conservation sites, Little Paxton Wood (a SSSI and ancient woodlands) ancient woodlands and county wildlife sites
- Development would have fundamental impacts on Southoe completely transforming the scale, nature and character of the existing rural settlement and its resident community
- Has potential to increase traffic and travel on and around the A1 with the potential to increase air pollution
- The site is in an area of relatively high market demand for new homes
- The site is currently remote from services, employment, primary education, shops and public transport, but could provide these as part of an holistic development
- There is archaeological potential within the site

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- The site is inappropriate for development due to its likely significant impacts on the character of the landscape and on Southoe as well as designated nature conservation sites
- The achievability of the development is unclear because of significant infrastructure requirements including new access(s) onto the A1, the presence of pipelines and overhead powerlines

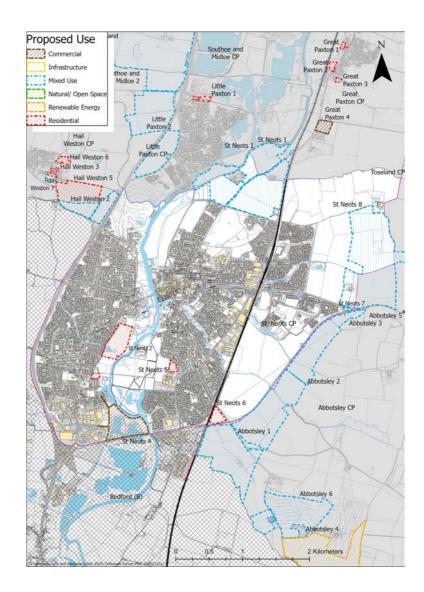
#### HDC's Delivery Calculations

calculation and c	apacity	
Capacity calculation not undertaken as N/A site is inappropriate for development.		N/A

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

# 8 St Neots

- 8.1 Please also look at sites in 1 'Abbotsley' parish to get a complete picture of proposals around St Neots due to where parish boundaries fall.
- 8.2 A total of 8 sites have been identified/ put forward through the desktop review or Call for Sites process. These are:
  - St Neots 1: Land North of Priory Park, St Neots this site crosses over into Little Paxton and Great Paxton parishes but is assessed here as the majority of the site areas falls within St Neots parish.
  - St Neots 2: Land East of Brook Road, Eaton Ford, St Neots •
  - St Neots 3: Peppercorn Meadows, Eaton Socon, St Neots •
  - St Neots 4: Land North of the A428, St Neots •
  - St Neots 5: Albert Hall Memorial Field, Hall Road, Eynesbury, St Neots •
  - St Neots 6: Land South West of Potton Road, Eynesbury, St Neots •
  - St Neots 7: Land North East of Wintringham, St Neots •
  - St Neots 8: Land East of Loves Farm (Tithe Farm extension), St Neots ٠



8.3 Each site plan shows any constraints that impact the site. These constraints are detailed in the opposite legend.

# St Neots 8

# 8 St Neots

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment



# St Neots 1: Land North of Priory Park, St Neots

Site reference	St Neots 1
Site name	Land North of Priory Park, St Neots

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
The land to the north of Priory Park and Mill Lane, east and west of Huntingdon Road/B1043.		89.00ha

## **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
<ul> <li>Residential:</li> <li>Market and/or affordable homes</li> <li>Commercial:</li> <li>Retail</li> <li>Supporting Infrastructure:</li> <li>Community facility</li> <li>Open Spaces:</li> <li>Natural, green or open spaces:</li> <li>Extension to Priory Park, allotments/community orchard, wetland wildlife and biodiversity net gain enhancements.</li> </ul>	Approximately 600 market and/or affordable homes Potential for retail, complementary uses to support residential development and community facility, size to be confirmed. Natural, green or open spaces would amount to around some 28.0 ha or so, 13.9 ha on the western parcel and 14.2 ha on the eastern parcel, this would include opportunities for biodiversity net gain.	Available 2024 - 2028 Build out over approximately 6 years

#### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:239
Relevant planning history	None
Land type	Wholly greenfield land

Current use of the site	Agric
Supporting information	Land Land
	Land Conc
	Loca
	Odou
	Place

## **Fundamental Constraints**

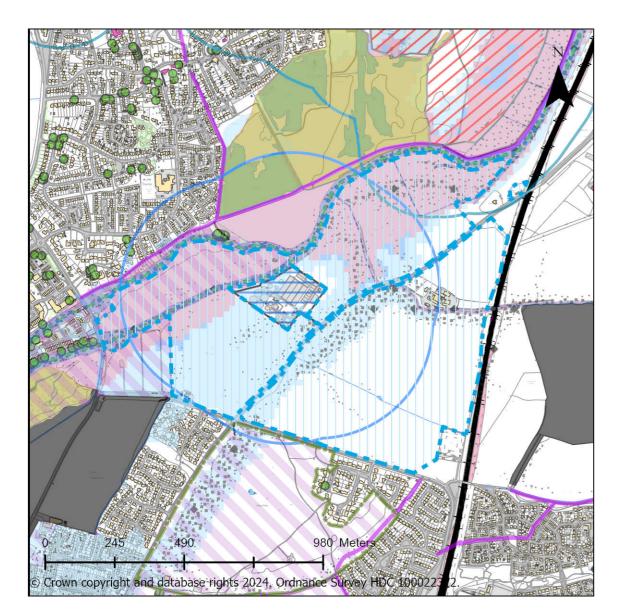
Status
None
Approximately western bound in within flood
None
None
34.7 ha of the water recycling
Yes

#### icultural land

d North of Priory Park St Neots - Indicative d Use Areas

- d North of Priory Park St Neots Masterplan ncept
- ation Plan
- our Modelling Assessment
- ce Prospectus

	Outcome
	Pass
0.7 ha of the dary of the site zone 3b	Pass
	Pass
	Pass
site is within a g area.	Pass
	Pass



### Assessment of Site Potential

### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The proposed land is located to the north of the built up area of St Neots and straddles Huntingdon Road/B1043 creating an eastern and western parcel of land (approximately 42.80ha and 46ha respectively). An additional separate parcel of land of approximately 0.20ha is located to the north constituting the curtilage and residential property, Skewbridge Cottage, which is surrounded and contains extensive tree cover.

Approximately two thirds of western parcel is in flood zone 3a and 3b. Flood zone 3a also runs through the northern half of the eastern portion of the site as a result of Gallow Brook. Flood zone 2 covers the majority of the western portion of the site and the western edge of the eastern portion of the site. A drain runs through the southern half of the eastern

portion of the site which includes a pond, associated surface water flood risk is present in locations similar to the aforementioned water bodies. The eastern portion of the site is grade 2 agricultural land, with the western parcel providing a mix of grade 2, 3 and non agricultural land. Skewbridge Cottage contains grade 2 agricultural land. The majority of the sites are in arable agricultural use with lengths of hedgerows and small clusters of trees throughout.

The site is separated by Priory Hill Road/Mill Lane meaning that the site is currently isolated from other residential areas which are well screened from Priory Hill Road by mature trees making integration challenging. The western portion of the site is relatively flat and includes a strip of land lying between the two channels of the River Great Ouse and representing part of the conservation area; Mill Cottage sits on the northern boundary. East of the B1043 the land slopes significantly upwards (by approximately 15 to 20m) towards the railway line that bounds the eastern edge. Some trees and a hedgerow are present on the southern boundary of the site and part of the eastern edge of the B1043, however long distance views of open countryside can be seen from the south and north and from the B1043. Significant strategic landscaping would be required to mitigate impact of the development.

The far south west corner of the proposed site includes two cottages and is bounded by the Rowley allotments. St Neots water recycling centre sits within the centre of western portion of the site forming a substantial constraint. Brooks Farm is located in the north of the eastern parcel with Gallow Brook running through it. Outside the south eastern corner is an electricity substation. The River Great Ouse forms the western boundary. Several of the surrounding uses are either sensitive to development or pose constraints that would impact on the scale, nature and layout of any development proposals.

The site promoter proposes green infrastructure/biodiversity net gain, environmental initiatives and allotments to the west of the B1043 reflecting constraints arising from the water recycling centre, and flood risk. An extension to Priory Park to the east of the B1043 is proposed with residential uses on the far eastern portion which is bounded by the railway line.

There is no known pollution or contamination and no known gas or oil pipelines or associated buffer zones cross the site. Overhead power lines are present within the eastern portion of the site. No known heritage assets are located within the site, the western edge of the western part of the site and the southern boundary of the eastern part of the site both adjoin the conservation area, the area of land to the west and separated by the River Great Ouse lies entirely within a conservation area. There are no designated nature conservation assets within the site.

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer any potential for regeneration. The majority of the site is within a water recycling area buffer zone which significantly impacts on its suitability for uses where people will spend extended periods of time such as homes, some land in the far eastern parcel is outside this. The majority of the site is within a sand

and gravel mineral safeguarding area meaning and Cambridgeshire County Council will need to be consulted to ascertain if this is a workable resource that might constrain development.

#### **Availability**

The site is in single family control and the land optioned, the development is supported by all landowners. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The site promoter anticipates that the land is available from 2024 - 2028 and would be delivered by a house builder over a 6 year period.

#### **Achievability**

The site promoter notes that gas, mains water and electricity supply are accessible from site boundary as is digital and telecommunications infrastructure. The proposed location of residential development is to the east of the site as the site begins to slope upwards towards the railway line, elevation of the buildings may have a significant impact on the landscape character and significant strategic landscape would be required.

Overhead powerlines are present within the eastern portion of site where residential development is proposed, mitigation would be required to relocate the powerlines underground, or mitigate the presence of the powerlines, this may impact viability of the site.

Priory Hill Road and Mill lane bounds the southern edge of the site and the B1043 runs through the middle of the site. The eastern boundary is bound by the railway line. Any residential development may be subject to noise, air quality and vibrational impacts. Access to the road networks would assist with long term accessibility and the logistics of construction.

The separation of the site from the north of St Neots by Priory Hill Road/Mill Lane and the B1043 would require further measures (for example safe crossing points) to safely integrate the proposed site with the existing built up area of St Neots and to enable safe access to the proposed open space uses (Green Infrastructure and Priory Park extension). Development would require consideration of the integration of the existing residential developments and relationship to the conservation areas.

The site is within a water recycling area buffer zone, includes a water recycling centre and is within a a sand and gravel mineral safeguarding area. As a result, the open space uses may be considered acceptable, however the residential uses proposed may be difficult to achieve.

The site promoter has provided some supporting information to suggest how some of these issues may be mitigated for example they state that "Potential noise and vibration effects associated with the [railway] line could be mitigated as there is sufficient land available to

provide suitable technical measures. Undergrounding c cables [would be undertaken and]. Additional technical that the extent of proposed residential development in pro works is appropriate using guidance on the assessmen has been completed, the findings of which quote "that i be any odour complaints from residential receptors with the proposed extension to Priory Park and other green negligible." The site promoter also proposed a landscape screen the water recycling centre and aid in odour disp paths are proposed within the open spaces.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

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There are no known legal or ownership constraints. The safeguarding area and water recycling area would limit on site, but green uses could be considered acceptable, to overcome. The proposed development is contrary to allocation status would be necessary to support it. Sub the site could be categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site is wholly greenfield and grade 2 agricultural land •
- Flood zone 2 covers the entirety of the western parcel of land, flood zone 1 is only present on • just over half of the eastern parcel; flood zones 3a and 3b are also present
- Proximity to St Neots water recycling centre increases the potential odour impact on future • residents
- The site relates more closely to the countryside, the proposal would create an isolated pocket • of residential development exacerbated by its topography, with little relationship to its surrounding countryside location or existing residential properties
- Proposed uses for green infrastructure, and biodiversity net gain would support and enhance • the landscape setting, biodiversity and ecology, and the setting of the Great River Ouse within and adjacent to the Great Ouse Valley priority area.

of existing low voltage electricity work will be undertaken to confirm eximity to the waste water treatment of odour". An odour assessment it is highly unlikely that there would hin the proposed area. Impacts on infrastructure are considered to be e buffer and tree planting to visually bersal. A network of recreational	
e site's location within a mineral the possibility of residential uses so there are substantial constraints current adopted planning policy so ject to overcoming the constraints	~

e?	Yes
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# 8 St Neots

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

- Opportunities for an extension to Priory Park, green infrastructure, and biodiversity net gain could provide additional leisure opportunities
- Access to the railway station is within reasonable distance, as is access to St Neots town centre, education and employment opportunities

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- Is inappropriate for residential development
- Will not support sustainable place-making
- The achievability of the development is unclear because of the presence of overhead powerlines, odour and flood mitigation, noise and vibrational mitigation resultant from proximity to the railway line
- Is appropriate for green infrastructure, biodiversity net gain and potential extension to Priory Park subject to provision of safe crossing(s)

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 48.50 ha	Green infrastructure	Available 2024 onwards
Proposed residential development discounted as considered inappropriate	Biodiversity net gain	Build out 2024 - 2028 onwards: establishment of
development.	Priory Park extension	biodiversity net gain would
	Site capacity 48.50ha	be a long-term process with maintenance and monitoring
	If a Priory Park extension is taken forward, provision for car parking may be required slightly reducing the net developable area for green space uses	required for at least 30 years.

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

# St Neots 2: Land East of Brook Road, Eaton Ford, St Neots

Site reference	St Neots 2	
Site name	Land East of Brook Road	

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land east of Brook Road, St Neots	St Neots	14.00

## **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	Around 120 homes, the	Available 2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable housing	amount of specialist housing to be confirmed.	Build out over 3 to 3.5 years
Specialist housing	Open space areas to be	
Open spaces:	confirmed.	
Natural, green or open spaces for a variety of uses		
Biodiversity net gain opportunities		

## Core information

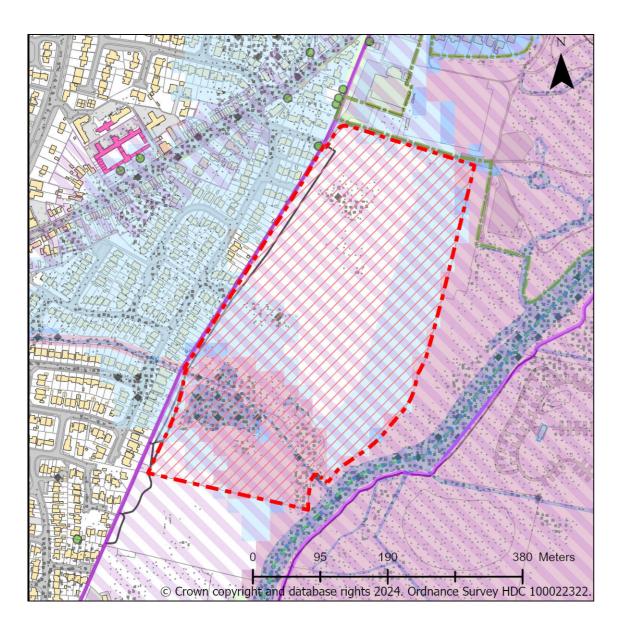
Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:283	
HELAA (December 2017): East of Brook Road St Neots (165)	
Wholly greenfield land	
Agricultural land	
Call for Sites Submission Land Use Budget Plan - North Site	

# **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	Approximately 2.76 ha of the site is within flood zone 3b	
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

# St Neots 8

Location Plan		



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

Some of the southern portion of the site is within flood zone 3a and 3b, this is associated with the River Great Ouse and Duloe Book which runs east to west through the southern half of the site. Over half of the site is within flood zone 2. Surface water flood risk is present and associated with Duloe Brook and ponds and the north west quadrant of the site is at risk of surface water flooding. This is also present immediately outside the eastern boundary. The site is wholly classified as grade 3 agricultural land.

The site slopes gently from west to east and forms part of Ford and Eynesbury and north towards the town centre a boundary is the designated local green space of Rivers site is the River Great Ouse. It is mainly rough grassland Brook margins. The site also contains a pond, and othe of the boundaries. To the north of the site is Eaton Soco west of the site is residential development which predom the site. The south of the site bounds The Pightle Millen bounds the northern and western boundary (public right views can be seen clearly across the site. Access to the available from Brook Road in two locations connecting wholly within the Great Ouse green infrastructure strate Cambridgeshire priority landscape area (Great Ouse Va this site would have to overcome significant biodiversity, impact constraints.

The site forms a fundamental part of the open space se providing a green lung through the centre of St Neots a would detrimentally affect the character of the wider envir design of any development proposal and its landscaping s how it would mitigate and minimise landscape impact.

There is no known pollution or contamination, and no o the site nor do overhead electricity lines. The site is who

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer any site is entirely within a sand and gravel mineral safegua County Council will need to be consulted to ascertain if might constrain development. The site is not within a w

### Availability

The site owned by a single/individual company and in a Development is supported by the landowner and there affecting the site. Delivery of the site is anticipated to be planning permission before being sold to a third party for from 2024 - 2028, the submission estimates that by appletween 35 and 40 per year, delivery of 120 dwellings v years.

#### Achievability

developer company control. e are no known legal restrictions be facilitated by acquiring or development. The land is available oplying a standard build out rate of would be completed within 3 to 3.5	of the green corridor between Eaton and Riverside Park. On the northern side Park. Immediately east of the d with mature trees along the Duloe er trees and hedging around parts con Football and Bowls Club, while minantly has rear gardens adjoining nnium Green. A foot and cycle path ht of way) of the site where open he site foot and cycle path is also the built development. The site is regic area and is also a Natural /alley). Residential development on landscape, light and environmental setting to the River Great Ouse and towards the east. Development ironment and open countryside. The scheme would need to demonstrate oil pipelines and buffer zones cross holly within a conservation area.	
~	e are no known legal restrictions be facilitated by acquiring or development. The land is available oplying a standard build out rate of	+
		~

Gas, mains water and electricity supply and digital and telecommunications infrastructure are accessible from the site boundary. No gas or oil pipelines and associated buffer zones nor any overhead electricity lines cross the site.

The site is accessible by road from River Road (a narrow residential road) off the B1428 meaning logistics may be hampered during development and impact on local residents. The achievability of upgraded accesses sufficient for the proposed development could present a financial and physical constraint. The site forms a fundamental part of the open space setting of the River Great Ouse and as such any built development would have significant landscape impact requiring substantial mitigation. The impacts of transport as a result of construction and occupation of aroud 600 dwellings would require significant consideration and mitigation, especially to the occupants of River Road or other access points off Brooks Road. Development would require consideration of the integration of the residential development with Brooks Farm.

The site promoter has provided some supporting information to suggest how some of these issues may be mitigated for example through a continuation of Riverside Park to the east, linking to allotments and The Pightle, green infrastructure and attenuation basins would continue to the south, all of which is intended to steer development away from flood zones 3a, b and 2. Access to the residential units would be via River Road. The proposal would be accompanied by a heritage impact assessment, arboricultural assessment and a flood risk assessment and drainage strategy. Woodland would be retained.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. The sites location which is wholly within a mineral safeguarding area, and the Great Ouse green infrastructure strategic area, and a Natural Cambridgeshire priority landscape area (Great Ouse Valley) would have very substantial constraints to overcome. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it. The site is categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage? Yes

#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site is wholly greenfield and grade 3 agricultural land •
- The site is constrained by flood risk, over half of the site is within flood zone 2 and some within • flood zone 3a and 3b

- The site would fundamentally impact the the landscape setting, biodiversity and ecology of the • area, wider countryside, nature designations and valued green space
- The site would fundamentally impact a significant part of a green infrastructure corridor associated • with the River Great Ouse priority landscape area
- Residential development on this site would have significant light impacts. •
- Employment, primary education, shops, cultural and leisure facilities and public transport are within an accessible distance

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that:

- The site is inappropriate for residential development and would fundamentally impact the • landscape setting
- The achievability of upgraded accesses sufficient for the proposed development could present • a financial and physical constraint

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development due to its landscape impact.	N/A	N/A

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

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## St Neots 8

## 8 St Neots

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

## St Neots 3: Peppercorn Meadows, Eaton Socon, St Neots

Site reference	St Neots 3
Site name	Peppercorn Meadows, Eaton Socon

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land north of 17 Peppercorn Lane, Eaton Socon, St Neots	St Neots	0.94 (including track)

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	6 or 7 homes	Available 2024 - 2028
Specialist housing		Build out over 18 months

#### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:383
Relevant planning history	Application Number:16/01468/OUT
	Proposed Development: Hybrid application for proposed residential development of 5 dwellings accessed from Peppercorns Lane (outline), new access to cricket club from Shakespeare Road and change of use of land to town park (full)
	Outcome: Refused and appeal (APP/H0520/W/18/3200875) dismissed
	Application Number: 19/02354/FUL
	Proposed Development: Access to Eaton Socon Cricket Club for vehicles from Shakespeare Road.
	Outcome: Withdrawn

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	weste
Land type	Whol
Current use of the site	Agric
	Note: public
Supporting information	Pepp
	Рерр

#### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

AA (December 2017): Peppercorns Lane. s site was 4.79 ha. The site submitted is the stern portion of the HELAA site.

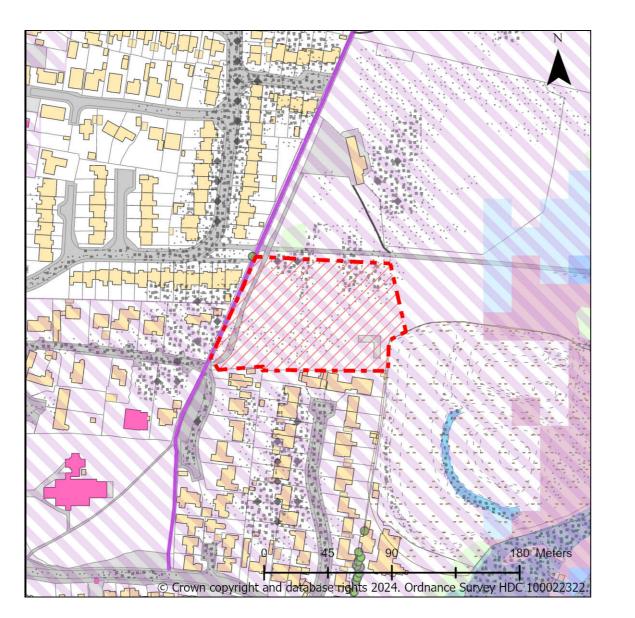
#### olly greenfield land

#### icultural

e: The submission states it is uncultivated with lic access

percorn Meadows Map

percorn Meadows Supporting Map



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is located wholly in flood zone 1. The site is at risk from surface water flooding. The land is wholly grade 3 agricultural land.

This site is an uncultivated field with public access, it forms part of the green corridor between Eaton Socon and Eynesbury and north towards the town centre and Riverside Park. On the northern boundary is a footpath and cycleway which heads towards Willow Bridge which is a River Great Ouse crossing point and into the river meadows at Eynesbury. The path connects with Shakespeare Road and the western edge of the site which includes a public right of way which accessible from Peppercorns Lane. The footpath is separated

from existing homes by trees and hedgerows and there with the existing community. To the north of the site is E Ground. Castle Hills scheduled monument bounds the s mature trees and hedgerows separating this from the s outside the north eastern boundary. Long distance ope the site into the open countryside of the Great Ouse riv (minus 0.24ha of the south western corner) is within the strategic area as set out in set out in the Cambridgeshi (2011) and is also a Natural Cambridgeshire priority lar Residential development on this site would be constrain landscape, light and environmental impacts which would forms part of the open space setting to the River Great O the centre of St Neots and towards the east, development character of the wider environment and open countrysi conservation area. The design of any development prop would need to demonstrate how it would mitigate and r would protect the character of the conservation area ar monument.

The site promoter states that recent site clearing expos a collapsed agricultural roof) around the area of the old contamination was professionally removed and dispose below the surface. No oil pipelines and buffer zones cro dissect the site running north to south. No known herita site.

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer any site is entirely within a sand and gravel mineral safeguar a brickclay mineral safeguarding area, Cambridgeshire consulted to ascertain if these are workable resources The site is not within a water recycling area.

### Availability

The site has multiple owners in family control with develop There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. by gaining outline consent with the owners going into p specialises in small developments of high quality dwelling 2028 and the submission expects development to take Shakespeare Road is approved.

### Achievability

## St Neots 8

efore the site would not integrate Eaton Socon Cricket Club and south eastern corner of the site with site. A protected ash tree sits just in views can be seen into and from ver valley. The majority of the site e Great Ouse Green infrastructure ire Green Infrastructure Strategy indscape area (Great Ouse Valley). ned by its significant biodiversity, Id need to be addressed. The site Duse providing a green lung through ent could detrimentally affect the ide. The site is wholly within a posal and its landscaping scheme minimise landscape impact, how it nd the setting of the scheduled sed asbestos contamination (from d stable foundations. All surface ed of but contamination still remains poss the site. Overhead power lines age assets are located within the hy potential for regeneration. The rding area and 0.58ha is also within e County Council will need to be that might constrain development.	
pment supported by all landowners. Delivery is proposed to be achieved partnership with a builder who ngs. The site is available from 2024 te 18 months after an access to	÷
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## 8 St Neots

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

Mains water and electricity supply are accessible from site boundary. The submission states that access to gas supply and digital and telecommunications infrastructure is unknown. No gas or oil pipelines or buffer zones cross the site. Overhead powerlines dissect the site so mitigation would be required to relocate the powerlines underground or divert them, this would impact viability and layout of the site. Issues of contamination as a result of asbestos would also require investigation and remediation.

The site is accessible by road from Peppercorns Lane via a narrow track located on a corner (also used to access the local cricket club) meaning logistics may be hampered during development and potential traffic would impact on local residents. Proposed secondary access to the site is currently via a footpath off Shakespeare Road, access would have to cross the cycleway and potentially land owned by the Pightle Trust immediately north of the site boundary. The achievability of upgraded accesses sufficient for the proposed development could present a financial and physical constraint. Land in the south eastern edge of the site may also be in the ownership of the Pightle Trust and would require further investigation and/or consideration of the integration of the site with this land.

The site forms a fundamental part of the open space setting of the River Great Ouse and a scheduled monument and as such any built development would have significant landscape, and heritage impact requiring significant mitigation. The impacts of transport and safety as a result of construction and occupation of around 6 dwellings would require significant consideration and mitigation, especially to the occupants of Peppercorns Lane and those using the public footpaths that bound the site.

The site promoter suggests how some of these issues may be mitigated by referring to the previous refused planning application 16/01468/OUT which states that dwellings would be in keeping with the local vernacular of existing building nearby and that the areas of highest ecological value, particularly the boundary trees, would be recommended for retention.

In addition, the submission notes that overhead electricity lines would need repositioning underground and that below surface asbestos comes from a collapsed agricultural roof and can be quickly removed for disposal. Access from Shakespeare Road is also under investigation which could result in access of some properties from there and some from Peppercorns Lane.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal constraints but there may be ownership constraints or a narrow band on the eastern edge of the site. The site's location is wholly within a mineral safeguarding area and mostly within another. The majority of the site is also within the Great Ouse green infrastructure strategic area as set out in set out Cambridgeshire Green Infrastructure Strategy (2011) and is also a Natural Cambridgeshire priority landscape area (Great Ouse Valley) and immediately adjacent a scheduled monument demonstrating that

there are very substantial constraints to overcome and site access could present a significant barrier. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it, therefore it is classified as developable.

Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stag

Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The site is wholly greenfield and grade 3 agricultural land •
- The site is not constrained by fluvial flood risk, but surface water flood risk is present on site •
- The site would fundamentally impact the the landscape setting and gateway to a green infrastructure corridor associated with the River Great Ouse priority landscape area
- Residential development in this location would create an isolated pocket of development, with • little relationship to its surrounding countryside location
- The site could impact the setting of a scheduled monument •
- Employment, primary education, shops, cultural and leisure facilities and public transport are within an accessible distance

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that:

- The site is inappropriate for residential development and would fundamentally impact the • landscape setting and gateway to a green infrastructure corridor
- The achievability of upgraded accesses sufficient for the proposed development could present • a financial and physical constraint as could mitigation of overhead electricity lines and ground contamination as a result of asbestos

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development due to its landscape impact.	N/A	N/A

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

ge?	Yes

## St Neots 4: Land North of the A428, St Neots

Site reference	St Neots 4
Site name	Land North of the A428, St Neots

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land north of the A428 and west of the River Great Ouse, St Neots	St Neots	20.00

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Commercial:	11-12 units employment	Available 2024 - 2028
Employment	Commercial leisure uses to be confirmed	Build out over around 5 years
Commercial leisure uses (new sporting and leisure facilities)		
Open spaces:		
Biodiversity Net Gain		

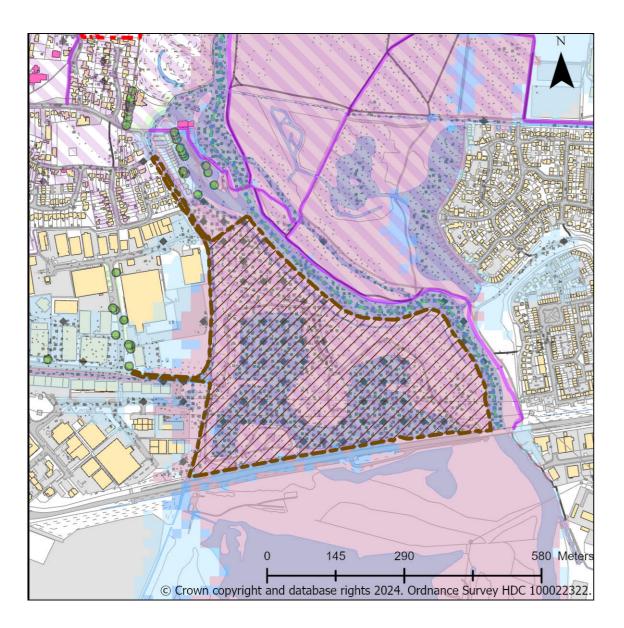
#### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:284
Relevant planning history	None relevant
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Community uses Gingerbread Lake - private recreational/leisure use for purpose of angling. Wider informal greenspace use.
Supporting information	None submitted

### Fundamental Constraints

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	99% of site in flood zone 3b	Fail
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

## St Neots 8



### HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken, the site is inappropriate for development as 99% of site is within flood zone 3b	N/A	N/A

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	No
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#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The site failed a fundamental constraint and therefore did not progress to Sustainability Appraisal.

## St Neots 5: Albert Hall Memorial Field, Hall Road, Eynesbury, St Neots

Site reference	St Neots 5
Site name	Albert Hall Memorial Field, Hall Road, Eynesbury, St Neots

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Hall Road, Eynesbury, St Neots	St Neots	1.69

#### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential: Market and/or affordable housing	60 homes	Available 2024-2028 Build out all in 1 year

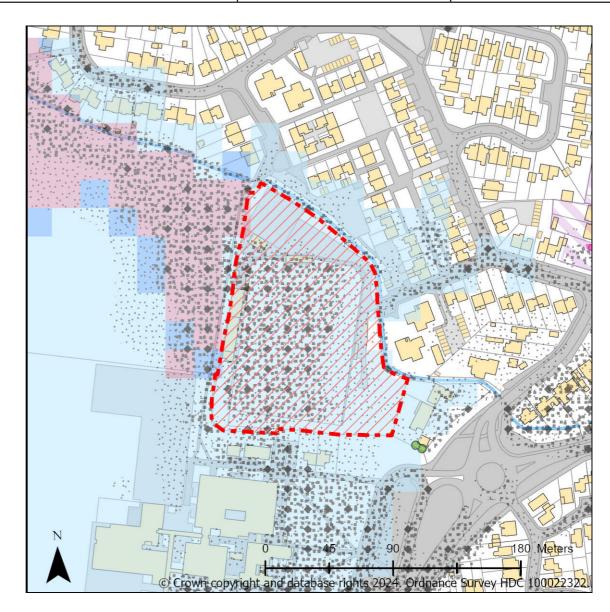
### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for Sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:8
Relevant planning history	Part of the St Neots Community College Urban Design Framework 2005
Land type	Wholly previously developed land
Current use of the site	Football ground
Supporting information	None

#### Fundamental Constraints

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	Southwestern 25% classified as agricultural grade 1 but character is continuous with remainder classified as urban	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is within flood zone 2 which places it at enhanced flood risk with very small pockets on the western boundary being in flood zone 3. Flood risk would form a substantial constraint on development. Approximately 25% of the south western part of the site is classified as grade 1 agricultural land which should be protected from built development. However, in reality this land is an integral part of the football field and its circulation and viewing space and is integral with the remainder which is classified as urban land. Therefore, this is not considered to form a significant constraint on the site's capacity. The north western part of the site is surfaced as a games court with the majority of the site laid out as a football club with associated viewing stands, outbuildings and a parking area. The whole site comprises level ground. The current use as a football field forms a constraint in itself as national policy specifies that such land should not be built on unless the space has been clearly shown to be surplus of requirements or it would be replaced by equivalent or better provision in a suitable location. No such evidence has been provided.

The south western quarter of the site is situated within the Great Ouse green infrastructure priority area. However, landscape impact of potential development is partially reduced by the presence of the main viewing stand being situated on the western edge of the site already. Some longer distance views to the open landscape are screened by existing hedging, surrounding buildings and adjacent playing pitches. However, the site can be seen from the public footpath running north from the James Toller statue, along the eastern edge of the camping and caravanning site and linking in to the Coneygeare car park. Residential development bounds the northern and eastern edges of the site with educational buildings to the south and playing fields to the west. A small number of properties on The Broad Walk directly overlook the site and layout would need to take these homes in to account. Residential use of the site would be compatible with these.

There is no known contamination or pollution within the site. No oil or gas pipelines or their associated buffer zones constrain the site and there are no electricity powerlines crossing it. No heritage assets exist within or immediately adjoining the site so there is no constraint from this. Highway access already exists from Hall Road facilitating access for construction and future residents. The northern boundary is separated from The Broad Walk by a drainage ditch. There are no public rights of way within the site

The site would involve reuse of previously developed land. It lies within a mineral safeguarding area for sand and gravel but given its small scale is unlikely to form a viable resource. It is beyond 400m from a water recycling site.

Availability

The site is controlled by a charitable trust which support known legal restrictions affecting the site. Redevelopmer club facilities to be relocated which would be dependent allocation and planning consent for residential develop allocation status will be sought and the site then sold to

#### Achievability

All main services are accessible from the site boundary with a small urban watercourse parallel to the northern b stands and other football club facilities would be require may also need to be relocated

#### **Deliverability / developability**

Release of the site for residential development is dependent football club. Therefore, it is categorised as developable

### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues in bringing forward this site:

- 97% is in flood zone 2 and around half suffers from surface water flooding too •
- Most is urban land but around a quarter is classified as grade 1 agricultural land
- It is previously developed land •
- Good access to education, employment, social and community facilities •
- Some challenges in integrating development with adjoining uses •
- Liable to noise and light pollution from the adjoining school and sports uses •

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- Is inappropriate for residential use due to flood risk •
- The current use as a football ground should be retained unless well-located, equal or bteer • quality provision is provided

108

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orts its development. There are no nt would require the existing football nt upon funds being received from oment. The promoter suggests o a third party for development.	
ry. The site comprises level ground boundary. Demolition of the existing ed. Communications towers on site	~
ndent upon relocation of the existing e.	~

e? Yes	
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## HDC's Delivery Calculations

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as the site is inappropriate for development due to flood risk and uncertainty over relocation plans.	N/A	N/A

## Updates after the Initial Assessment

## St Neots 8

## St Neots 6: Land South West of Potton Road, Eynesbury, St Neots

Site reference	St Neots 6
Site name	Land to the south west of Potton Road

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land to the south west of Potton Road (B1046) and north of A428	St Neots	3.87

#### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	79 homes	Available 2024 - 2028
Market and/or affordable homes		Build out over 2 - 3 years

#### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference - CfS:317
Relevant planning history	Application: 16/01507/OUT
	Proposed Development: Residential development of site for up to 79 dwellings and associated open space with all matters reserved except access to be from Potton Road
	Outcome: Approved & lapsed
	Application: 8500745OUT
	Proposed Development:- Industrial Development
	Outcome: Refused
	HELAA (December 2017): Potton Road, St Neots
Land type	Wholly greenfield land

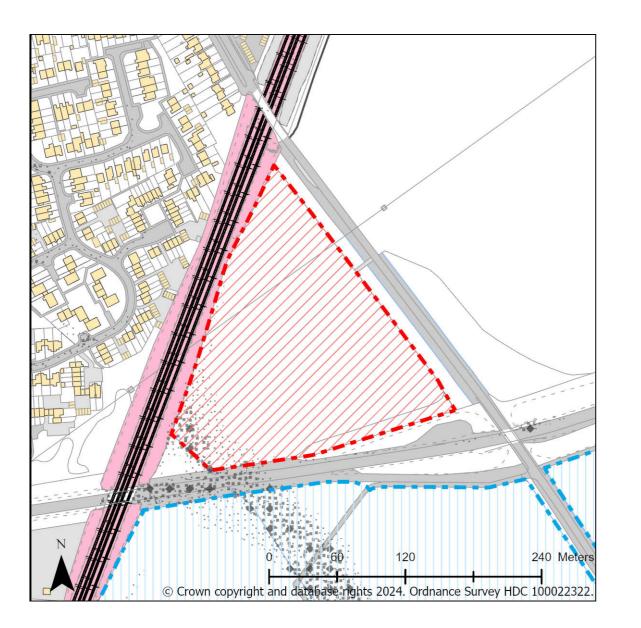
Current use of the site	Agricu
Supporting information	Land a respoi Optior

### Fundamental Constraints

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

#### cultural land

d at Potton Road, St Neots (July 2023) oonse to the Huntingdonshire Issues and ions Consultation 2023



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is located in flood zone 1, surface water flood risk is located in the south west corner of the site and extends somewhat along the southern and eastern boundary. Approximately 3ha of the site is grade 2 agricultural land with the northern tip classified as urban. The site is in use as arable agricultural land.

The site slopes from south west to north east with a height difference of approximately 10m. The site is bounded to the west by the East Coast mainline railway which is raised and banked. The southern edge is bounded by the A428 which is in a cutting at the eastern end before heading under the B1046. The frontage to the A428 includes substantial copses

of woodland at either end of this frontage with just one be obtained across the site. The eastern boundary is e by a more consistent tree belt of around 12 m in width s for the field entrance currently allowing limited glimpses would be limited, however the elevation of the buildings prominent due to the sloping nature of the site. Approxin edge of site adjacent to the railway line is identified as infrastructure strategic area and also a Natural Cambrid the Great Ouse Valley. Biodiversity, landscape and env constraints to development of the site.

There is no known pollution or contamination and no oi the site. However, a high pressure gas pipe line runs al site. High voltage overhead powerlines traverse the site boundary to the eastern boundary which form a signific pollution may impact the layout and scale of developme and the A428. No known heritage assets are located wi assets and there are no tree preservation orders affect

Strategic Expansion Location SEL2: St Neots East (othe is located to the north east of the site and is currently un already occupied. The B1046 separates the submitted location; integration would be difficult to achieve until de SEL2 is complete. The site is currently isolated from other

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer any regeneration. Approximately 0.05ha of the central west sand and gravel mineral safeguarding area, the rest of line. The site is not within a water recycling area.

#### **Availability**

The site is in single family control and development is s are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. The subto acquire planning permission before selling the land submission suggests the land is available between 202 delivered over 2 to 3 years

#### Achievability

The submission notes that gas, mains water and electric boundary as is digital and telecommunications infrastrue may require consideration due to the sloping nature of pressure gas pipeline would constrain development on

## St Neots 8

gap through which clear views can dged by the B1046 which is lined screening the site with only the gap s into the site. Landscape impact could make the development more mately 1.15 ha of the north western part of the Great Ouse green dgeshire priority landscape area for vironmental impacts would all pose	
il pipelines and buffer zones cross long the western boundary of the from the centre point of the western cant constraint. Noise and light ent given proximity to the railway thin the site or nature conservation ting it.	
erwise known as Wintringham Park) nder construction with some homes site and the strategic expansion evelopment on the southern end of her residential areas.	
y potential for tern edge of the site falls within a which is separated by the railway	
Supported by all landowners. There mission states that it is the intention a third party for development. The 24 and 2028 and is likely to be	+
city supply are accessible from site cture. The elevation of the buildings f the site. The presence of a high the western edge.	~

## 8 St Neots

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

The southern edge of the site is bounded by A428, the eastern edge by the B1046 and the western edge by the railway line, which would require noise mitigation measures. Portions of the southern and eastern parts of the site fall within the A428 Development Consent Order boundary potentially restricting development whilst construction is underway. The finalisation of the EastWest Rail route may also have similar impacts on the site and available land, but this is currently unknown. Air quality and vibrations as a result of East West Rail may also impact upon the proposed site. High voltage overhead powerlines traverse the site from the centre point of the western boundary to the eastern boundary which cross the railway line. Mitigation would be required to relocate the powerlines underground, or mitigate the presence of the powerlines, this would impact viability of the site, and could be difficult to remedy.

Access to A and B road networks would assist with long term access to the site and the logistics of construction, current access is from the B1046. The presence of major roads would require further measures to safely integrate the community from proposed site with the existing residential community of St Neots, for example through provision of foot and cycle bridges.

The site promoter has provided supporting information to suggest how some of these issues may be mitigated, for example it notes that the outline planning permission shows that the high voltage overhead electricity lines and high-pressure gas pipeline can be mitigated and that the site can have a neutral visual effect as confirmed by the Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment. The site promoter also notes that the outline consent addressed noise and vibration impacts.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. Proximity to the A428, B1046 and railway may impact on the layout and mix of uses appropriate on the site and there are substantial constraints to overcome. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it. The site is categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	Yes
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#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward the site:

- The site is wholly greenfield and grade 2 agricultural land •
- The site is not constrained by fluvial flood risk with minimal surface water flood risk

- The has no direct relationship to the landscape •
- The topographical challenges could influence the layout of buildings and elevations •
- The site could relate well to Wintringam Park to the north once complete having the potential • to be integrated with the community
- The site is within reasonable distance to St Neots town centre, a primary school, employment • opportunities and the railway station

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that:

- May be appropriate for development in the long term contributing to the housing needs of the • district and supporting sustainable place-making
- Would require careful consideration of building elevations •
- The achievability of the site would be reliant upon mitigation of overhead electricity lines, safe response to the presence of a gas pipeline, and mitigation of noise and vibrational impacts due to proximity to the railway line.

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 3.87 ha 60% net developable area to provide mitigation from railway line, gas pipeline, landscaping and noise mitigation from major roads and railway. Gross area x net % = net area 3.87 x 0.6 = <b>2.32 ha net developable</b> <b>area</b>	Residential use - market and/or affordable housing Low density of 35dph to reflect edge of settlement location and reduced elevations required due to topography. Low density of 35dph = 2.32ha x 35 = <b>81 homes</b>	Post 2035 subject to allocation and further progress on Wintringham Park to facilitate integration. Build out over 3 - 4 years

#### Updates after the Initial Assessment

## St Neots 7: Land North East of Wintringham Park, St Neots

Site reference	St Neots 7
Site name	Land North East of Wintringham Park, St Neots

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
North east of Cambridge Road roundabout, east of B1428 Cambridge Road and north of A428(T), east of Wintringham Park, St Neots	St Neots	0.30

### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
<ul> <li>Residential:</li> <li>Market and/or affordable housing</li> <li>Specialist housing</li> <li>Custom and self-build housing</li> <li>Nursing and care homes</li> <li>Commercial:</li> <li>Employment</li> <li>Retail</li> <li>Logistics, distribution</li> <li>Infrastructure:</li> <li>Renewable energy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Option 1 Residential: To be confirmed at around 15 homes</li> <li>Option 2 Commercial: To be confirmed at around 2,500 sqm</li> <li>Option 3 Infrastructure: To be confirmed e.g. battery storage</li> </ul>	Available from 2024 - 2028 Build out over 2 years

#### **Core information**

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference -CfS:362	
Relevant planning history	None	
Land type	Wholly greenfield land	

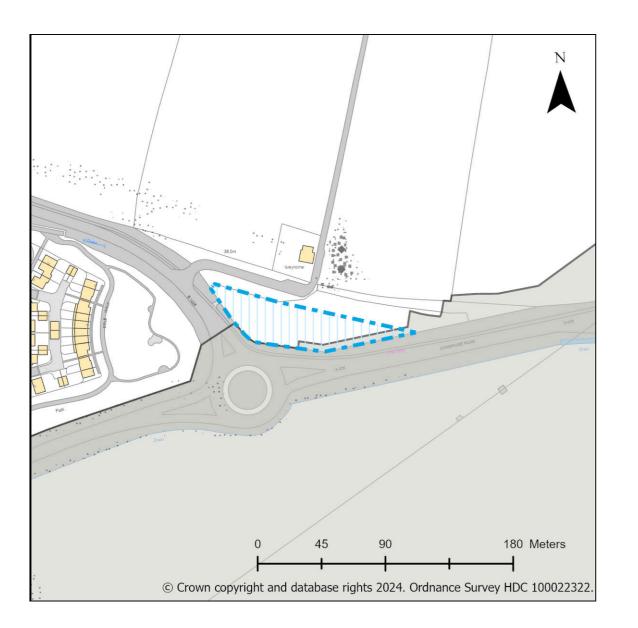
Current use of the site	Unde use
Supporting information	Cove

## **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

leveloped greenfield land - no recent historic

vering letter



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The site is located within flood zone 1 and no surface water risk is present within the boundaries. The site is wholly classified as a grade 2 agricultural land and is currently covered with rough grassland. The land is flat and abuts the roundabout joining the A428 and B1428 Cambridge Road which form the southern and western boundaries respectively. The northern boundary comprises a mix of trees and shrubs with the access track to Greyholme and Tithe Farm just beyond the western half. Both road frontages have post and rail fencing giving a very open aspect. The site can be clearly seen from all sides. Landscape design to transition to open countryside to both north and south of the site or

to set back development may be required dependent on t for users. The narrow width of the site at around 30m m this.

Strategic Expansion Location SEL2: St Neots East (Win located to the west of the site separated by Cambridge Re (also part of SEL2) is located northwest of the site. The use with the road network, roundabout and strategic ex dependent on its future use. The noise and lights from their their proximity to the site boundary.

There is no known pollution or contamination and no ga zones cross the site. No known heritage assets are loca conservation assets and there are no tree preservation of has a field access from Cambridge Road.

As the site is wholly greenfield land it does not offer the within a mineral safeguarding area or water recycling a

#### Availability

The site is in individual company control by a developer landowners. There are no known legal restrictions affect states that the site would be delivered by a master devel 2024 and 2028 and likely to be delivered over 2 years.

#### Achievability

The landowner notes that gas, mains water and electric telecommunications infrastructure are all accessible fro pipelines and buffer zones cross the site or overhead p

The A428 and B1428 Cambridge Road bound the site w of construction. Depending on the use, noise mitigation to open countryside may be required which could give Resultant transport movements from proposed employn of the local road network. The site promoter states site have to be confirmed from the existing road frontage. The safe access to and from the site may be impeded due to

The southern edge of the site is within the A428 Development and potentially restricting development whilst construction is the site will be in proximity to the proposed rerouting of t to transition to open countryside may be required on the r mitigation measures would be required to address the relationship of the second second

the use to ensure adequate amenity nay be a constraint to achieving Intringham Park development) is oad; the Loves Farm 2 development e compatibility of the proposed land kpansion locations would be traffic will form a constraint given as/oil pipelines or associated buffer eated within the site or nature orders affecting it. The site currently e potential for regeneration. It is not area.	
r; development is supported by the cting the site. The site promoter loper. The site is available between	+
city supply and digital and om the site boundary. No gas/oil oower lines/infrastructure. which would assist with the logistics and landscape design to transition rise to a contrained site shape. ment uses may impact on the safety access is a constraint that would he site is located on a roundabout, to this location. opment Consent Order boundary s underway. The southern edge of the A428(A421). Landscape design northern boundary of the site. Noise new A428(A421) rerouting and the	~

current A428 dependent on the proposed use. The finalisation of the East West Rail route may also have similar impacts (including vibrational) on the site and available land, but this is currently unknown. Air quality as a result of the new A428(A421) and East West Rail may also impact upon the proposed site use.

Mitigation measures to address all of the above may affect the feasibility of the site for residential or employment use.

The site promoter states that "Development at SEL2 and Wintringham in particular has taken a sustainable and responsive approach to transport provision including investment in new footpaths, cycleways and bridleways that will link the site to surrounding communities. Delivery in this location will additionally support usage of local public transport including rail and in particular new bus routes and cycle ways linking Wintringham to St Neots."

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. Proximity to the existing A428, Cambridge Road and proposed A428 and EastWest Rail may impact on the layout and uses appropriate for the site and there are substantial constraints to overcome regarding access. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it. Subject to demonstrating a safe access the site could potentially be developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?

#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The proposed site presented 3 options for consideration:

Option 1 Residential: To be confirmed at around 15 homes (potential for Market and/or affordable • housing, Specialist housing, Custom and self-build housing, or Nursing and care homes);

Yes

- Option 2 Commercial: To be confirmed at around 2,500 sqm (including employment, retail or • logistics/distribution)
- Option 3 Infrastructure: To be confirmed e.g. battery storage

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward the site:

- The site is wholly greenfield land and grade 2 agricultural land
- The site is not constrained by fluvial or surface water flood risk •
- The site is less than one hectare and would contribute to the government's aspiration to promote • sites suitable for SME builders

- The site currently acts as a landscape transition from the A428/Cambridge Road roundabout • and residential development further north west mirroring the intention of strategic allocation (Wintringham Park) to the east, development here could impinge on this
- The site is within reasonable distance of St Neots town centre, a primary school, employment • opportunities and public transport in the form of St Neots railway station and a bus stop
- The site is bounded by the A428 and abuts the Cambridge Road roundabout so is likely to suffer from noise, air light and air pollution and commercial or retail uses could exacerbate this

In combination with the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that:

- The site may be appropriate for development provided this was not residential as amenity levels would be inadequate
- Landscaping to address this visual impact would be essential to the compatibility of the scheme • with the form and character of the area
- Access to the site by vehicle in a safe manner could be a barrier to the safety of road users and • pedestrians if residential or commercial options were chosen due to proximity to the roundabout

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

# 8 St Neots

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
	Logistics at 0.4 plot ration - (0.18ha x 0.40) x 10,000sqm =720 sqm	
	Option 3 Infrastructure	
	Centrica advise that approximately 0.80ha is the minimum land requirement for battery storage, as the site is less than a quarter of this size it appears to not to be achievable.	

## Updates after the Initial Assessment

## St Neots 8: Land East of Loves Farm (Tithe Farm extension), St Neots

Site reference	St Neots 8
Site name	Land East of Loves Farm (Tithe Farm extension), St Neots

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land East of Loves Farm and north of Cambridge Road (B1428), St Neots	St Neots and Abbotsley	99.55 ha

#### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	Up to 1,500 new homes	Available 2029 - 2034
<ul> <li>Market and/ or affordable housing</li> <li>Specialist housing</li> <li>Custom and self-build housing</li> <li>Nursing or care homes</li> </ul>	All other proposed uses to be determined	Build out over circa 10 years
Commercial:		
<ul><li>Employment</li><li>Retail</li><li>Commercial leisure</li></ul>		
Supporting infrastructure:		
<ul><li>School</li><li>Health uses</li><li>Renewable energy</li></ul>		
Open space uses:		
<ul><li>Natural, green and open space</li><li>Biodiversity net gain</li></ul>		

#### Core information

How was the site identified?

Call for sites 2023 submission: CfS:16

Relevant planning history	11.6 site Tithe
Land type	Part Iand
Current use of the site	Agri
Supporting information	Loca
	Love

#### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass

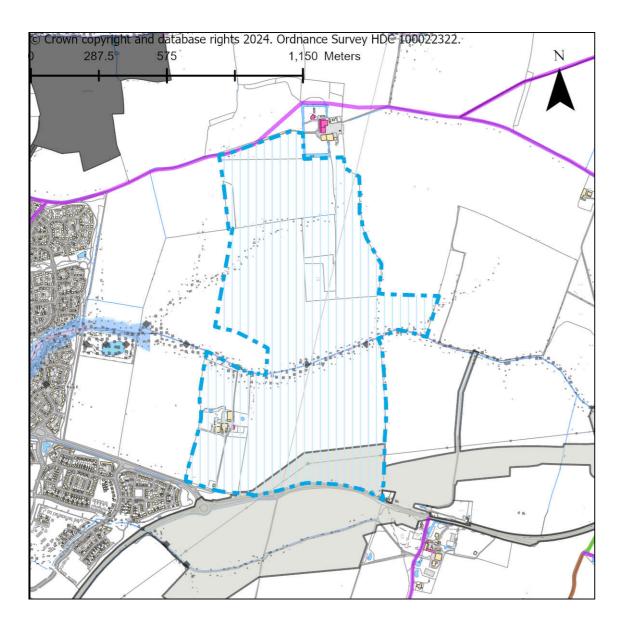
.6 ha of the south west corner of the proposed e was included in the HELAA (December 2017): he Farm

rt previously developed land and part greenfield

ricultural and commercial

cation Plan including Loves Farm 2 masterplan.

ves Farm Expansion Concept Framework



#### Assessment of Site Potential

#### Context, constraints and potential suitability

The majority of the site is within flood zone 1, 0.3ha of the site is in flood zone 3b along Fox Book which runs east to west just below centre of site. Minimal surface water flood risk a is present on site. Two ponds are located within the Tithe Farm curtilage. The site is wholly classified as grade 2 agricultural land. A public right of way bounds the north east boundary (Priory Hill). The land slopes gently down from the north and south towards Fox Brook. Cambridge Road and the A428 bound the southern boundary and views from here are screened by trees and hedgerow. The site is located in open countryside. Long distance views can be currently seen from Priory Hill and public r making it highly exposed from the north, significant land to mitigate impact on the adjoining countryside.

Part of Strategic Expansion Location SEL2: St Neots E Farm 2) adjoins the western boundary; construction ha Park), currently under construction, is located to the so Cambridge Road. The site has the potential to be integ

There is no known pollution or contamination and no ga cross the site. Overhead powerlines traverse the site, on boundary heading towards east and one south to north

There are a number of buildings within the site (approx Farm, one of which is Grade II Listed. Integration and re

There are patches of wooded area across the site inclu (approximately 4.70ha) located in the north east quade the northwest quadrant with 0.56ha north of and surrou nature conservation assets.

The site is a mix of greenfield and previously developed site is greenfield meaning the opportunities for regener within a mineral safeguarding area or water recycling a

#### Availability

The site is in the control of a single individual/ company the landowner. There are no known legal restrictions aff states that the site would be delivered by a master devel from 2029 - 2034 with delivery over circa 10 years.

#### Achievability

The submission states that gas supply is not immediate water and electricity supply and digital and telecommunic from the site boundary.

The southern section of the site falls within the A428 Dev and rerouting of the A428 potentially restricting developm and/or affecting the amount of developable land. Noise required to address the new A428 rerouting and the cu EastWest Rail route may also have similar impacts (inc available land potentially running through the site, but th as a result of the new A428 and EastWest rail may also

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rights of way to the north of the site dscaping buffers may be required	
ast (otherwise known as Loves is not begun. SEL2 (Wintringham buth west and is separated by rated with the current allocation.	
as/oil pipelines and buffer zones ne from the central point of southern n dissecting the site.	
imately 6) associated with Tithe etention of this would be required.	
uding Cromwell's Close Plantation Irant, and approximately 0.68ha in unding Tithe farm. There are no	
d land, however the majority of the ration are limited. The site is not area.	
y with development supported by fecting the site. The site promoter eloper and that the land is available	+
ely accessible from the site. Mains cations infrastructure are accessible	

Two overhead powerline routes traverse the site, mitigation would be required to relocate the powerlines underground, or address the presence of the powerlines, this would impact viability of the site.

Access to the A428 road network would assist with the logistics of construction. Major infrastructure would be required to support development, such as schools, local services and green spaces/infrastructure.

Landscape buffers and integration of existing woodland would be required. Retention of the listed building would be required and the future of remaining buildings would require assessment as they fall within the setting of the listed building.

The site promoter has provided a Loves Farm Expansion Concept Framework which provides a visual example of how the site could be integrated with the existing Strategic Expansion Location SEL2 (Loves Farm 2). The framework suggests semi-natural greenspace within the A428 DCO boundary, Tithe Farm to be retained to become a neighbourhood hub and retention of woodland with a green corridor surrounding Fox Brook. Other proposed land uses include sports, play, allotments, biodiversity, drainage and a 2 Form Entry Primary School.

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. Proximity to the existing A428 and proposed A428 and EastWest Rail may impact on the layout and mix of uses appropriate on the site and there are substantial constraints to overcome. The proposed development is contrary to current adopted planning policy so allocation status would be necessary to support it. The site is categorised as developable.

#### Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage?	Yes
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#### Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- The majority of the site is within flood zone 1, 0.3ha of the site is in flood zone 3b •
- The site is predominently greenfield and grade 2 agricultural land. •
- Preservation and enhancement of listed building its setting and existing woodland would be • required.
- The site could relate well to Loves Farm 2 to the west once complete having the potential to be • integrated with the community.

- Landscape impact could me mitigated if masterplanned effectively due to a steep rise in • topography to the north of the site mitigation measures to the north and east would require addressing.
- Proximity to the new A428 and potentially could increase the likelihood noise light, and visual • pollution although development in this area has demonstrated this can be mitigated
- The site is close to St Neots town centre, railway, Primary Academy and employment providing potential employment and social opportunities. Active travel opportunities would be achievable from pavement that adjoins the site frontage, which can provide active travel opportunities.

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- May be appropriate for development in the long term contributing to the housing needs of the • district and supporting sustainable place-making.
- Flood mitigation would be required •
- Linkages into Loves Farm 2 to create integration are uncertain until reserved matters on Loves • Farm 2 are confirmed.
- Major infrastructure would be required to support development. •
- Access to A road networks would provide good long term road connectivity •
- Mitigation would be required to relocate or integrate powerlines •
- Biodiversity, landscape and environmental impacts of the site would need to be addressed. •

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 99.5ha 37.9% net developable area allowed following the exclusion land as proposed in the submitted masterplan for: 10.2ha for primary school	The net developable area is 37.73ha. <b>1.23ha is deducted for a neighbourhood hub</b> (this includes the listed buildings), this leaves 36.5ha.	Post 2035 subject to allocation and further progress on Loves Farm 2 to facilitate integration. Build out expected to require more than 10 years.
<ul> <li>(including land for potential through school expansion at 8.2ha),</li> <li>5.61ha for formal open space</li> </ul>	<b>3.65 ha is deducted for</b> <b>commercial, employment</b> <b>and retail uses</b> representing 10% of the outstanding site area.	

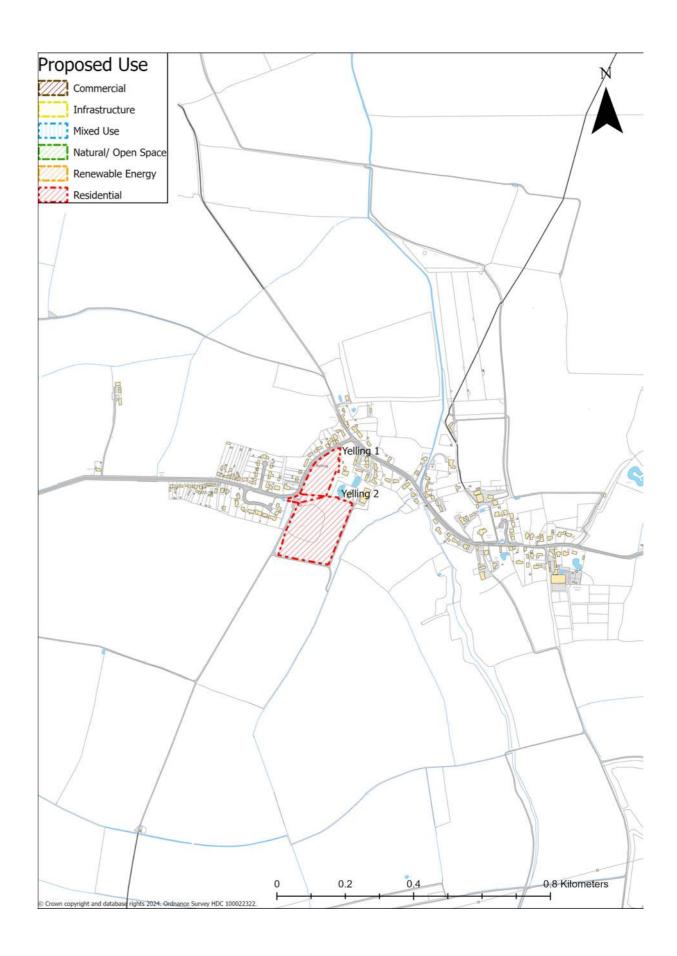
# 8 St Neots

Huntingdonshire District Council | Southern Huntingdonshire Land Availability Assessment

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate	Updates after the Initial Assessment
<ul> <li>38.58ha for green infrastructure, sustainable drainage and accommodation of flood zones.</li> <li>7.43ha for informal open spaces (parks and gardens, natural/semi-natural green space, amenity green space, allotments)</li> <li>99.5ha x 37.9% = 37.73 ha</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>32.85 ha residential development area for a variety of market/affordable homes, self and custom build housing and specialist housing.</li> <li>Mixed densities to reflect a range of densities reflective of large developments.</li> <li>3% of land at very high density 145dph. 0.9855ha x 145dph = 143 homes</li> <li>7% of land at high density 85dph. 2.2995ha x 85dph = 195 homes</li> <li>25% of land at moderate density 50dph. 8.2125ha x 50dph = 411 homes</li> <li>55% of land at low density 35dph. 18.0675 ha x 35dph = 632 homes</li> <li>10% of land at very low density 25dph. 3.285ha x 25dph = 82 homes</li> <li>1,463 total homes</li> <li>Note: this calculation is indicative and may be subject to review if there is further certainty on the prospects of EastWest Rail coming forward, it is not taken into account in the above.</li> </ul>		

# 9 Yelling

- 9.1 A total of 2 sites have been identified/ put forward through the desktop review or Call for Sites process. These are:
  - Yelling : Land West of Manor Farm, Yelling ٠
  - Yelling 2: Land South of Manor Farm, Yelling ٠



# Yelling 9

## 9 Yelling

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9.2 Each site plan shows any constraints that impact the site. These constraints are detailed in the opposite legend.



RoFSW\_Extent\_1in100\_HDC

RoFSW\_Extent\_1in1000\_HDC

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## Hazards and Infrastructure

- Air Quality Management Area
  - Contaminated Land
  - **Overhead Line Towers**
  - **Overhead Line Routes**
- Gas Pipeline
- Gas Pipeline Buffer
- Pipeline (Oil)
- Pipeline (Oil) Buffer
- A428 Notification Area

- Tree Preseveration Order Points
- County Wildlife Lines
  - Bridleway
- Footpath
  - **Restricted Byway**
  - Ancient Woodland
  - Special Area of Conservation (SAC)
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Rivers
  - Cambs Wildlife Sites Areas
  - Special Protection Area
  - National Nature Reserve (NNR)
  - Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)
  - Ramsar
  - Tree Preservation Order Areas

Flood Zone 3a Flood Zone 2

## Yelling 1: Land West of Manor Farm, Yelling

Site reference	Yelling 1
Site name	Land West of Manor Farm, Yelling

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land West of Manor Farm, Yelling	Yelling	1.09

#### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	15 homes and 5 plots	Available 2024 - 2028
Custom and self-build housing Market and/or affordable housing		Build out over 2 years

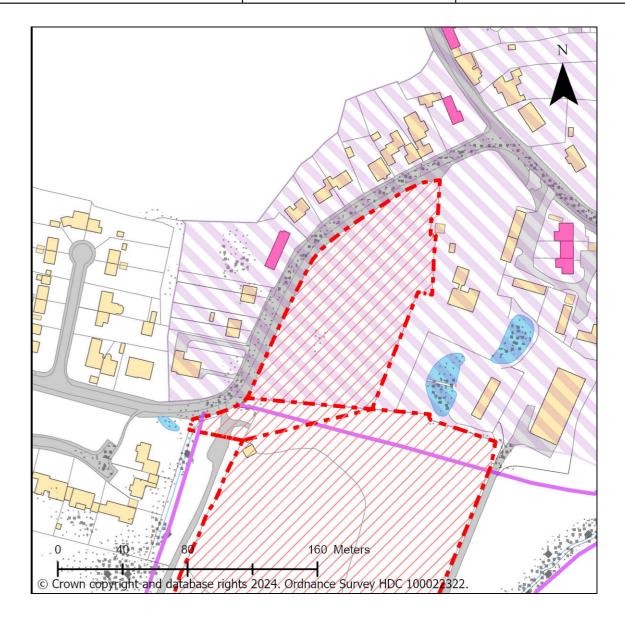
### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:269
Relevant planning history	None
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Paddock land
Supporting information	None

### **Fundamental Constraints**

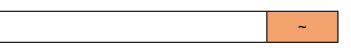
Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



#### Assessment of Site Potential

Context, constraints and potential suitability



The site is wholly in flood zone 1 and is classified as grade 3 agricultural land currently used for pasture with a few individual trees in the southern part. The site is broadly level with a very slight slope to the east as part of the wider topography to its surrounding areas. The northern and western boundaries of the site adjoin High Street with residential properties across the road; the boundaries comprise mature trees and hedges which reduce exposure to the adjoining residential developments. The eastern boundary comprises a variety of hedges, trees and outbuildings associated with Manor Farm. The southern boundary is more distinctive as it is open to the adjoining former cricket club and open field. The landscape impact of development would be limited given the extensive boundary trees and hedging around most of the site. However, the impact from the southern aspect would be noticeable particularly from the public right of way that crosses the south western corner of the site and continues north east of the cricket pitch as a clear view over the site can be obtained from the path and the cricket pitch. Substantial planting would be needed to screen development from the southern aspect.

There are no known pollution or contamination constraints affecting the site. No gas or oil pipeline infrastructure affects the site. Although the site is within the Yelling conservation area, it contains no listed buildings or other known heritage assets. There are no designated nature conservation assets within the site nor are any of the trees on site designated with tree protection orders. The site has a field access from the High Street shared with the former cricket pitch and field (Yelling 2). It would be necessary to enhance this access to facilitate development.

The site is wholly greenfield land so would not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. It is beyond the 400m buffer around a water recycling site and does not include a mineral safeguarding area.

#### **Availability**

The site is owned and controlled by a single individual/company who supports its development. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. There are no current uses to be relocated. The promoter suggests the land would be available 2024-2028 and anticipates seeking allocation status then selling the site to a third party for development. Given the timescales anticipated to achieve the desired allocation availability post 2028 is more realistic.

#### Achievability

All main services are accessible from the site boundary except for gas supply. The site comprises broadly level ground and there are no known topological challenges. No oil or gas pipeline infrastructure crosses the site, and no overhead power lines are present. The site has an existing field access from the High Street although this crosses a public right of way which would need to be retained. It is approximately 1.9kms west of the B1040.

There are no built structures on the site that require clea residential development of 15 homes with a small propo although there is no certainty over how these would be

#### **Deliverability / developability**

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. The area means that any future development will need to be character and appearance of the conservation area and proposed development is contrary to current adopted p would be necessary to support its development. The sit developable.

Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Has limited accessibility to shops, primary education, local leisure and community facilities • Has limited public transport access and access to employment opportunities •
- Reasonable connectivity to the strategic road network
- Small scale development could be integrated into the existing place and community •
- Is within the Yelling conservation area and the setting of a grade 2 listed building •

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

- May be appropriate for built development •
- Would contribute to the housing needs of the district •
- Would need to be sensitive to its impact on the character and appearance of the conservation area and the setting of a listed building.

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Gross site area of 1.09 ha	Residential use - market and/ or affordable housing	Available post 2028

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arance. The site promoter suggests ortion of custom and self build plots e secured.	
e site being within the conservation be sensitive to its impact on the nd nearby listed buildings. The planning policy so allocation status ite is therefore categorised as	~

e? Yes
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HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
80% net developable area to allow for adequate of landscaping	Custom and self-build housing	Build out over 2 years
1.09 ha x 80% = n <b>et developable area</b> of <b>0.87 ha</b>	Very low density of 25 dph anticipated due to the edge of village location.	
	Capacity = 25 x 0.87 = 21 homes/plots	

Updates after the Initial Assessment

# Yelling 9

## Yelling 2: Land South of Manor Farm, Yelling

Site reference	Yelling 2
Site name	Land South of Manor Farm, Yelling

Site address	Parish(es)	Site area (ha)
Land South of Manor Farm, Yelling	Yelling	3.01

#### **Promoter's Intentions**

Promoter's anticipated uses	Promoter's capacity	Promoter's delivery expectations
Residential:	40 homes and 5 plots	Available 2024 - 2028
Custom and self-build housing Market and/or affordable housing		Build out over 2 years

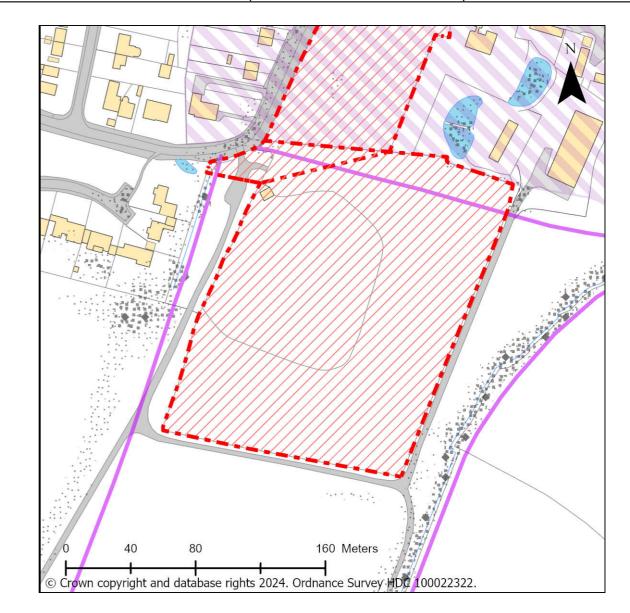
#### Core information

How was the site identified?	Call for sites 2023 submission: site reference – CfS:274
Relevant planning history	None
Land type	Wholly greenfield land
Current use of the site	Other (vacant grassland and former cricket club)
Supporting information	None

#### **Fundamental Constraints**

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Agricultural land grade 1	None	Pass
Flood zone 3b	None	Pass
Designated local green space	None	Pass

Fundamental constraints	Status	Outcome
Nature conservation designation	None	Pass
Within mineral development area or water recycling area	None	Pass
Site over 0.25 ha or large enough for at least 5 homes	Yes	Pass



## Assessment of Site Potential

Context, constraints and potential suitability



The site is wholly in flood zone 1 and is classified as grade 3 agricultural land. It contains an area formerly used for the Cricket Club with a small clubhouse building. The site is relatively flat with a very slight slope downwards to the east contiguous with the topography of the wider area. The western boundary comprises mature trees and hedging separating the site from a track and public footpath which sit between the site and the rear gardens of three houses on High Street to the northern half and open countryside on the southern half. The southern boundary comprises a less dense hedgerow and intermittent trees again adjoining a track separating the site from the open countryside. The planting reduces exposure to the adjoining residential development to the west and the open countryside to the south. The northern boundary is open to the adjoining paddock with land and outbuildings associated with Manor Farm on the north eastern corner. The eastern boundary is entirely open to a farm track with open countryside beyond with limited screening from trees and shrubs along a nearby drainage ditch. Development of the site would be visible from northern and eastern boundaries and a strong landscaping buffer would be required to mitigate impact on the adjoining countryside to the east and paddock land to the north and the existing southern boundary planting would need reinforcing. The landscape impact of development on the site would be quite high given its limited boundary screening and relationship with the open countryside.

There are no known pollution or contamination constraints affecting the site. No gas or oil pipeline infrastructure affects the site. Although the site lies next to the Yelling conservation area, it contains no listed buildings or other known heritage assets. There are no designated nature conservation assets within the site and no tree preservation orders. The site has a field access from the High Street shared with the land to the north (Yelling 1). It would be necessary to enhance this access to facilitate development.

The site is wholly greenfield land so would not contribute to reuse of previously developed land or regeneration. It is beyond the 400m buffer around a water recycling site and does not include a mineral safeguarding area.

#### **Availability**

The site is owned and controlled by a single individual/company who supports its development. There are no known legal restrictions affecting the site. Part of the site was used as a cricket ground but the Cricket Club ceased playing in 2021. The promoter suggests the land would be available 2024 - 2028 and seeks to obtain an allocation before selling the site to a third party for development.

#### Achievability

The site promoter states that all main services are accessible from the site boundary except for a gas supply. The site comprises broadly level ground and there are no known topographical challenges. No oil or gas pipeline infrastructure crosses the site, and no overhead power lines are present. The site can be accessed from a track road that connects to High Street although it would require significant upgr 2kms from the B1040 to the east. The site is a disused clubhouse on it that would require clearance. The site p with a small proportion of custom and self build plots al how these would be secured.

#### Deliverability / developability

There are no known legal or ownership constraints. Fut sensitive to the setting of the conservation area adjoining development is contrary to current adopted planning po necessary to support its development. The site is there

Progression of Site through to Sustainability Appraisal

Should the site progress to the sustainability stage

Impact of the Sustainability Appraisal on the assessment

The Sustainability Appraisal has identified the following key issues and opportunities in bringing forward this site:

- Has limited accessibility to shops, primary education, local leisure and community facilities • Has limited public transport access and limited access to employment opportunities • Intensification of use of the field access which connects the site to the highway network may •
- not be ideal and would require further scoping
- •
- Small scale development could be integrated into the existing place and community • Is adjacent to the Yelling conservation area and the setting of a grade 2 listed building

In combination the outcomes of the LAA and SA indicate that the site:

Is inappropriate for a built development as it would not reflect the character of Yelling and would • be of a scale inappropriate to the village.

#### **HDC's Delivery Calculations**

HDC's net developable area calculation	HDC's anticipated uses and capacity	HDC's delivery estimate
Capacity calculation not undertaken as site is inappropriate for development.	N/A	N/A

Updates after the Initial Assessment

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rading. It is located approximately cricket ground and has a small promoter suggests residential use Ithough there is no certainty over	
ture development will need to be g the site to the north. The proposed blicy so allocation status would be fore categorised as developable.	ł

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# 9 Yelling

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